

BAY STATE PEOPLE
PREPARE PROGRAMS
FOR PATRIOT'S DAY

Chief Celebrations Tomorrow
Will Take Place at Lex-
ington and Concord, With
Governor as Guest.

OPEN SPORT SEASON

Marathon From Ashland and
Military March to Lowell
Are Scheduled—Daughters
of Revolution to Meet.

April 19, Patriots day is Massachu-
setts' own holiday. Throughout the
state all business which can be suspended
without interfering with public neces-
sity will cease.

Established to commemorate the stir-
ring events of April 19, 1775, when the
British soldiers marched on Lexington
and Concord, marking the active begin-
ning of the revolutionary war, it is
naturally about the towns of Concord
and Lexington that most interest of a
historical nature centers.

The social organizations of the two
towns will keep open house, as usual,
and the inhabitants will be kept busy
answering questions of the large number
of visitors that take the opportunity of
the holiday to visit scores of places of
historical interest along the route of the
famous march and the retreat of the
troops under General Gage.

One of the chief features of the day
around Boston will be the Boston
Athletic Association's fourteenth annual
marathon race over the Ashland-Boston
course. This event is considered the
leading long distance amateur race of
the country. It is probable that a large
concourse of people will witness the
finish of this hard contested 25-mile
run.

Brookton will witness the opening of
the sixty-first hand fire engine muster
season. The opening muster will be
held at Highland park tomorrow, and in-
stead of gate fees each contesting organ-
ization will contribute \$25 to a general
fund, the prizes being 40, 30, 20 and 10
per cent of this fund.

Patriots day is a successor to the old
New England holiday or Fast day, which
was established in commemoration of
the early observance of the Pilgrim Fathers.

Owing to the fact that the day has
come more and more in recent years to
be considered the opening day of the out-
door season, the beginning of the golf-
ing, bicycle, tennis and baseball season,
it was thought by many that the shift-
ing of the holiday from Fast day to
Patriots day would be an advantage.

Patriots day is also noted as an occa-

(Continued on Page Five, Column One.)

AMERICAN LINER
ASHORE IN A FOG

Most of the 64 Passengers
Aboard the Minnehaha Are
New Yorkers and All Are
Reported Safe.

LONDON—The Atlantic transport
liner Minnehaha, which grounded in a
dense fog near Bishop's Rock, in the
Scilly islands, at 2 o'clock this morn-
ing, is rapidly sinking. She has 12 feet
of water forward. A score of tugs are
rushing to her rescue from Falmouth.

The 64 passengers aboard the Minne-
haha were landed safely at Iryther island.
Efforts are now being made to save the
cargo. A large shipment of cattle was
landed at Sampson's island.

Captain Layland and the officers went
among the passengers after the boat had
struck, assuring them that there
was no immediate danger. The officers
were themselves so cool that the pas-
sengers accepted their word and returned
to their staterooms and dressed. In the
meantime the lifeboats were launched
and the passengers were taken ashore.

Lloyds say that it may be possible
to save the Minnehaha. They are in con-
stant communication with the Minnehaha
by wireless.

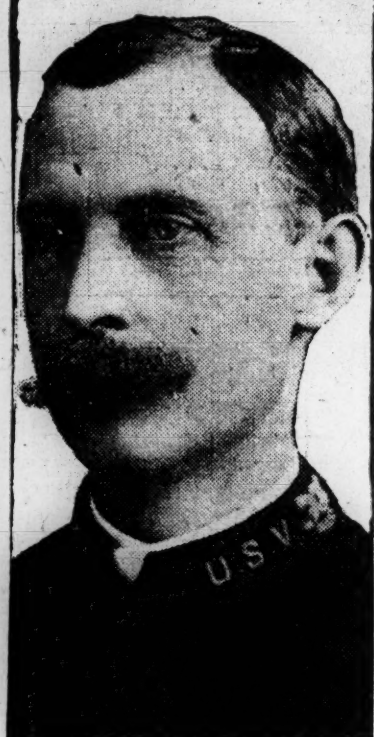
The passengers will be brought to
London as soon as possible and sent to
Pensance. Captain Layland and the crew
are remaining by the boat.

NEW YORK—Cablegrams received at
the New York offices of the Atlantic
Transport line today stated that the hole
in the bow of the Minnehaha was not
sufficiently large to permanently disable
the ship and that unless the sea which
is now running rather higher becomes a
more serious menace, the boat will be
floated at high tide. The officials of the
company say that the vessel was pro-
ceeding at low speed when she struck.
Most of the passengers were New York-
ers, the others including Edward W.
Beach, Newport, R. I., Miss Sarah Beach,
Waterbury, Conn., Miss Mary Gregory,
Boston, and Miss Mary H. Ladd of Bos-
ton.

Leaders in Big Militia March



(Photo by Chickering.)
CAPT. WILLIAM H. DOLAN.
Officer of sixth regiment, who will assist
Colonel Lombard, judge of march
to Lowell.



(Photo by Chickering.)
MAJ. GEORGE F. QUINBY.
Coast artillery corps officer, who will
assist Colonel Lombard, judge of
march by militiamen.

PAUL REVERE'S FAMOUS RIDE
IS RECALLED BY ANNIVERSARY

Revolutionary Hero Warned Patriots Against the British
135 Years Ago Tonight—Descendants in Boston to
Celebrate Event in a Quiet Manner.

The famous ride of Paul Revere took
place 135 years ago tonight, and descend-
ants of the man who has figured so pic-
turesquely in the chronicles of revolu-
tionary times will celebrate the occasion
in a quiet way, just as they have done
for years.

Longfellow's poem of the ride is ac-
cepted as true by the descendants of the
skilful engraver and silversmith, who,
at a signal from the tower of the Old
North church, galloped through the towns
from Boston to Lexington rousing the
patriots to arms against the British.

Among the Boston direct descendants

of Paul Revere is Edward H. Revere
of the firm of W. O. Gay & Co., brokers,
who lives at the home of his mother, Mrs.
John Revere, in Canton, and is a great
grandson of the hero. Mr. Revere will
celebrate the anniversary of the day
which brought fame to his ancestor, not
by riding a horse, but by a journey in a
motor car.

Pauline Revere, a great granddaughter
of Paul Revere, is known to Bostonians
as Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer. Her father
was Paul Revere, and he was an officer
in the twentieth Massachusetts regiment.
Mrs. Thayer will observe the event to-
night quietly at her home.

SUFFRAGISTS VISIT CAPITOL;
PRESIDENT WELCOMES D. A. R.

"Votes for Women" Petitions With Half a Million Sig-
natures Presented Today—Mr. Taft Avoids Ques-
tion at Convention of Patriotic Society.

WASHINGTON—Armed with petitions
bearing half a million signatures, asking
"votes for women," the suffragists in na-
tional convention here, moved on the
Capitol today. Fifty-four automobiles,
decorated with flags and banners, bore
the delegations of the various states in a
parade through the streets, preparatory
to the visit to Congress.

It was announced that 32 senators and
26 representatives had agreed to join in
the presentation of the petition which
demands a constitutional amendment
granting equal suffrage.

Senator Lodge at 2 p. m. presented
in the Senate the petition signed by
citizens of Massachusetts praying for
the enactment of an amendment to the
constitution giving women the right of
suffrage. He announced that it was
presented in that body in addition to a
like petition signed by 33,000 citizens
of the state, which had been presented
in the House.

NEPONSET TO GET
NEW PIANO PLANT

Plans for what is said will be one of
the finest piano manufacturing plants in
the world have been drawn for the Al-
let & Davis Piano Company, the factory
to be built immediately on the banks
of the Neponset river at Neponset.

The first of two large buildings, which
will be constructed by the J. Fred Lines
Company of Meriden, Conn., will cost
\$250,000, and when the second building
is completed and both have been fur-
nished and equipped, the outlay will
have been more than \$600,000, according
to present plans. More than 600 men
will be employed.

CHARLESTOWN "L" CHANGES.
Changes are under way at the Thomp-
son square station of the elevated rail-
way in Charlestown which will permit
the extension of the platform from that
square to Union street. This is for the
purpose of accommodating the long trains
which also necessitated the changes at
City square some time ago.

BEVERLY BATHMASTER RESIGNS.
BEVERLY, Mass.—George W. Wood-
bury, superintendent of the municipal
bathing houses at Oceanside park ever
since it was opened to the public, has
tendered his resignation to the park com-
missioners.

LACKAWANNA MISSES STRIKE.
SCRANTON, Pa.—More than 3500 em-
ployees of the Lackawanna railroad were
ordered by their brotherhood leaders to
strike at 11:45 Sunday night, but peace
was restored at the last moment and the
strike order was rescinded.

CHANGSHA SITUATION
QUIET TODAY ASSERT
BRITISH DESPATCHES

Advices to Foreign Office In-
dicate, However, That the
Cessation of Rioting Is
Only Temporary.

TROOPS BEING SENT

LONDON—The situation in Changsha
and the Hunan province is much quieter
today, according to despatches from
Hankow to Reuters News Agency.

Advices to the foreign office also re-
port a cessation of rioting, but indicate
that the improvement is but temporary
and that another general outbreak is
expected.

PEKING—The traitorous soldiers who
joined the rioters at Changsha and per-
mitted the burning of all the foreign
buildings in the city have been sup-
planted by other troops, rushed to the
scene from Hankow and other nearby
cities.

If these troops remain loyal the govern-
ment believes that the worst of the
uprising is over but there is the gravest
fear that they will follow the example
of the others and join in the anti-foreign
movement.

The report that three American mis-
sionaries were drowned while seeking
escape in a skiff has not been confirmed.
The report is discredited as earlier de-
spatches said that all Americans had
taken refuge in Hankow.

The English foreign office has notified
the government that it will hold China
responsible for a continuation of the
Changsha trouble and this will prob-
ably lead China to redoubled efforts to
suppress the uprising.

LONDON—The Times' Shanghai cor-
respondent, in his despatch on the Chang-
sha riots, says: "The American missionaries are
missing. Their fate is unknown."

HANKOW, China—The viceroy of
Hupei has sent 2000 soldiers to Chang-
sha, and a further large detachment will
be despatched to that district today.
Small riots have occurred here, and a
strike has been declared at the tea manu-
factories.

SHANGHAI—The British consul at
Changsha has taken up quarters on a
steamer which is anchored about a mile
from the town. The British gunboat
Thistle is at Yuchow, having failed to
reach Changsha on account of shallow
water. She will make another attempt
to get to that port today.

REACTIONARY IS HIT
BY EX-PRESIDENT IN
BUDAPEST SPEECH

BUDAPEST—In a speech in the
Hungarian Parliament today Theodore
Roosevelt took a slap at political re-
actionaries who sneer at all efforts at
progress.

He declared that the reactionary spirit
is encountered in legislative halls the
world over and cited the opposition he
encountered while President of the United
States to secure "justice tempered with
kindness, common honesty in business
and politics and the social progress of
the nation."

He made no mention of present polit-
ical conditions in America.

He was enthusiastically received by
Parliament, which suspended all busi-
ness for the day in his honor.

Mr. Roosevelt began a repetition of the
round of calls that has occupied a great
portion of his European trip at 10:30
o'clock today, at which hour he called on
Archduke Joseph.

Later he paid his respects to Count

(Continued on Page Five, Column Four.)

"DR. COOK REACHED THE POLE,"
SAYS ADMIRAL SCHLEY TODAY

WASHINGTON—Dr. Frederick A. Cook
still has one firm supporter in the person
of Rear Admiral Schley.

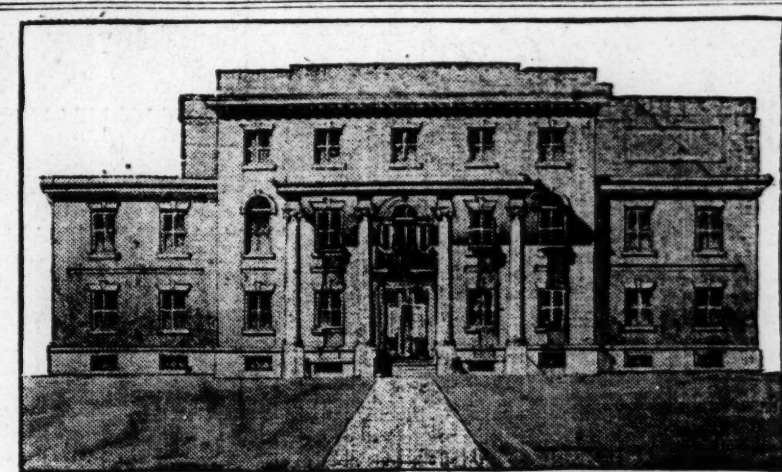
"When after painstaking study I have
reached a conclusion, it takes more than
an archimedean lever to move me. It
was in that way that I studied the
claims of Dr. Cook and I have not
changed and see no reason to change my
belief that he really reached the north
pole."

In this fashion Admiral Schley today
disposed of a rumor that he too had
abandoned Dr. Cook.

"It is my belief," he continued, "that
both Dr. Cook and Commander Peary
reached the pole, and I think the best
witness Dr. Cook has of the truth of his
story is Commander Peary himself. I
cannot see how any impartial man can
compare the accounts of the two men
without coming to the conclusion that

Masons Plan New Cambridge Temple

Brick building to cost about \$60,000.



PROPOSED NEW MASONIC TEMPLE FOR CAMBRIDGE.
Handsome building to be erected this summer will provide accommodations for
all the Masonic organizations in the University city.

THE Freemasons of Cambridge are to
have a fine new building to be de-
voted entirely to Masonic purposes. It
will be located between the Universalist
church and the North Cambridge Savings
Bank on Massachusetts avenue, just
above Porters station. These new quar-
ters will meet a long-felt need, as the
Masons of Cambridge have used Odd
Fellows hall in North Cambridge for a
number of years.

The new building is to be of brick
with limestone trimmings, colonial in
style and ample for all needs. The
architect is F. B. Furbish. The name
of the architect was not known to the
committee until after the choice of plans
had been made. The building will cost
\$60,000, exclusive of furnishings.

The question of such a building has
been under consideration for a number
of years. Amicable, Mizpah and Mt.
Olivet lodges, Cambridge Royal Arch
chapter, and Cambridge commandery, K.
T., are concerned in the project. The
land is paid for, and a substantial sum
has been raised toward the building.
The committee in charge expect to se-
cure bids on construction soon, so that
the work may be pressed forward with-
out delay.

The building will have a frontage on
the avenue of 105 feet with a depth of
82 feet, and a height of 44 feet above
the sidewalk. The colonial type will be
adhered to and will include a front
porch 36x7 feet supported by five lime-
stone ionic columns. The construction
will be of water-struck brick with lime-
stone trimmings. Provision has been
made for future additions on the north
side and to the third story of this
building.

On entering the vestibule entrance a
short flight of stairs leads to the base-

ment that will include an entrance hall-
way 19x34 feet, with doors leading to
the banquet hall, 47x86 feet and 19 feet
high, a stage 20x40 with three dress-
ing rooms, one side supper room 28x30,
kitchen 20x30, serving room, boiler room
and four toilets. There will also be an
entrance on each side of the building.

On the first floor the vestibule en-
trance will open into a hall 19x34 feet.
On the right will be the armory 22x43,
with a capacity for 450 regalia; a cloak
room 10½x22, and a check room 6x27.
One the opposite side will be the ladies'
parlor 20x23 feet, having a corner fire-
place. Connected with the parlor is a
dressing room and a toilet. This floor
also has a small lodge room 20x30 feet.

On the second floor will be found the
main lodge room, 48x64 feet, 23 feet high,
with a cove ceiling. This room will have
three rows of permanent seats with a
capacity of 300, while 100 more can be
seated in temporary chairs. Provision
has been made for a large organ. Near
by is the prelate's room, 23x39 feet, fitted
for lodge room work. Not least in the
establishment will be a luncheon room
23x25 feet, with a cosy "inglenook"
6x13, with a fireplace. This floor will
also have officers' paraphernalia rooms,
and two toilets. There is a 10x11 foot
alcove with an outlook into the front
porch.

On the third or top floor will be the
corporation directors' room, 19x24 feet,
with a fireplace; a committee room,
17x21, sodality room 12½x19, and a coat
room 8x13.

It is hoped to lay the cornerstone on
St. John's day, June 4.

The building committee comprises
Charles O. Welsh, chairman, Walter C.
Cardwell, Harry E. Mason, Clarence M.
Howitt, F. L. Sawtelle and Charles H.
Ackers.

HEARING DUE ON WEDNESDAY
FOR CHARLES RIVER BRIDGES

New Haven and Boston & Maine Railroad Officials to
Meet Privately With Government Engineers Who
Will Later Send a Report to Congress.

A private hearing will be given Wednes-
day morning by the board of army
engineers, appointed by Congress to make
a report on the raising and moderniz-
ing of bridges over the Charles river, in
use by the New York, New Haven &
Hartford railroad and the Boston &
Maine. The hearing will take place in
the office of Lieut.-Col. Edward Burr to
decide definitely upon the report which
the board shall make to Congress.

At this meeting the Boston & Maine
will be represented by President Tuttle
and Chief Engineer Snow, and the New
Haven by President Mollen and Chief
Engineer Wheeler. The work already
done by the roads, and their intentions,
will be investigated, as a basis of the
report. Officials in touch with the situa-
tion say that the war department has
been annoyed by the continued delays
on the part of the railroad companies,
and that this hearing will be positively
the last given by the board.

The bridge changes must be made be-
fore Dec. 31, 1914, under an act of

Congress, but the numerous delays have
resulted in Congress taking prompt ac-
tion, and ordering the board to reas-
semble and report at once. The members
of the board are: President, Daniel W.
Lockwood, U. S. A., retired, of New
York; Lieut.-Col. Edward Burr of Bos-
ton; Lieut.-Col. Harry Taylor of New
London, Conn., and First Lieut. U. S.
Grant 3d, Washington.

MR. TAFT IS MUM
ON SECOND TERM

WASHINGTON—President Taft, de-
spite his declaration on Saturday night
that "one term in the White House is
enough" for him, is not reiterating the
statement today. As interpreted at the
White House, his remarks were not in-
tended to convey the impression that he
had "eliminated himself as a candidate."

They were simply an intimation, it is
said, that Mr. Taft has enough to do at
present with the "first term" without
exerting himself in an effort to secure re-
election.

The statement, though made in a
jesting manner, received serious consid-
eration.

MR. DRAPER DUE
AT WORCESTER

Governor Eben S. Draper will be the
principal speaker at the annual banquet
of the Worcester County Republican
Club, to be held this evening in Associa-
tion hall, Y. M. C. A. building, Worces-
ter.

The Governor will leave Boston at 5
p. m. today, arriving in Worcester at
6:05 p. m. He will be accompanied by
Speaker of the House Joseph Walker.

ADJOURN "ZOO" FUND HEARING.

The special meeting of the city council
called by Mayor Fitzgerald today for
the appropriation of \$10,000 from the
Parkman fund for the investigation pre-
paratory to establishing a "zoo" and
an aquarium in Boston was adjourned
today owing to a quorum not being pres-
ent. President Ballantyne and Council-
man Brand were the only two present,
and the appropriation was held over
until next Monday.

BOSTON COMMERCE
CHAMBER DECLARES
FUTURE IS BRIGHTER

Annual Statistical Report
Just Issued Today Predicts
Great Advance Commer-
cially for the City.

BUSINESS PICKS UP

Points Out the Increases and
Growth During the Past
Twelve Months in All
Branches of Trade.

The annual statistical report for the
year 1909, issued today by the Chamber
of Commerce, indicates "a bright future
for Boston, and a great advance com-
mercially and financially for the current
year over the past 12 months." Every
indication, points out the report, shows
this to be the fact.

It makes point of the fact that the
report of the bureau of statistics to the
department of commerce and labor at
Washington, submitted recently, placed
Boston second in importance, based on
the amount of its import and export
business, among the ports of the United
States, and sees in this the advance of
the Bay state capital striding on to
far better things in the world of com-
merce.

Following is a comparative table show-
ing the total imports and exports of the
principal ports of the United States for
the 12 months ending Dec. 31, 1908 and
1909:

Port.	1908.	1909.	% inc.
New York...	\$1,287,907,942	\$1,719,367,445	18.0
Boston	173,475,517	199,008,548	15.2
New Orleans...	193,111,181	200,429,077	3.8
Galveston	206,324,130	185,180,517	*10.7
Philadelphia...	163,212,072	158,653,738	3.3
Baltimore	106,835,541	106,914,818	1.1
San Francisco...	75,393,492	82,508,000	9.2
Fugate sound...	55,425,914	55,129,768	*7.2

*Decrease.

"The farmers," says the report, "ex-
perienced the most prosperous year of
their history, the leading industries
showed great expansion, the building
trades had an active year, securities in
the stock market reached new records,
and the railroads, which furnished a good
index of general trade conditions, began
to show signs of expanding during the
next few years large amounts of money
for improvements and extensions."

"A matter of grave concern has been a
steady increase in prices, which, while
resulting in record crop values, both re-
duced the margin of profits, and laid



JAMES A. MCKIBBEN.
Secretary of Chamber of Commerce, in
whose office statistical report for
1909 was prepared.

heavy burdens upon the consumer. At
the end of the year its nation-wide effect
was shown in the rapid spread of agita-
tion for lower prices and the demand for
federal, state and private investigations
of the high cost of living.

Without reference to the merits of the
revision of the tariff, it may be said that
that rude process, always so disturbing
to the delicate economic balance of the
nation, was effected with less detriment
to industry and trade than might have
been expected. The uncertainty was over
by the first of August, in time for the
normal extension in business due to the
fall trade. Securities then reached a re-
cord for the past two years, labor found
more and better employment, and the
(Continued on Page Five, Column Three.)

OPENING GAME
IS POSTPONED

The opening of the American league
baseball season in this city, scheduled
for 3 o'clock this afternoon, has been
postponed until tomorrow. Boston and
Washington will be the contesting teams
and the game will be called on the Hun-
tington avenue grounds at 10 a. m.

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If you are looking for employment, or for an employee
The Monitor offers you an opportunity to supply your need without the expense of advertising.

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CITY.....

STREET.....

STATE.....

CUT ALONG THIS LINE.

Write your advertisement on this blank and mail direct to The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass.

The Christian Science Monitor is read in every city in America.

News of the World Told by Cable and Correspondence

MR. O'BRIEN FORCES LEADERS OF IRISH PARTY INTO ACTION

Mr. Redmond Would Give Government Support Necessary to Pass Budget, if Allowed to Do So—Want Dissolution to Come Over Veto Resolutions

(Special to The Monitor.)
DUBLIN—Mr. O'Brien has engaged in the campaign in support of his new league with all his accustomed energy, and as a natural effect he has forced the leaders of the official party into also taking the field. For the moment the battle rages round the question of the attitude of the Irish members toward the budget. Mr. Redmond would apparently not be averse from giving the government his support in order to pass the budget, or would at least be willing to abstain, if it were not for the attitude of Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Healy. He would probably satisfy himself that the budget in its present shape would only cover a year, and that the government in return would provide guarantees for the passage of a home rule bill. Mr. O'Brien insists that the proverbial bird in the hand is worth any number in the bush. He would argue that on no account should the budget be allowed to pass in its present form, in return for promises of home rule which, inasmuch as they would be dependent on future general elections, would necessarily be of the most shadowy description.

In a speech just delivered at Millstreet he has claimed that the action of the Independent party has made it impossible for the government to pass the budget, with Mr. Redmond's support, in its present form, and so has saved Ireland a vast load of taxation. The reply of Mr. Redmond and Dr. Dillon is quite as emphatic as Mr. O'Brien's attack. It consists in a flat contradiction of most of the latter's statements. They are, however, apparently unable to deny that the chancellor of the exchequer sent for the two leaders of the Independent party in order to learn direct from their opinion, the country would labor if the budget were passed in its present form, and also that they refused to recognize the Independent leaders to the extent of making a joint representation to the treasury. Unless their terms are agreed to the Independent leaders will carry their party into the Opposition lobby when the budget comes before the House for discussion, and there seems little doubt that their action will be approved of in Ireland.

It is of course possible that another way may be found out of the difficulty. The idea is gaining ground that the government and the official Nationalist party are maneuvering to force a dissolution over the veto resolution, before the budget can come before the House. If this could be brought about Mr. Redmond's position would be saved, and he could give the whole-hearted support of his party to the government on the veto resolutions without compromising himself on the budget.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON.
AMERICAN MUSIC HALL—Vaudeville. CASTLE SQUARE—"The Prisoner of Zenda."
COLONIAL—"The Third Degree."
GLOBE—"Superbia."
HOLLY STREET—"The Prima Donna."
KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC—"The White Sister."
TARKS—"The Man From Home."
SHUBERT—New Theater company in repertoire.
Monday evening, "The School for Scandal."
Tuesday afternoon and evening, "Strife."
Wednesday afternoon and evening, double bill, "Stirring Beatrice" and "Don."
Thursday evening, "The School for Scandal."
Friday evening, "The School for Scandal."
Saturday afternoon, "Twelfth Night."
Saturday evening, "The Winter's Tale."
TREMONT—"The Man Who Owns Broadway."

Boston Opera House.
Every evening at 8 o'clock, Wednesday and Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Week of April 18-23—"Il Trovatore," in English. Italian Opera Company.
Boston Concerts.
TUESDAY—Jordan hall, 8:15 p. m., second concert, Boston Orchestral Club.
THURSDAY—St. Peter hall, 3 p. m., song recital, Mr. and Mrs. Gaines.
FRIDAY—Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., twenty-third annual concert, Boston Symphony orchestra.
SATURDAY—Symphony hall, 8 p. m., twenty-third concert, Boston Symphony orchestra.
SUNDAY—Symphony hall, 7:30 p. m., concert by the People's Choral Union.

NEW YORK.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Miss Olga Netherland in repertoire.
AMERICAN—Vaudeville.
ASTOR—"Seven Days."
BELASCO—"The Call of the Cricket."
ELGIN—"The Jolly Bachelors."
BROADWAY—"The Chocolate Soldier."
CANTO—"The Chocolate Soldier."
COMEDY—"A Man's World."
CRITERION—"The Bachelor's Baby."
DAILY—"The Whirlwind."
EMPIRE—"Mid-Channel."
GALLERY—"The Fortune Hunter."
GARRICK—"Father and the Boys."
GLOBE—"The Old Town."
GRAND NATIONAL—"Is Matrimony a Failure?"
HACKETT—"Molly May."
HAMBURG—"The Yankee Girl."
HERALD SQUARE—"The Yankee Girl."
HIPPODROME—"Spectacles."
Hudson—"The Soudthrift."
IRVING PLACE—Dramas and operettas in German.
KEITH & PROCTOR'S, Fifth avenue—Vaudeville.
KNICKERBOCKER—"The Dollar Princess."
LIBERTY—"The Arcadians."
LYCEUM—"Double bill, 'Hannele' and 'The Green Cockatoo.'"
LYRIC—"The City."
NEW AMERICAN—"Madame X."
NEW THEATRE—"Beethoven."
NEW YORK—"A Skylark."
PLAZA—"The Lily."
STUYVESANT—"The Lily."
WALLACKS—"The Fighting Hope."
WEST END—"The Fighting Hope."

CHICAGO.
AMERICAN—Vaudeville.
AUDITORIUM—Metropolitan company in grand opera.
Monday evening, "Metastaser."
Tuesday evening, "Madame Butterfly."
Wednesday afternoon, "Faust."
Wednesday evening, "Maestro De Capella" and "Don Pasquale."
THURSDAY—Vaudeville.
CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE—"Alma Woeboden Du."
CHICAGO—"A Certain Sherry."
GARRICK—"A Certain Party."
GRAND OPERA HOUSE—"Mother."
HOLLY—"The Harvest Moon."
ILLINOIS—"Her Husband's Wife."
LYRIC—"The Beauty Spot."
MAJESTIC—"The Beauty Spot."
MAYVICK—"The Beauty Spot."
OLYMPIC—"The Beauty Spot."
POWER—"The Beauty Spot."
STUBBART—"The Beauty Spot."
WHITE—"The Beauty Spot."
ZEIGFELD—"The Beauty Spot."

King's Visit to Constantinople



ARRIVAL OF KING IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

Servian ruler is the small central figure in a white cap with cockade.

(Special Correspondence of The Monitor.)
CONSTANTINOPLE—King Peter of Serbia has left Constantinople. In connection with the visit, which has just been concluded, the following semi-official joint communiqué has been issued: While carrying away from Constantinople the souvenir of a cordial welcome, his majesty the King and the Servian statesmen leave behind impressions of which the ensemble will have a happy influence on the relations between the two countries. The direct contact between the two rulers and the exchange of views on the economic interests of both countries have established that they are animated by an equal desire for the development of the general prosperity of their empire and kingdom under the beneficent influence of a frankly pacific policy and by marked sentiments of mutual friendship.

IMMIGRATION RECORDS ARE BEING BROKEN IN CANADA

(Special to The Monitor.)
OTTAWA, Ont.—According to the report of Canadian government officials, both the "quantity and quality" of the immigrants now trekking into the Dominion are beyond any former year's record. Fully 100,000 newcomers are expected from Great Britain during the spring weeks, 71,000 of whom have already arrived; and another 3000 have come in from European countries.

From the United States 150,000 are expected to follow the lead of last year's 96,813, who have settled chiefly in the prairie country.

A thousand Scotch farmers are this week making their way into the same district, having come over on the Pretorian from Glasgow, which reached Halifax last week. Of her 1100 passengers only 100 will remain in the older province of Ontario, the rest are headed for the farm lands.

Twelve hundred Britishers are now nearing port on the Lake Erie and the Mount Royal will follow her closely with all available space filled.

It is now reported that 50 families from the state of Maine are starting for the Shellbrook district in Saskatchewan, beyond the town of Prince Albert.

The influx from the United States was so great during the middle of last week that it was difficult to handle the traffic at Port of Call, the boundary between North Dakota and Saskatchewan, the rush being due to the early spring which this year has enabled the seeding to be done from four to six weeks earlier than ever before.

Many of those "from across the line" are making their way to Alberta. The

reason for this has been attributed to the system of taxation under which that province has begun its history. "Improvements" are taxed lightly, if at all, and the land in proportion to its market value, owners of idle property being assessed practically on an equality with those who improve their holdings. British Columbia has this year introduced the same system and reports it working successfully. Therefore the immigrants in favor of this method and finding excellent land in these provinces are naturally attracted there.

Knowing the climate, the best methods of working the land, and the type of the difficulties to be surmounted, the United States settlers are "making good" very rapidly, and as yet their number does not come up to the number of Canadians in the States. According to Dr. Neil McPhatter (president of New York's Canadian club), "there are 5,000,000 Canadians in the United States—the very flower of the country, too," and he considers it not improbable that a great "home-coming" may take place before long, influenced by the Canadian's love of British institutions, together with the effect of the recently accreted imperial sentiment.

In the Canadian West last year 7,000,000 acres were seeded with wheat which yielded about 145,000,000 bushels; this year it is estimated that 10,000,000 acres will be seeded and that the yield will be 175,000,000 bushels.

The total production of cereals was 225,000,000 bushels throughout the whole Dominion, but the eastern and middle provinces are not expected to make the same increase in a year as does the prairie country.

TWO GREEK PARTIES COMBINE AND MAY CONTROL ASSEMBLY

(Special to The Monitor.)
ATHENS—Considerable interest has been aroused in the political world by a report which has been circulated to the effect that the two political parties have arranged to cooperate in the elections to the National Assembly. Indeed, it has been stated that the leaders have come to an arrangement whereby each party will hold office alternately for two years. This has been denied. In the event of the two parties combining, as is reported, they will, in all probability,

obtain the vast majority of the seats in the Assembly. The proposal has accordingly been made to form a new party, pledged to principles of reform, but, although meetings have been held for the purpose, a leader has not yet been selected. Future developments are being awaited with considerable interest. In the meantime, the minister of the interior is traveling to Larissa, in order that he may make a study of the Thessalian question, in connection with which a committee of experts has been formed to prepare legislation.

GOVERNMENT INTERVENES.

(Special to The Monitor.)
BERLIN—According to the Berliner Tageblatt, the government has decided to offer its services in order to prevent the threatened general stoppage of work of men connected with the building trades. A meeting of the masters and men is to be held at the imperial ministry of the interior, and individual firms are doing all they can to make arrangements satisfactory both to the masters and men.

EXTENSIVE FRENCH MANEUVERS.

PARIS—The extensive maneuvers of the French fleet, which will begin May 15, will be based on the assumption that France is about to be attacked. All the ships of the navy and the forts will participate.

IRISH LABOR PARTY BROACHED.

DUBLIN—The Irish trades-unionists will hold a meeting shortly to organize a political party on the lines of the English labor party.

Mr. Churchill's Speech on the Veto Resolutions

(Special Correspondence of The Monitor.)
LONDON—The speech of Mr. Churchill in the debate on the Lords' veto was remarkable for something more than ordinary brilliancy, and considerably more than his usual audacity. It is perfectly safe to say that Mr. Churchill's speech is the best delivered from the government benches since the debate began, and when the high level of the speeches is remembered this is no small thing. Mr. Churchill has been adding steadily to his reputation ever since the dissolution, and it is certain today that, with the exception of the prime minister, there is no member of the party who can compare with him as a debater. It is difficult to avoid the impression that the home secretary plunged into the election with a light heart. It seemed as if both he and Mr. Lloyd-George had miscalculated the popularity of the budget. They seem to have imagined that the vast Liberal phalanx was unassailable. As the government seats began to fall, and it became evident that the country was pronouncing against the budget, a change came over him. The demagogue began to give place to the debater, the politician to the statesman, and on no platform was the case of the government argued with greater acumen and force than on which he stood.

As a seceder from the Conservative ranks his position is not an easy one. The fact that his ability has been lost to the party does not make the Opposition more patient of his onslaughts. That, like his brilliant father, he has

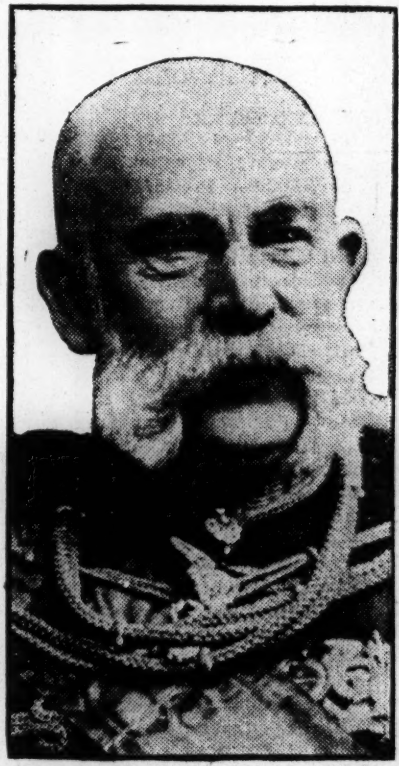
been a difficult colleague there is no reason to doubt. He was apparently too difficult for Mr. Balfour, and though he retains the friendship of that master of political invective, the member for the Walton division—of Liverpool, there must have been times when Mr. Asquith must have been tempted to wish that he had never crossed the floor of the House. One of these moments was probably reached during the delivery of the peroration of his recent speech, when he was guilty of "the blazing indiscretion" of connecting the King with the attack upon the Lords. It is probable that his words were not intended to bear the construction placed upon them, but an Opposition which did not take full advantage of them would have been politically asleep. The consequence is that the prime minister has been kept busy, at question time, endeavoring to avoid interpreting them, while practised speakers like Mr. Lyttelton and Mr. Bonar Law have executed the party sword-dance on them.

Mr. Littleton's speech largely constituted an inquiry into the agreement which is supposed to have been reached by government whips and Mr. Redmond, with respect to the budget. That, he insisted, interested him more than the more or less academic discussions on the constitution, since on that depended the future of the present Parliament. The force of this became evident at a later stage in the effort of Mr. Balfour to extricate from the prime minister some idea of the course of business, in which the bill to be founded on the veto resolutions

would be introduced. He extracted from the prime minister a statement to the effect that ample time would be given for the discussion of this bill on its various stages through the House, and that therefore there was no particular reason for prolonging the debate on the resolutions. After Mr. Asquith had left the House, Mr. Churchill, in replying to certain questions of Mr. Wyndham, let fall an observation which implied that there was a possibility of the bill not being proceeded with in certain eventualities. This was immediately interpreted by the Opposition as a breach of faith. And feeling ran so high that it was found necessary to send for the prime minister.

Mr. Asquith's explanation, on his return, was a practical confirmation of the words Mr. Churchill had let fall, and so for the second time within a few days Mr. Churchill's indiscretion placed the ministry in an awkward position. A bitter debate ensued, in the course of which the Opposition endeavored to pin the government to a breach of faith, and the excitement was not at an end when the first stage of the resolutions came to an end, and by a majority of 106, 337 votes against 251, Sir Robert Finlay's amendment, to the effect "that this House is willing to consider proposals for the reform of the constitution of the existing second chamber, but declines to proceed with proposals which would destroy the usefulness of any second chamber, however constituted, and would remove the only safeguard against great changes being made by the government of the day not only without the consent but against the wishes of the majority of the electors," was lost.

Ambassador Says People of Austria Appreciate King's Annual Visit to Country



FRANCIS JOSEPH I.
Emperor of Austria, whose ambassador presided at London dinner.

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON—The annual dinner to the Austro-Hungarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry took place at the Waldorf hotel a few days ago, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador presiding. In the course of his speech the chairman said how very much the people of his country appreciated the annual visit of King Edward VII. of England to Austria. Referring to the corporation of the city of London, he declared that diplomacy would not achieve much without the cordial cooperation of those who represented commerce and trade. They gave diplomats assistance in removing causes of friction and misunderstanding and distrust between the countries of the civilized world, and contributed in a large measure to the bringing about of an ideal state of international relations based upon mutual respect and confidence. Chambers of commerce were the most powerful agents for international concord and good fellowship.

CAPTOWN SEES COMET.

CAPTOWN—Halley's comet has again been sighted by the observatory here, for the first time since the comet passed the sun.

FLAGS Size 5x8 all wool. \$2.50. Awarded. Tents. McLELLAN, Haymarket Square, Boston. Tel. 150 May.

ECUADOR CALLS RESERVE TROOPS

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador—The government has called into service the first reserves. The return of Ecuadorian families from Peru has been made the occasion for great patriotic displays.

President Alfaro is expected here soon from Quito. Guayaquil capitalists have offered the government all the money required for war. The Peruvian minister at Quito is having daily conferences with the Ecuadorian foreign minister with a view to reaching an agreement.

FINNISH PARTIES ARE AGAINST BILL

(Special to The Monitor.)
HELSINGFORS—Although it was unanimously decided by the Finnish Diet to send the Russo-Finnish bill to a committee, it is believed that the committee will report the measure to be unconstitutional, and that they are, therefore, unable to consider it. During the debate it was pointed out that all parties in Finland would unite in common action against the measure.

COAL MINERS VOTE FOR PEACE

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON—The results of the ballot taken on the question of the new agreement, which is to last for five years, showed that a very great majority are in favor of accepting the terms. A peaceful conclusion to the controversy which has raged for some time is consequently assured.

ROYAL FAMILY AT CORFU.

(Special to The Monitor.)
ATHENS—The population of Corfu are preparing a great welcome for the King of Greece and the royal family, when they arrive. The royal party left Greece on the 14th inst., and Queen Alexandra, escorted by a squadron of the Mediterranean fleet, arrived yesterday.

HALL CLOCKS and MANTEL CHIMES FOLDING WATCHES PRATT

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Leading Events in Athletic World

BROWN UNIVERSITY SPRING GAMES COME LAST OF THE WEEK

Will Give Coaches a Chance to Try Out the New Material for the Coming Track Meets.

OUTLOOK IS GOOD

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Brown University annual spring outdoor track meet will be held on Andrews field Thursday and Friday of this week, this being the first of a schedule of events to be held during the spring term. The athletes have reached a point near to the limit of their ability in training, and the general outlook is extremely favorable. The track team schedule, just announced by Manager A. J. Young '10, is as follows:

April 21 and 22—Interclass outdoor meet at Andrews field.
May 7—Triangular meet between Brown, Williams and Amherst at Amherst, Mass.; 21 and 22, New England intercollegiate at Brookline, Mass.; 27 and 28, I. C. A. A. A. meet at Philadelphia, Pa.

Brown has this season perhaps one of the best all-around teams it has developed in recent years. With the single exception of the pole vault the college will be well represented in every event on the schedule, while the weight and field events will, on the general average, rank higher than the running events.

Since H. J. McGrath, the new coach, has taken hold of the men two weeks ago a marked improvement has been noticed. Regular training has been held every afternoon on the fine cinder track at Andrews field. Captain Hartigan is hopeful of winning a good number of points in the contests to come.

The number of regular candidates has necessarily been cut down by the coaches during the training, in order that as much attention as possible can be paid to the men who will actually enter in the events. In all the candidates, however, there has not been found any one who will take a leading place in the pole vault, and it is practically the unanimous decision of the coaches to eliminate that event from the Brown list of entries in all the contests.

In the 100-yard dash, the members of the varsity relay race will be entered. These include Captain Hartigan, F. V. Young, D. L. and R. D. Mahoney. All four men, except D. L. Mahoney, is a freshman, but his worth is easily figured when it is stated that he made the varsity in his first year, and is a sure and fast runner.

Captain Hartigan and Leith are among the most prominent men who will be entered in the 220-yard dash. Leith is better at that distance than at the 100, and will therefore probably run only in the 220 sprint. The relay team, together with Newell and Hubbard, will enter in the 440 run, in all probability.

In the 880, R. D. Mahoney, Taber '13 and Hubbard will be among the entries who are looked upon as possible point winners. Hubbard has shown his endurance in training.

For the mile run Brown is well provided. Greene, N. S. Taber '13 and Roper have shown up well in the previous meets, and there are prospects that all four will enter in that event in the coming meets. H. S. Taber, a senior, Roper and Greene will try the two mile, making a specialty of the long runs.

The hurdles may prove a weak place in the Brown team, as not many men have shown a great deal of speed so far. Young, Marble, Leith and Burgess are scheduled to run in the high, and all but Burgess will most likely compete in the low hurdles.

Coming to the field and weight events, the Brown team grows stronger, the men being more sure of winning points. In the high jump, for instance, Rosenberg and Altdorfer, both freshmen, promise to show some of the other men a few points. Burgess will also enter this event, in all probability, and out of the three Brown hopes to place two in the final.

Frank will most likely lead Brown in the broad jump, with Altdorfer running a close second. At least one place is looked for here. Frank and Walcott are scheduled for the discus throw. Frank has trained for this event under Martin Sheridan, and at practice shows up exceptionally well. Walcott has been in the throw for several years for Brown and always came out well.

Four men look strong in the hammer throw and shotput. The same quartet will most likely enter both contests. They are Frank, Walcott, Wright and Raquet. Out of these four Brown is looking to place two men and possibly three.

While these men above referred to appear at present to be the mainstays of the team, there are about a score of other athletes trying to develop themselves so that they may be entered. The squad is, on the whole, considered a strong one by the coaches, and good things are expected.

CLOSE GAMES ARE THE RULE IN THE TWO BIG LEAGUES

Cleveland and Washington in American and Boston and Cincinnati in the National Show Most Improvement.

STANDINGS TO DATE

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cleveland	2	1	.667
Washington	2	1	.667
Boston	1	1	.500
Chicago	1	1	.500
St. Louis	1	1	.500
New York	1	1	.500
Philadelphia	1	1	.500
Brooklyn	1	1	.500
Detroit	1	1	.500

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boston	2	1	.667
Philadelphia	2	1	.667
Pittsburgh	2	1	.667
Chicago	2	1	.667
St. Louis	2	1	.667
Brooklyn	2	1	.667
New York	2	1	.667
Cincinnati	2	1	.667
Cleveland	2	1	.667

The National and American baseball leagues start today on their first full week of the championship seasons of 1910 and if we are to judge from the results of the games played Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week some close contests may be looked for. Never before have so many extra inning games been played at the start of a season and few of the games were at all one-sided.

Cleveland and Washington have furnished the greatest surprises in the American league to date. The former met Detroit and showed by its playing that it will be a much stronger factor in the coming contest than was the case one year ago. The changing of Lajoie to first and Turner to second seems to have materially helped the infield and if the club is able to maintain as high a class of baseball throughout the season, it will finish well up in the first division.

The advent of McAleer as manager at Washington seems to have improved that team greatly. Two victories from the Athletics out of three is a very good record and promises much for the season. The club has a number of fine players and with proper handling will show up strongly.

Boston is playing a fast game and hitting the ball in good style, but seems to be weak in the box. Inability to hold New York after the team had obtained a lead cost them the third contest and resulted in New York tying the first. If this weakness can be strengthened the club will certainly finish well up.

Chicago gives promise of showing better form than last year, but has not done anything startling to date; also of being fast at fielding and has a strong pitching staff, but is lacking in hitters. Philadelphia and St. Louis have done nothing to indicate that they will be stronger than last year.

The Bostonians have been the sensations in the National league. They won two of their three games from New York and the fighting spirit which they showed when they won out after New York had secured what appeared to be a safe lead shows that Manager Lake has made his influence felt. The team does not impress one as very strong at batting, but the class of fielding shown by the men is fully up to major league standards. They are playing an up-to-date game and with improved batting will make a great advance over their 1909 record.

Cincinnati is playing fully up to its standard of last year and bids fair to win a place in the first division. Chicago, St. Louis and Brooklyn have not yet given any indications of increased proficiency and New York's greatest strength seems to lie in Mathewson. Philadelphia had to fight hard to win two out of three from Brooklyn, which does not speak very well for that club, and Pittsburgh's showing against St. Louis was hardly up to world's championship form.

SCULLING NEAR VICTORIA FALLS.
LONDON—The first international rowing event is to be decided on the Zambesi river, just above the world-famous Victoria Falls.

PICTURE PUZZLES W. B. Clarke Co. 26 & 28 Tremont St.

Trying to Dissolve Chess Tie



THE HARVARD UNIVERSITY CHESS TEAM.

Left to right—D. B. Priest, W. M. P. Mitchell, C. S. Hadley, F. P. Byerly.



THE YALE UNIVERSITY CHESS TEAM.

Left to right—G. Burgess, J. R. Chandler, C. F. Jefferson, G. F. Parsons, Jr.

Pres. W. M. P. Mitchell of the Harvard chess team announced this morning that as yet no definite decision had been made regarding the playing of another match with the Yale team to see if the tie for the intercollegiate chess championship title of 1910 could be dissolved. He announced that if another match were played, it would be at a quite distant date.

The second playoff was held Saturday and resulted in another draw. The management of both teams had

previously agreed to play four boards instead of two in order that the chances of a draw might be lessened, but this plan did not succeed as each college won two games.

Harvard was represented by C. S. Hadley, W. M. P. Mitchell, F. P. Byerly (captain), and D. B. Priest. The Yale team was composed of J. R. Chandler, G. Burgess, C. F. Jefferson (captain) and G. F. Parsons. Mitchell and Byerly won their games for Harvard, while Parsons and Chandler were the winners for Yale.

COACH COURTNEY IS NOW BUSY PREPARING FOR HARVARD RACE

Six of the Eight That Won Last Year's Contest Now in Varsity Boat—Distler and Wakeley Are the New Men.

ITHACA, N. Y.—Coach Courtney is now busy preparing the varsity crew candidates for the race with Harvard which will take place on the Charles river, Cambridge, the last of next month. The candidates are rowing in the same combinations as last published.

Of the several changes made during the Easter vacation, probably the most important was the transferring of Ferguson from No. 3 in the varsity eight to bow in one of the fours. Since the change, he has practically mastered the difficult art of steering and should prove a worthy rival of the veteran Smith for that position at Poughkeepsie.

The next most important change was the shifting of the strokes. Weichers is now in the junior varsity combination, and Distler, last year's freshman stroke, has moved to stroke of the varsity. Whether this change will be permanent remains to be seen. Distler is the heavier of the two, weighing a little over 160 pounds, while Weichers weighs but 140.

Cornell will send a heavier crew to Cambridge than that which won from Harvard on Cayuga last season. At present the varsity averages 176 pounds,

Atchison, the heaviest man, weighing 185. At the end of the seven weeks' hard training the average will be quite a little lighter, but still it will be a heavy crew that Harvard will have to face. In Cornell-Harvard boat races, Harvard has nearly always had the better of the weight. In last year's race, the respective averages were Harvard 175½, and Cornell 167½.

In the present Cornell varsity combination, there are six men occupying the same seats in which they so successfully raced the Crimson eight last Memorial day. The two new men are Distler at stroke and Wakeley at No. 3.

This crew does not seem to be rowing quite as well at the present time as they were at this date last year. Few speed trials have been possible as yet, but Mr. Courtney has set a standard for the varsity eight, to which they must soon attain if the Cambridge oarsmen are to be successfully met in May 30. This standard is the time in which the varsity covered the two-mile west side course early in April last year. They should be able to cover the distance in that time now, yet the coaches believe that to attain this standard will mean still harder work for these eight men.

R. I. STATE PLANS NEW CLUBHOUSE

KINGSTON, R. I.—Plans for the new track and athletic field and clubhouse at Rhode Island State College, regarding which a bill for the appropriation of \$2750 is now before the Legislature, have been made out by T. C. Rodman. A survey was made of the athletic field as it stands today and a quarter mile track laid out, though it will require some cutting and grading and will cause a change in the present location of the football field. According to the proposed new order of things the football field will be turned so that it will be almost southeast and northwest and the baseball diamond will not be moved.

Plans for the clubhouse as prepared by Mr. Rodman provide for a frame building with a wide porch facing the track. The first floor will contain a reception room and space for the manager's office. On both sides will be dressing and locker rooms, one for the local team and the other for the visitors' use. Adjacent to these are shower baths and lavatories. The second floor will be for the storage of athletic material.

The building will be finished without the use of plaster and the foundations are to be laid dry. It will not cost more than \$1200 and the rest of the \$2750 asked for will be used in the making of the quarter mile track and changing of the athletic field.

DATE NAMED FOR SCHOOL TENNIS

Arthur Sweetser, secretary of the Harvard Tennis Association, announces that the nineteenth annual tournament for the Harvard interscholastic lawn tennis championship in singles will be held on Jarvis field, Cambridge, Saturday, April 30, and Monday, May 2, 1910. All contestants must report to the secretary at Jarvis field at 9 a. m. sharp, on April 30, and at 2:30 p. m. on other days, or be defaulted.

First and runner-up prizes will be given; also a championship shield to the school which wins the greatest number of points, each match actually won counting as one point.

The winner of the tournament will also have the right, as Harvard interscholastic champion for 1910, to play at Newport in August for the national interscholastic championship of the United States, which is open only to winners of regularly authorized interscholastic tournaments. Entries will close at 6 p. m. Friday, April 29.

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BOSTON A. A. WILL HOLD FOURTEENTH MARATHON TUESDAY

More Than One Hundred and Eighty Athletes Have Entered for Famous Ashland to Boston Race.

PREVIOUS WINNERS

The Boston Athletic Association will hold its fourteenth annual Marathon race tomorrow over the famous 25-mile course between Ashland and Boston and the largest number of contestants ever entered for this race will take part. Among the entries are several who have contested in previous years. Samuel A. Mellor, Jr., of Yonkers, N. Y., winner in 1902 and Robert A. Fowler of the Cambridgeport Gymnasium Association who has always finished well up among the leaders are the veterans. Henri Renaud of Nashua, N. H., who won the race last year will also be a starter.

This race has grown from a small beginning until it is now recognized as the leading long-distance amateur race of the country. From an entry list of 15 in 1897 it has grown to over 180 and the quality of the contestants has shown rapid development.

The greatest race of the series to date was that of 1907 when the famous Indian runner Thomas Longboat of Toronto, Can., established the present record for the course. He covered the distance in 2h. 24m. 24s., a remarkable performance, especially when it is remembered that he was never hard pressed by any of his competitors. Not only did Longboat beat the former record by over five minutes, but Fowler who finished second and Morrissey who was third beat the previous mark. Morrissey won the following year and finished but a little over a minute behind Longboat's record.

Conditions will have much to do with the time made by the runners tomorrow and should they be right, fast time is looked for as there are a number of the men who have been doing fast work in practice. Much is expected of Ryan of the I. A. A. C., who has been training hard for the race and has been coached by J. J. Hayes, who won the last Olympic marathon. Fred Cameron and C. A. Patterson of Nova Scotia will be closely watched as they are reported as doing some fast work in their training.

What England seems pre-eminently to want is young players, since it has been pretty conclusively shown that she cannot win with her older ones. Yet, unless there are some very wonderful players blushing somewhere unseen, this is just what she has not got. There are only two names which particularly present themselves—one, Mr. Crumack

GOLF AND TENNIS AT FRAMINGHAM

FRAMINGHAM, Mass.—The Framingham Country Club has arranged very attractive golf and tennis schedules for the coming season. Golf will start tomorrow with a swatfest open to members of the club and the season will continue until Thanksgiving day when a home club team match will be contested. Two men's singles handicap tennis tournaments have been arranged for with a mixed doubles event scheduled for July 4. The dates as named are as follows:

GOLF.
April 19, swatfest; 30, golf ball sweepstakes.
May 7, qualifying round club championship; 14, first round club championship; 21, second round club championship; 28, final round club championship; 30, mixed foursome.
June 17, kippers' handicap.
July 4, flag contest.
Sept. 3, handicap medal play; 5, driving, approaching and putting contests; 10, four-some; 17, mixed foursome; 24, golf ball sweepstakes.
Oct. 1, cross country contest.
Nov. 24, home club team match.

TENNIS.
May 28, men's handicap singles.
July 4, mixed doubles.
Sept. 3, men's handicap singles.
No substitute.

SATURDAY'S COLLEGE GAMES.

Cornell 9, Vermont 2.
Pennsylvania 5, Swarthmore 2.
Fordham 5, Yale 1.
Princeton 12, Columbia 3.
Brown 7, Penn State 5.
S. Y. University 2, Trinity 1.
Pratt Institute 5, Union 3.
Wesleyan 2, Springfield T. S. 1.
Tufts 4, West Point 3.
Bowdoin 15, Andover 8.
Exeter 17, Boston C. 6.
R. I. State 13, Boston U. 2.
Virginia 4, Georgetown 2.
Amherst 9, Holy Cross 1.

Ice Skating
At the Boston Arena
TWO SESSIONS DAILY
Afternoons 35c
Evenings 50c
at 8
BOSTON ARENA
St. Botolph St.
NEAR
Massachusetts Ave.

RATIONAL GOLF

By Jason Rogers.

The professional golfer has not quite yet emerged from his winter's repose, but with the formidable outbreak of Easter meetings all over the country the amateur may be said to have begun his public, as opposed to his private, season, says the London Times. Conditions at Easter were, of course, extraordinarily favorable. But even so, the scores were for the most part extraordinarily good; scores low down in the 70s were quite common, and that on courses which are not particularly short or easy. Nothing has been more marked in the last two or three years than the great improvement in scores made in amateur competitions; and, if they have any significance at all, it is clear that much as the professional appears to have outdistanced the amateur, yet the amateur has been making very perceptible strides on his own account.

To insinuate that golf has improved is of course to bring a hornet's nest—in the shape of Scottish gentlemen—about one's ears; and they have, it must be admitted, one great advantage, in that there has yet to be invented a perfectly satisfactory retort to the argument that one cannot possibly judge of those who played before his time. They will also declare—but this is an argument that redounds to the credit of their hearts rather than of their heads—that scores afford no evidence at all, since score play "is not golf." That score play is not the proper game is no doubt true; but that it does afford a fairly satisfactory indication of how well or poorly people can play the game is difficult to deny. Therefore when the scores in amateur competitions are seen to be growing steadily lower, although bunkers grow daily more numerous and courses longer, when, moreover, after eight years it is no longer possible to attribute everything to the qualities of the rubber-cored ball, it does seem to be a reasonable assertion that the general standard of amateur play has become considerably higher in the last few years. Nevertheless one speaks advisedly of the general standard and the general mass of golfers, because in the matter of really outstanding players the present generation is not so rich as those which produced Mr. Ball, Mr. Laidlaw, Mr. Hutchinson, Mr. Hilton and Mr. Tait.

What England seems pre-eminently to want is young players, since it has been pretty conclusively shown that she cannot win with her older ones. Yet, unless there are some very wonderful players blushing somewhere unseen, this is just what she has not got. There are only two names which particularly present themselves—one, Mr. Crumack

of St. Anne's, a fine slashing hitter and in his day a most dangerous player, and the other F. A. Woolley, who has never up till this year entered for the amateur championship. On all the Midland courses, however, he has been consistently successful, and that with such really brilliant scores as leave very little room for cavilling; he is undoubtedly a very strong and a very determined golfer. Mr. Dixon of Formby is said to be a very good player, although he has so far done little away from his own course, and there, so far as ordinary knowledge extends, the list comes to an end, since the university players are put out of the question by the lamentable necessity for keeping terms.

In the professional ranks it is interesting to see that London is still a loadstone which attracts to it most of the leading players. The latest to swell the number of distinguished professionals around about London are Tom Ball and Robson, the one going to Bramshot, the other to a new course near Godalming. Neither of these two can, of course, be strictly termed a London course but they are at least tentacles which London golf has thrown out far into the country. The change should have a distinctly beneficial effect on Robson's golf, for he will have a great many more chances of playing against opponents worthy of him. At present he is a little out of favor with the golfing public, which is a very fickle one and, after lauding Robson to the skies as a second Braid in 1908, soon ceased to take any interest in him in 1909. It will be odd, however, if he does not soon play himself back into the public gaze, for with that tremendous power allied to his good putting he should not long remain in eclipse.

Ball meanwhile starts the season still fresh from his triumph in the professional tournament for £240 last autumn. In two years he has climbed from a more or less undistinguished position to very nearly the top of the tree; and throughout almost the whole of that time people have been busy wondering whether he is really as good as his performances would seem to show. Those wonderings have now slightly changed their character; he is admitted to be a magnificent player, and the question now is whether he will last. The doubt on this point is founded partly on his slight physique, but more particularly on his method of playing iron shots. Up till now it has been generally held that no man can attain to the very highest position in golf who plays full shots with lofted iron clubs. The one thing above others that has distinguished the best golfers from the second best has been their power of playing those firm half shots with iron clubs that send the ball burrowing its way so wonderfully through the wind.

Now, however, Tom Ball has arrived on the scene, playing his long iron shots with something practically indistinguishable from a full swing, hitting the ball very high in the air, no matter how strong the wind, and almost invariably succeeding in putting it very close to the hole. It is a tour de force which is apt to upset the world's preconceived notions on the subject of approaching. Ball, however, is an eccentric genius—as witness his curious habit of moving his left foot in the very middle of his swing—and is hardly to be judged by ordinary rules.

As to the older generation of professionals, the most interesting fact is that Taylor, Vardon and Braid have now won four open championships apiece, and nobody in the history of the game has won more. Presumably one of the three has a very excellent chance of beating the record that they now hold conjointly with old Willy Park and old young Tom Morris. The championship this year falls to be played at St. Andrews, a course which Braid likes and Taylor and Vardon are generally supposed to dislike, although Taylor has won two of his championships there. Braid has won on the last occasions on which St. Andrews has been the venue, and he will probably start as the favorite on this occasion also.

prize in the 18.2 balk line line amateur billiard championship tourney Saturday by defeating J. F. Poggenburg of New York in the playoff 400 to 227. Conklin had the average of 15 10-26.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
\$3, \$3.50, \$4 & \$5
Boys' Shoes, \$2 & \$2.50
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BRIEF NEWS AROUND AND ABOUT THE STATE

WEYMOUTH.

The Norfolk County Christian Endeavor Union will hold its annual convention in the Old South Congregational church, South Weymouth, tomorrow. The speakers will include the Rev. J. T. Stocking of Newton and the Rev. Charles H. Moss of Malden.

The Monday Club will hold its annual meeting in Masonic hall this afternoon. The Men's Club of the Third Universalist church will hold its monthly meeting and dinner tonight.

There will be an all-day service at the Faith mission chapel on School street, East Weymouth, tomorrow. Among the speakers will be the Rev. Ira F. David of Brockton, the Rev. James P. Haddie of Weymouth and the Rev. Fred Tift of Cambridge.

MEDFORD.

Moses W. Mann will deliver an address before the Medford Historical Society tonight on "The History of Trinity Church at West Medford." Luncheon will be served.

The annual all-day rifle match of the Lawrence light guards will be held tomorrow at the company's range in the Middlesex Fells.

The first of a series of dancing parties to be given during the next two months at Grace Episcopal parish house took place Saturday evening.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Cash, 15 Cherry street, this evening, when Mrs. C. A. Perkins will speak on the work of the Mothers Association of the union.

READING.

The 1910 season of the Meadowbrook Golf Club will open with a tournament for the best 9 holes in 27 tomorrow. A new plan of transportation from the station will be tried this season and on the holiday and every Saturday a barge will make four trips—at 9 and 10:30 a. m. and 2 and 5 p. m.

The Decoral Club will elect officers tonight at the home of Mrs. Helen W. Brown.

Twenty-five members of the Reading Woman's Club will visit the new Boston Art Museum Wednesday. Mrs. Frank B. Pratt will be in charge.

NEWTON.

John Hermann Loud will give an organ recital at the Newton Central Baptist church this evening.

The C. L. S. C. Club met this afternoon to consider "The Making of Rugs."

Mrs. Emma Howland, state lecturer of the W. C. T. U., will speak this evening on "Some of the People We Meet."

A banquet in observance of the fiftieth anniversary of the Newtonville Methodist church will be held this evening in the vestry. The Rev. Charles L. Goodell of New York city will be the speaker.

WALTHAM.

Swimming teams will be formed among the three lower classes of the high school.

The Lyman Debating Club will have an invitation dance May 6.

J. S. Kennedy will represent the Business Men's Association at the peace conference at Lake Mohonk, N. Y., May 12, 19 and 20.

The committee appointed by the Business Men's Association to make recommendations for a government by commission for Waltham will soon report.

ROCKLAND.

James L. Hayes of this town has been elected superintendent of the schools of Hanover, Hanson and Norwell.

The Ladies' Home and Benevolent Society of the Baptist church will hold a supper and entertainment tonight.

Capt. John Pulling chapter, Daughters American Revolution, will hold a meeting at the residence of Mrs. Abbie Drew on Vernon street tomorrow.

The Union Glee Club will give a character party in the Opera house Monday evening, April 25.

ABINGTON.

At the men's forum in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association Sunday afternoon, Town Treas. Granville F. Farrar delivered the last of a series of addresses on "Civil Officers and the Kingdom."

Louis A. Cressett sails today for Europe to pass the summer.

The Rev. E. J. Helms, superintendent of the Morgan Memorial of Boston, spoke of the work of that church at the North Congregational church Sunday evening.

NEEDHAM.

A union temperance meeting of the various churches was held in the First Parish church Sunday evening and was addressed by the Rev. Harrison L. Packard of Kingston.

The Boys' League will give a public exhibition of gymnasium work in Bourne hall the evening of April 26.

The blacksmith shop belonging to Christ church has been sold to Town Treasurer Charles E. Stanwood, who will pull it down and move the material away.

REVERE.

Patriotic Instructor L. L. Bullard of William B. Eaton post, G. A. R., has issued an invitation to form a tent of Daughters of Veterans.

Miss Mary Boyle O'Reilly of Boston will speak before one of the women's organizations here April 22.

The German department of the Revere high school will give a German comedy, followed by German songs by the Glee Club, in the school auditorium April 22.

MALDEN.

Superintendent Senter of the Malden division of the Elevated announces that several new trips will be added to the Lebanon street-Maldenwood and Broadway lines in the near future during the rush hours to relieve congestion.

A concert and entertainment for the benefit of the Malden Boys Club will be given in the company L. armory May 3. Mrs. Frederick Beebe is head of the committee.

Col. Moses B. Lakeman camp of Spanish War Veterans is to receive a new set of colors to be used for the first time at the dedication of the soldiers and sailors memorial Memorial day.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the First Baptist church has elected: President, Raymond P. Currier; vice-president, Edith L. Dillaway; secretary, Edna Goodwin; treasurer, Herbert L. Brackett and auditor, Charles Hodgdon.

The grounds about the new Malden armory will be graded at once and new granolithic sidewalks laid.

QUINCY.

The Wollaston Baptist church has chosen: Clerk, Harry Burgess; treasurer, Francis H. Corey; collector, Harvey D. Black; auditor, Herbert W. Pinkham; trustees, J. H. Marceau, Charles E. Goodspeed, Frank Burgess, Amos D. Albee and John L. Miller; standing committee, Joseph Mather, Amos D. Albee, George E. Thomas, Herbert B. Bailey, George A. Brown, Charles E. Goodspeed, Mrs. F. R. Mills, Mrs. G. B. Huntington, Mrs. C. E. Goodspeed and Mrs. T. S. Barbour; musical director, Amos A. Albee.

At the Bethany Congregational church Sunday evening the Rev. Henry S. Huntington of Milton delivered an address on "The New Day in Turkey." The speaker recently returned from that country.

The Rev. S. S. Robbins of Kingston occupied the pulpit of the First Unitarian church Sunday morning.

The Rev. H. A. Fitch, the new pastor of the Atlantic Methodist Episcopal church, assumed his duties Sunday.

WINTHROP.

A party of 25 members of the Winthrop Woman's Club, accompanied by the president, Mrs. Helen F. Gardner, is to visit the Boston Art Museum, April 22. Another ticket has been issued to the club for May 13, and it is probable that another party will be made up for that date.

The Rev. W. C. Litchfield, pastor of the Unitarian church, will preach his farewell sermon April 24.

Alexander Corbett, Jr., has just presented the Frost Public Library a valuable collection of pictures and maps.

The board of selectmen is to give a hearing May 3 to the Pt. Shirley street railway for an original location of tracks from Winthrop Beach station, through Shirley street, to Tafta avenue, Pt. Shirley.

LEOMINSTER.

The Leominster Tennis Club has elected: President, L. L. Richardson; vice-president, Elmer H. Bates; secretary and treasurer, Edward W. Pierce. It was voted to retain membership in the Wachusetts Valley league this year.

State Tax Commissioner William D. T. Trefry's report shows the total assets of Leominster to be \$1,579,659. The town's liabilities are \$108,369.

The Rev. W. G. Richardson of Leominster will give the afternoon address at the twenty-first annual convention of the Cambridge district Episcopal league at the Grace Methodist Episcopal church, Cambridge, tomorrow.

The advisory town hall building committee has secured plans for the central heating and lighting plant.

CHELSEA.

Permits for buildings estimated at \$96,000 have been issued by Building Inspector Frank Weymouth since April 1. These include a three-story concrete, brick and wooden factory for T. Martin Bros. Mfg. Company, Spencer avenue.

J. Allison Briggs colony, U. O. P. F., are to hold an invitation dancing party in U. V. U. hall April 22.

At the sale in the Cary avenue chapel April 22, for the benefit of the Day Nursery, the committee for the food table is Mrs. Fred A. Fitch, Mrs. Elizabeth Henderson, Mrs. J. L. Poore; apron table, Mrs. James S. Harrower, Mrs. Telow, Mrs. Ida M. Benson; candy table, Mrs. Charles W. Freeman, Mrs. Alfred E. Jones, Mrs. E. Frank Guild.

HOLBROOK.

The Rev. J. Philip Armond, who was assigned to the pastorate of the Methodist Episcopal church at the recent session of the Southern New England conference, commenced his duties Sunday.

The spring meeting of the Norfolk conference of Congregational churches will be held in the Winthrop Congregational church Tuesday, May 3.

Harry Starr has been appointed census enumerator.

WAKEFIELD.

The Bear Hill Golf Club opens the season tomorrow with a tournament in classes A and B for the best scores in an 18-hole handicap match. The morning will be spent in qualifying.

The new Wakefield Amateur Baseball Association opens the season on the holiday with the Riverides of Weymouth in the morning and North End Union of Boston in the afternoon.

RANDOLPH.

Company D, fourth regiment association, will hold its twenty-fifth annual reunion in Grand Army hall tomorrow.

WHITMAN.

Department Commander G. M. Tucker of the Massachusetts Sons of Veterans has appointed Charles F. Cook of this town chief aide for the coming year.

The electric light company is planning to extend its service on School and Washington streets to the East Bridge-water town line.

The members of the senior class of the high school are planning a trip to Washington the latter part of this month. A benefit entertainment will be held April 22 at the Empire theater.

The Unity Club will hold an entertainment this evening in the Unitarian church.

HANSON.

The South Hanson Baptist Society has elected: Clerk, Arthur Bourne; assistant clerk, Mrs. A. W. Bourne; treasurer, Mrs. Warren Stevens; chorister, William Hammond; executive committee, Arthur Bourne, John Kirby, Arthur Haggood; Sunday school superintendent, Mrs. Mary E. Reed; assistant superintendent, A. W. Bourne; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Julie Rand; music committee, A. W. Bourne, Carrie Keane, Elvira Thompson, Fred Rand, Idella Briggs; soliciting committee, Mrs. Idella Briggs, Mrs. Mary E. Reed, E. Miriam Hammond; flower committee, Mrs. Linwood Josselyn; sexton, A. W. Bourne.

Walter H. Chase, Jr., has begun taking the census of the town.

SOMERVILLE.

The Daughters of the Covenant of the Winter Hill Congregational church met this evening with the president, Miss Helen J. Sanborn, 383 Broadway. There will be a stereoscopic talk on Central America.

A party and dance will be given tomorrow evening in Newcomb hall, the proceeds to be used for the preservation of the historic Fairbanks homestead in Dedham, which was built in 1636.

There will be an entertainment at the Broadway Methodist church tomorrow evening entitled "The Civil War in Song and Story." A company of soldiers from the armory will assist.

CAMBRIDGE.

The Cambridge Paper Box Company employees will hold their second annual concert and dance this evening in Odd Fellows hall, North Cambridge.

The sixteenth anniversary of the Voluntary Citizens Association will be celebrated this evening by a banquet in Citizens Trade Association hall, J. Willard Brown, department commander of the G. A. R. in Massachusetts, Maj. Gen. William A. Bancroft, founder of the association, and others will speak. Next year the fiftieth anniversary of the enlistment of the first volunteers will be celebrated, and interest in the association is greater than usual on this account.

EVERETT.

A substantial sum was realized Saturday evening by the senior class of the high school for its dramatic entertainment given to help defray the expenses of class day.

The school committee will receive a petition at the next meeting from teachers of the high school and ninth grades asking for an increase of salaries on the ground of the higher cost of living and dress.

A public hearing will be given before the board of aldermen May 6 for the laying out of Calhoun avenue from Woodlawn to Jefferson street.

BEVERLY.

"Mr. Bob" will be presented by the Pythian Sisters April 26 at Malta hall.

Col. John Caswell, inspector of rifle practice in the state militia, has been retired from the service at his own request with the rank of colonel.

A large delegation of members of Speedwell colony, Pilgrim Fathers, will visit John Endicott colony of Salem this evening, when a reception will be given to the new supreme governor, C. H. Batchelder of Boston.

The Prospect Hill Tennis Club is planning for an active season.

WEST BRIDGEWATER.

The Bridgewater Historical Society will hold its annual meeting at Memorial hall Saturday afternoon.

The students at Howard seminary have been granted the use of the Country Club golf grounds in Brockton for the season.

Miss Carrie L. Matthews has resigned as teacher in the public schools. She will teach in Winthrop.

The Nunkatasset Canoe Club is planning for the opening of its season.

PEMBROKE.

The Rev. Lyman V. Rutledge has accepted the call recently extended him by the Unitarian church.

The cottages near the various ponds in town are beginning to open up for the season. Some new ones will be built.

Past Commander Wendell O. Howard of the Charles G. Clark camp, Sons of Veterans, has been appointed a special aid on the staff of the national commander.

BRIDGEWATER.

A musical will be held in the town hall the evening of April 29 for the benefit of the baseball team.

The Bridgewater state normal school baseball team will open its season tomorrow afternoon in a game with the Abington high school team.

The dramatic class of the Ousemaquin Club has presented \$50 to the Bridge-water Village Improvement Association.

WELLESLEY.

Officers for the coming season have just been elected by the Wellesley Boat Club as follows: President, Isaac Sprague, Wellesley Hills; vice-president, Benjamin W. Guernsey, Wellesley; treasurer, William E. Stanwood, Wellesley Hills.

For the first time in many years the Wellesley citizens will have an opportunity to have an old-fashioned concert tomorrow evening at the village church. There will be a large chorus, assisted by soloists from the Liederkreis school of music.

Preston F. Bryant won the cup in the bowling contest for the year on the Y. M. C. A. alleys.

Miss Mabel Soper, teacher of manual arts in the Wellesley schools, has resigned to accept a similar position in the Bridgewater normal school and Miss Patrick of Somerville has been appointed to carry on the Wellesley manual art instruction.

EAST BRIDGEWATER.

Through the efforts of the Board of Trade the new station at Browns Crossing has been completed.

The Rev. A. S. Muirhead, pastor of the Methodist church in this place, has accepted an invitation to give the Memorial day address at the Halifax town hall May 30.

The Philo Club is to hold its annual concert in the Union Congregational church April 28.

The annual supper of the First Parish will be held in the Unitarian church Friday evening, April 29.

MELROSE.

The boys brigade of Melrose and Melrose Highlands will attend the annual field day of the brigades of eastern Massachusetts at Norwood tomorrow.

At their meeting tonight the aldermen will consider the new police ordinance for the appointment of grade officers and chief of department. The petition from 365 residents of the Highlands for the removal of the Messenger property from Vinton street will also be reported.

U. S. Grant post, G. A. R., will be a guest of the W. R. C. at supper tomorrow evening.

DEDHAM.

A number of transfers in Dedham realty have been negotiated by the office of Henry D. Humphrey. The Everett J. Winn estate has been sold to Dr. Edward W. Finn. It is assessed at \$4000, and comprises 3853 square feet of land. There is a two-story brick and wood dwelling, which Dr. Finn will have remodeled. The purchase is for investment. Jonathan F. Guild has bought of Herbert Damon the Amory Fisher estate on Church street, assessed at \$2500, and including a 2½ story dwelling, and 3000 square feet of land.

HANOVER.

A minstrel show was given at Library hall Saturday evening by the Norwell W. R. C.

Rehearsals have begun for the cantata "The Building of the Ship" to be given by the newly organized Hanover Choral Club.

The Hanover high school baseball club will open its season Friday afternoon in a game with the Norwell high school at the Ridge hill grove grounds.

WOBURN.

The Merrimack Chemical Company, employing several workmen, has given its employees a 7 per cent increase in wages, beginning today.

The South End Social Club is to give its annual minstrel show next Monday evening.

The Young people of the North Woburn Congregational church will present the drama "The Last Leaf" Friday evening. The twenty-second annual concert by Clan MacKinnon will be given in Lyceum hall, Wednesday evening, April 27.

HYDE PARK.

The Clarendon Hills Men's League will give its first concert in Clarendon Congregational church this evening.

David A. Murray has been elected chairman and W. E. Norwood secretary of the town advisory committee. Inasmuch circle, King's Daughters, will hold a sale for the benefit of the Pond Home April 27-28.

PLYMPTON.

The young people of Plympton grange gave a minstrel show at Union hall Saturday evening.

Selectman and Mrs. Thomas W. Blanchard of this town have been appointed to have charge of the music Memorial at the annual Memorial day exercises.

CAR MEN ORDERED TO RESUME WORK

PHILADELPHIA.—The executive committee of the striking carmen adopted a resolution Sunday night directing the men to go back to work, although the referendum vote was 1265 to stay out against 1258 to return.

The local committee made the resolution public after receiving a ratification of their action from the national committee in Detroit.

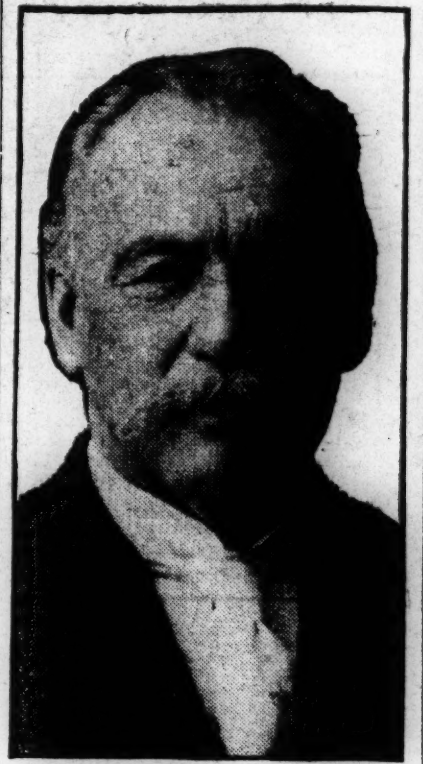
TRAGEDY IN DORCHESTER TODAY.

Edwin Bishop, 16 Willowwood street, Dorchester, shot George Somers of the same address, then turned the revolver on himself, with fatal results to both, early today. The police are investigating the case.

INSTALL PASTOR IN NEWTON.

The Rev. Harry Lutz of Billerica was installed pastor of the Channing Unitarian church, Newton, Sunday evening, succeeded the Rev. Adelbert L. Hudson who has resigned.

SOMERVILLE PUPILS TO SING "ELIJAH"



S. HENRY HADLEY.
Supervisor of music in Somerville public schools, who will direct production of "Elijah" by pupils.

SIX HUNDRED students from the Somerville high schools will give Mendelssohn's "Elijah," in Symphony hall, Boston, Tuesday evening, April 26. The director will be S. Henry Hadley, supervisor of music in the Somerville schools, who takes high rank in such work.

The following persons will be the soloists: Mrs. Marie Sundelius, soprano; Miss Edith Castle, alto; James H. Rattigan, tenor; Earl Cartwright, bass.

There will be an orchestra of 40 men from the Boston Symphony orchestra.

This is the third oratorio to be given by the student chorus from the Somerville high school. In 1904 they gave the "Creation" and in 1906 "The Seasons." Rehearsals for the present oratorio have been in progress for a long time, and the chorus will undoubtedly give a fine rendering of this great work under the expert direction of Mr. Hadley.

HOLD CONVENTION ON PATRIOTS' DAY

The Christian Endeavors of Massachusetts are planning to observe Patriots' day, Tuesday, by gathering for the annual county convention in nine of the counties of the state. The schedule comprises:

Bristol county, Fall River, Y. M. C. A. hall; Essex county, Lawrence, Lawrence street Congregational church; Franklin county, South Deerfield, Congregational church; Hampden county, Springfield, State street Baptist church; Hampshire county, Florence, Congregational church; Middlesex county, Woburn, First Congregational church; Norfolk county, South Weymouth, Old South Congregational church; Plymouth county, Plymouth, Congregational and Baptist churches; Worcester county, Whitinsville.

MAHOGANY BOAT AGAIN IN BOSTON

The reappearance in Boston harbor today of the mahogany steamer Chelston, Capt. Richard E. Hocken, gave rise to reports that the George D. Emery Company, which has long chartered this vessel, was to resume its business at its former location in Chelsea. Since last May this business has been carried on in New York.

It was learned today, however, that the vessel stopped at Boston only to deliver a part of the cargo of 3312 mahogany and 147 cedar logs, totaling about 500,000 feet, which she brought from Central America to the Palmer & Parker Company at Charlestown. After unloading this portion the Chelston will continue to New York.

INFANTRY SCHOOL PROJECT AT CAMP

A school for infantry officers of the Massachusetts volunteer militia will be held at the state camp, South Framingham, June 10, 11 and 12, according to Adj. Gen. William H. Brigham, who has been perfecting arrangements with Col. E. M. Weaver, chief of the bureau of militia affairs of the war department.

Over 200 officers will attend the school. The militia officers will be formed into a company for theory and practice. The school is something new for both the regulars and militiamen.

CLEANING-UP DAY FOR WAKEFIELD

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Tomorrow will be "clean-up day" and this move on the part of the Wakefield Improvement Association gives promise of being most successful. The campaign has met with general approbation and the school children, too, are deeply interested. The association calls upon all to clean up rubbish, to make unsightly dumps and vacant lands more attractive and to plant flowers, trees and shrubberies. Special stress is laid upon the desirability of making back yards harmonize as much as possible with front lawns and gardens.

D. BLAKE RUSSELL VISITS OLD HOME

Sets Foot Across Threshold of the Melrose Mansion for First Time in Quarter of a Century.

MELROSE, Mass.—Daniel Blake Russell, the recently acknowledged brother of William C. Russell, was a guest at the Russell mansion Sunday. It was the first time, according to the Californian, that he set foot upon the threshold of his brother's house since he left when a young man.

In the afternoon several members of the Almy family and others called at the Russell home to greet the new-found Daniel Blake Russell. Every room in the mansion was visited, and the Californian had but little difficulty in relating incidents which had transpired during his early life there.

Senator Cartwright, attorney for the California man, announced Sunday night that lawyers for the Russell estate had made arrangements so that the new claimant would get half of the fortune.

Senator Cartwright will leave today for home. He will stop at New York and Washington, D. C.

Senator Simpson has gone to northern New York to consult with associate counsel who have represented the Dakota claimant in Massena and in the surrounding country. He left the inference that he would probably be back again in Boston next Tuesday.

SCHOOL TO OPEN FOR INSPECTION

Reception Tomorrow at Melrose High and Luncheon in the New Dining Room—Committee Appointed.

A reception is to be given at the high school in Melrose tomorrow from 10:30 a. m. to 6 p. m. Luncheon will be served by the young ladies of the school in the new school dining room, and the two new wings of the building, erected at a cost of \$125,000 and containing 30 class rooms, are to be thrown open for public inspection, the young men of the school acting as ushers.

Ex-Mayor John Larrabee has appointed a welcoming committee, consisting of representatives of the various societies in the city. In the receiving line will be Mayor Eugene H. Moore, Charles C. Barry, chairman of the decorating committee; John Larrabee; Edwin S. Small, chairman of the school committee; President Harry C. Hunt, of the high school alumni; President Charles E. French of the board of aldermen; Representative Arthur S. Davis, Superintendent John C. Anthony, ex-Superintendent Fred H. Nickerson, Principals William C. Whiting and Alonzo G. Whitman of the high school; Mrs. William R. Lavender, president of the Melrose Women's Club; Mrs. Sally B. Orne, president of the Highlands Women's Club, and Mrs. Frank A. Stone, president of the Melrose W. C. T. U.

CHICAGO TO HEAR HOW TO AID BOYS

CHICAGO—"Helping Make the Men of Tomorrow" will be the subject of an illustrated lecture by V. E. Randall, military instructor at the Illinois Manual Training school farm, Glenwood, Ill., before the Press Club of Chicago this evening.

The boy problem is one of the absorbing questions today and this lecture is especially timely. Mr. Randall, who for several years has been identified with social and educational work, will outline some of the practical ways in which noble-hearted men and women are helping the boys.

The work of making the dependent boys independent by teaching the value of right thinking, right living, nobility of honest toil and offering higher ideals to awaken noble aspirations will be discussed.

THOUSANDS VISIT REVERE SUNDAY

About 10,000 persons visited Revere beach Sunday. There was the usual large number of automobiles. Not all of the amusement places are open, most of them planning to begin the season on Memorial day. One or two, however, will wait until June 17.

MILLS RESUME AT DALTON.

DALTON, Mass.—After a shutdown of two weeks the Byron Weston Company's mills resumed operations today. Concessions have been made by both the strikers and the company. Finishing department employees agreed to resume work for \$8.80 a week.

TRAIN WRECK IN MISSISSIPPI.

CHICAGO—A statement was issued today by officials in

BAY STATE PEOPLE PREPARE PROGRAMS FOR PATRIOTS DAY

(Continued from Page One.)

sion for people contemplating the purchase of suburban houselets to make excursions into the environs of Boston, and seekers for summer cottages by the sea take time by the forelock and look over the available shore sites.

For the convenience of those who seek summer cottages and those who have already chosen their summer abiding place and desire to make arrangements for the opening of their homes the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has arranged special train service for the day.

There will be special trains for Cape Cod points, to Hyannis and Chatham, to Buzzards bay resorts, to Nantasket Beach, to the South Shore summering places and Plymouth.

Announcement is also made by the passenger department of the New Haven road of a special arrangement of suburban trains on Patriots day. Many trains will be discontinued on this day and regular trains will perform extra service to take care of the holiday travel.

State Militiamen to March From Boston Out to Lowell

A feature of the day in military circles will be the competitive march from Boston to Lowell for soldiers of the state militia, starting from the State House at 9 a. m. It will be participated in by squads of eight men and a corporal from nearly every organization in the service, and in some instances regiments will have two or more squads in the field. The incentive is a magnificent silver trophy presented by Humphrey O'Sullivan of Lowell.

The requirements are that the squads keep a reasonable marching formation and that they march in either olive drab or khaki uniform, with leggings, campaign kit hat, sash, belt, haversack and mess kit, canteen and rifle, but without collar roll.

Col. Walter E. Lombard will act as chief judge, and will be assisted by Maj. George F. Quinby, Lieut. Frederic L. Woods and Whipple F. Smith of the coast artillery corps, Capt. Arthur Blake of General Clark's staff and Lieut. George W. Peterson, Capt. William H. Dolan and Lieutenant Akeley of the sixth regiment, all of whom will follow the contest in automobiles.

Besides these a detachment of officers from the Cambridge companies and coast artillery corps will be posted at intervals from Boston to Burlington, and the following officers from the sixth and ninth regiments will be posted from Burlington to Lowell: Capt. Walter R. Jeyes, James N. Greig, Lieut. John P. Davis, Fred A. Mottram, Thomas M. Doyle, Bernard J. McArdle, Lewis Hunton and Colby T. Kittredge.

The route of march will be as follows: Bowdoin street to Cambridge, Cambridge across the bridge up Broadway, through Inman square and Beacon street to North Cambridge, thence by way of Massachusetts avenue to Arlington center, then down to the right just before reaching the railroad track following the west shore of Mystic lake, along the state highway to Burlington until the Lowell and Burlington electric railroad track is reached. Follow this railroad track to the left through Billerica and North Billerica, down Gorham street to Davis square, thence through Thordike street to Chelmsford, up Chelmsford to Westford, up Westford to finish at the Lowell armory. Finish line to be stretched across Westford street at the east side of the lower step. If two squads finish together the squad all of whose eight men are over the line first will be the winner.

Daughters of Revolution to Celebrate at Vendome

An attractive program for Patriots' day has been arranged by the Massachusetts Society, Daughters of the Revolution, to begin at 2 o'clock at the Hotel Vendome in Boston. The Junior Sons and Daughters will take the active part in the program, under the direction of Mrs. Mary Abby Proctor, who is state director.

The exercises include the singing of "America," the ritual exercises, "Star Spangled Banner," patriotic readings, piano and vocal choruses and duets, and short addresses from the presidents of each of the following chapters, giving the history of their names: Alliance of Amesbury, Bell Rock of Everett, Caleb Stark of Newton, Countess of Allston, Cradle of Liberty, Daniel Townsend of Lynn, John Adams of Quincy, Liberty Tree of Lynn, Maj. Israel Fearing of New Bedford.

Dancing will follow the program and Mr. Carleton Beal and Miss Freda Gore will lead the grand march.

FIRST DARTMOUTH CENSUS.

HANOVER, N. H.—The enumerators for the first Dartmouth College census began their work of collecting statistics of the student body early today. The work is to be patterned after the taking of the United States census, and is being done primarily to give the men an idea of how the national census is taken. The enumeration will take a week.

ROB CALIFORNIA MAIL TRAIN.

BENICIA, Cal.—The China-Japan mail, which left San Francisco, over the Southern Pacific railroad for the East at 9 p. m. Saturday, was held up by two masked men at Spring, two miles east of here, early Sunday, and robbed of nine pouches of registered mail.

Where the Port of Boston Shows How the Business Of Country Is Improving

ANNUAL statistical report of the Boston Chamber of Commerce for 1909 shows for the port of Boston:

Increase in import trade was greater than any other American port.

Attained rank of second American port in import trade.

Ranked as third American port in total import and export trade.

Greatest values of imported commodities were in wool, hides and skins, cotton, fibers and vegetable grasses, and sugar.

Greatest increase in imports was in wool to the amount of \$10,412,126.

Heaviest gains in exports was in cotton, and paper and its manufactures.

Heaviest gain in exports was in meat and dairy products—nearly \$8,000,000.

Receipts of Boston postoffice for 1909 showed a gain of nearly \$500,000 over 1908.

A notable increase in the steamship service with foreign ports inaugurated and pending.



(Photo by Litchfield Studio, Arlington.)
MRS. MARY-ABBY PROCTOR.
State director of Sons and Daughters of the Revolution, who has charge of exercises.

GAS COMPANIES SEEK TO MERGE

There was a hearing before the gas and electric light commissioners at the State House today on the petitions of the Lynn Gas and Electric Company and the Marblehead Gas and Electric Companies for the right to consolidate. Benjamin N. Johnson of Lynn appeared for the Lynn company and Charles F. Pritchard of the Marblehead company for its interests. It is proposed that the shareholders in the Marblehead company shall exchange eight shares of that stock for one in the Lynn company; that the latter may issue 325 shares of new stock of which 25 shall be used in exchange for the 200 shares in the Marblehead company and the remainder shall be used in paying the liabilities of the latter company. The hearing was closed.

The Lynn company thought it a fair proposition if it takes over the Marblehead company to make the price of gas \$1.25; consumers in Marblehead are now paying \$1.88. The price in Lynn is 80 cents, but the fact that the Lynn company will have to develop the business, which now consists of about 6,000,000 cubic feet; will have to lay 40,000 feet of new pipe, which is no picnic in Marblehead, and maintain a pumping plant, is thought to be sufficient consideration for charging the higher price.

Selectmen George W. Thornburn, Nathaniel Lyons and Chapman, Representative Arthur S. Adams, Robert C. Bridge, Henry P. P. Wilkins and Town Clerk William T. Litchman said Marblehead will welcome consolidation, if it can get better gas and more of it. Mr. Adams thought that dollar gas was about the right thing, but with the reduction promised would favor the proposition.

BEVERLY TALKS NEW FIRE MOTOR

BEVERLY, Mass.—Beverly may join the ranks of cities and towns having motor-propelled fire apparatus. The need of a new wagon at North Beverly and the demand for protection at the cove and at Ryal Sides are three things which help along the motor proposition.

The city council committee on fire department will report to the aldermen this evening an ordinance regulating the duties of the superintendent of fire alarm.

EPWORTH LEAGUE CONVENTION.

The twenty-fifth annual convention of the Cambridge district Epworth League, of which Arthur F. Macey of Charlestown is president, will take place all day Tuesday at the Grace Methodist Episcopal church, Cambridge.

AMERICAN PRODUCES WORK.

ROME—Ernest Schelling, an American pianist, performed his own "Suite Fantastique" at an orchestral concert at the Amphitheater here Sunday. The audience of 5000 echoed his work.

BOSTON COMMERCE CHAMBER DECLARES FUTURE IS BRIGHTER

(Continued from Page One.)

number of idle freight cars was greatly reduced.

"The estimated total trade of the country was \$3,226,000,000, an increase of 12.4 per cent over the estimated total trade of 1908, and but \$220,000,000 less than the record trade achieved in the year 1907. Business failures decreased by one sixth over the year previous and the number of new enterprises set on foot established a new record.

"The crops, while not in volume breaking the record of past years, showed an increase of 12.6 per cent in value over 1908. Purchases of railroads for improvements became heavier and promised greater expansion in the coming year, while the boom in the building trades was not only productive of considerable profit, but also indicated a generally increasing need of better facilities with which to do business.

"A confident belief that 1910 will be a prosperous year is held by all those who have reviewed the condition," says the report. "The business revival should during the year become complete and the last marks of the panic of 1907 be swept away in the tide of agricultural, industrial and commercial advance.

"The foreign commerce of the country shows an increase of \$334,532,923. The total trade has never been exceeded except in the record year of 1907 and another increase in 1910 like last year's would break all past records. The exports, as has been said, fell off slightly, while the imports increased nearly \$360,000,000; but the excess of exports over imports is still maintained, \$250,000,000 worth more goods having been shipped abroad than were brought into the country."

The report states that Boston during the past year climbed into third place among the ports of the country, having dropped from second place to fourth a year ago. The report of the United States bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor for February ranked Boston as the second port of the country, her remarkable increase in imports being responsible. The third port, Philadelphia, was \$6,000,000 behind. Boston's increase in the import trade of 1909 over 1908 was 42.5 per cent, the greatest of any port in the country. The export trade fell off generally, but Philadelphia and Puget sound showed a greater percentage of decrease than Boston.

The in transit and transshipment trade passing through the port amounted to \$35,749,683, as against \$27,415,939 in 1908. The total foreign trade passing through the port during 1909 was \$235,718,231, against \$200,891,456 in 1908.

The duties collected at the custom house during the year 1909 amounted to \$30,596,386.73 and the miscellaneous receipts \$357,919.12, making the total receipts during 1909 \$30,954,305.85 as compared with \$22,561,793.06 in 1908. The internal revenue collections for the district of Massachusetts in 1909 amounted to \$4,199,316.57 compared with \$3,866,764.01 in 1908, an increase of \$332,552.56.

The receipts of the Boston postoffice for 1909 were \$5,969,343.28, a gain of nearly \$500,000 over 1908, when they were \$5,495,014.63.

During 1909 there was an increase of 35 vessels in the total number of arrivals from foreign ports as compared with the previous year, and the general conditions showed a marked improvement. The inauguration of a new steamship service to Cuba, and the entry of the Navigazione Generale Italiana line into the Boston-Mediterranean service, were among the most notable events of the year. The Deutsch-Austral line added a service between Australia and Boston, the first steamer leaving the antipodes in December. It was announced that monthly sailings would be maintained. Other steamship lines, attracted by the possibilities here, were negotiating for berthing facilities, and the Austro-Mediterranean and New York, sent several steamers here. The trade with oriental ports has shown a material growth during the year, and the lines from India and Ceylon and from South America have maintained regular sailings.

There was an increase of 345 vessels and 1,553,505 gross tons in the arrivals at Boston from southern ports, and 221 vessels and 152,303 gross tons in the arrivals from eastern ports, a total increase of 566 vessels and 1,715,808 gross in comparison with the preceding year. There was an increase of 808 in the number of inward cabin passengers arriving and 15,544 increase in the steerage arrivals compared with 1908. The total number of cabin passengers (both inward and outward), was slightly more, and the total in the steerage was a little over a thousand more than in 1908.

The report of the Boston markets ranged from the best demand for flour for years to generally satisfactory.

SWEDISH FORM REPUBLICAN CLUBS.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Atty. Charles H. Johnson of Boston, president of the Swedish-American Republican Club of Massachusetts, visited Worcester Sunday and made plans with officials of the Swedish-American Republican Clubs of Worcester, for a series of mass meetings to organize Republican clubs through Massachusetts.

ALDERMEN MEET AT BREAKFAST.

The Somerville aldermen met at the unusual hour of 8 o'clock this morning because they had to draw jurors for several small cases which it is desired to try at once in the superior court at East Cambridge.

LABOR CRITICIZES ADMIRAL BOWLES

Mass Meeting of Machinists at Faneuil Hall Censures Head of Fore River Ship Building Company.

Rear Admiral Francis T. Bowles, president of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, was censured for endeavoring to have the employees of the company petition Congress to drop the clause from the naval appropriation bill now pending, which provides that the new battleships built under it must be built under the eight-hour workaday system, at a mass meeting of machinists, both union and non-union, in Faneuil hall on Sunday afternoon.

It is said by the officers of the company that if this clause is not dropped it will be impossible for the company to build government vessels at a fair profit and that all shipbuilding will therefore have to be done at the navy yards at a great additional expense to the government, and loss to the workmen in private yards like Fore River.

The meeting was called for the consideration of the demands of the machinists for an increased scale of wages to become effective June 1, but the speakers took occasion to criticize President Bowles for his attitude.

PARLIAMENT GREETES THE EX-PRESIDENT IN HUNGARIAN CAPITAL

(Continued from Page One.)

Khuen von Hedervary, premier, and was then taken in charge by Count Apponyi, an old friend.

In the evening the count gave a dinner for Mr. Roosevelt, at which the legislative leaders, Archduke Joseph and the Baron and Baroness von Hengelmüller were present.

He broke away from his entertainers long enough to visit Francis Kossuth, the leader of the united opposition party, at his house. This visit was wholly unexpected and served to increase the enthusiasm of the people.

A three-hour automobile trip over the city was the principal event of the afternoon.

Practically the whole of Tuesday will be consumed in a trip by special train to the state Arab stud at Babolna, as the guest of the minister of agriculture. The premier's dinner will be the concluding function of Colonel Roosevelt's visit to the dual monarchy.

The ex-President authorizes a categorical denial of reports telegraphed from Vienna that he discussed with Emperor Francis Joseph, the question of the limitation of armaments, with the intention of continuing to press the question at Paris, Berlin and London.

PARIS—Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel arrived here Sunday night from Avignon, where they had been spending a day or two, visiting the points of interest. They were met at the station by Ambassador and Mrs. Bacon and driven to the Bacon residence, where they will remain pending the arrival of Colonel Roosevelt.

Paris Arranges a Round of Fetes for Ex-President

PARIS—The arrangements for Mr. Roosevelt's visit to Paris indicate a week of continual activity. The city as well as the government wishes to extend the highest honors to the ex-President. He will be the guest of President Fallieres at the Elysee Palace on April 22, and will be Foreign Minister Pichon's guest on April 27, while the city council is planning a reception or a luncheon at the city hall for April 25.

RECEPTION FOR G. A. R. VETERANS.

The forty-third anniversary of Abraham Lincoln post and the twenty-sixth anniversary of Abraham Lincoln relief corps will be celebrated jointly on Tuesday evening, April 26, with a reception, banquet and musical and literary entertainment.

EUROPEANS SEEK REFORM.

PARIS—Fourteen nations were represented today at a conference in the office of Foreign Minister Pichon, to consider means for the suppression of the white slave traffic. M. Pichon presided and praised the work of America in inaugurating the international crusade.

POSTPONES PANAMA TRIP.

WASHINGTON—Secretary of War Dickinson for the second time has postponed his trip to inspect the Panama canal. Pressure of public business makes it impossible for him to leave Washington at this time.

B. & O. GRANTS INCREASE.

BALTIMORE—After a conference lasting less than a week, the Baltimore & Ohio today agreed to make substantial increases in the wages of its firemen and to grant the improved working conditions demanded by the men.

CAR WORKS TO OPEN SOON.

WORCESTER, Mass.—The new works of the Osgood Bradley Car Company in Greenvale will be running in full blast within 30 days, according to a prediction by President John E. Bradley.

AUGUST BELMONT AT FALMOUTH.

FALMOUTH, Mass.—August Belmont and his wife, who was Miss Eleanor Tobson, have taken a cottage here and will spend the late spring and summer in Falmouth.

COMMITTEE SHUTS LICENSING OFFICE TO FACILITATE WORK

The offices of the Boston licensing board are not open to the public today, and the members of the board and the clerks are working behind closed doors. They will have day and night sessions until May 1, working tomorrow. No public hearings will be given or persons having business with the board received until next week.

The board has several thousand individual licenses to sign, among them being those for liquor, common victuals and innholders, billiard, pool, sippio tables and bowling alleys, ice cream, confectionery, soda water and fruit (Sunday special permits); and intelligence offices. The board claims it takes 10 full days to sign these licenses, as each member must personally write his signature on a license application whether approved or disapproved.

Because of the bar and bottle bill discussion in the present General Court the board a week ago declared it would hold up the granting of all licenses until the last minute, setting April 18 as the date to start in. They expected that on this day they would know something more definite about the status of the bill.

As the bill is no clearer to them now than a week ago they will issue all licenses allowed by law and let the court decide on the legality of the question should the bar and bottle bill become a law to take effect on its passage.

DUE TO DISCUSS THE REVOLUTION

An illustrated lecture on revolutionary times, prepared by Dr. Ida Dudley Clapp at the request of the National Society, Daughters of the Revolution, will be given under the auspices of the Dorothy Q. chapter at Hotel Vendome, April 30.

This lecture, which has been given under the auspices of many state societies, has met with marked approval and success. It is intended to be an educational factor and to assist in the work which the society is doing along civic and patriotic lines.

PORTO RICO ASKS FOR UNIVERSITY

SAN JUAN, P. R.—Governor Colton has given out a statement in which he says he asked Secretary of War Dickinson to include in the Olmstead bill an appropriation of \$100,000 for a Pan-American University, the existing Porto Rico University to serve as the nucleus for the new institution.

V. J. Bryan will appear before the committee on insular affairs to urge the establishment of the university. The work of taking the census has begun here. There are 1040 enumerators.

ENGLAND'S AUTO MEN IN COMBINE

LONDON—A combination of motor car manufacturers, said to be based on the system in vogue in the United States, is in process of formation in England, and already practically all the biggest firms of manufacturers and dealers have given adhesion. The combination is called the Motor Trades Association, and is designed to prevent dealers from selling below catalogue price or making discounts to purchasers.

A committee of management has been elected.

LORD'S DAY WORK SECRETARY DINED

The Rev. Martin D. Kneeland, secretary of the Lord's Day League of New England, was given a luncheon at the Hotel Commonwealth at noon today on the eve of his departure for Europe to attend a number of conventions of the league. The luncheon today was presided over by ex-Gov. John L. Bates, ex-Gov. John D. Long being the principal speaker.

A large number of clergymen and friends of Mr. Kneeland were among the guests.

COMMERCIAL CLUB MEETING.

At its next regular meeting on Thursday evening at the Algonquin Club the Commercial Club will entertain Mayor Fitzgerald, who will speak briefly, and Capt. J. W. Miller, U.S.N., vice-president of the Cape Cod Construction Company, who will address the club on "The History and Economic Value of Canals." The meeting will be held at 6:30 p. m. and dinner will be served at 7.

MRS. TAFT HAS NEW SECRETARY.

WASHINGTON—Miss Mary Danridge Spiers has resigned as social secretary at the White House, after having served two weeks in that capacity. Miss M. K. Letterman, a clerk in the state department, was appointed today, to succeed Miss Spiers.

BAR AND BOTTLE BILL.

The bar and bottle bill is still in the hands of the committee on engrossed bills this afternoon, and the question of its enactment was not brought before the House. Several important affairs were laid over until Wednesday, principally because of the small attendance.

LUNCHEON FOR MR. SHACKLETON.

NEW YORK—Sir Ernest H. Shackleton, the south pole explorer, attended a luncheon in his honor in the New York Press Club today at 1 o'clock. Mayor Gaynor was there.

A SPECIAL PRIVILEGE

TO ORDER, SHEFFIELD PLATE
OR DUTCH SILVER AND NOT
ACCEPT IF UNSATISFACTORY

On Wednesday, May 4, one of our representatives will sail for Europe to visit the silver factories in England and Holland.

He has had twenty-two years' experience in the Silver trade, and goes to make our annual purchases in this branch of the business.

Before starting, however, he will be pleased to take special orders for any article in Sheffield Plate, or a choice piece of Dutch Silver from Holland.

The opportunity is yours. He will personally select any article suggested, having same included in our regular shipment.

Should you, after inspecting the article, decide not to take same, you will be at liberty to refuse it.

He may be seen in our suite of Furnished Rooms, third floor, department of Interior Decoration,

Wednesday and Thursday, April 20 and 21



ELECTION TOMORROW TO SHOW VOTERS' ATTITUDE ON TARIFF

Congressional District Decides Between George W. Aldridge, Republican, and James S. Haven, Democrat, Who Has Campaigned Against High Protection.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Probably the most direct line yet obtained on the attitude of American workmen in manufacturing districts on the Payne-Aldrich tariff law will be furnished by the election here tomorrow of a congressman to succeed the late James Breck Perkins. George W. Aldridge, for a decade the Republican leader of Monroe county, is the Republican candidate, while James S. Haven, a corporation lawyer and old line Cleveland Democrat, is his opponent.

Mr. Haven has made his fight on a pledge for "tariff for revenue only," devoting his campaign to pointing out the association between the present high cost of living and the recently enacted tariff bill.

Mr. Aldridge has declared that the "tariff question is already satisfactorily settled."

This congressional district is made up largely of manufacturing communities

and Mr. Aldridge has made a strong appeal to the labor population for support of the tariff law. Mr. Haven has argued that the corporations and not the wage earners were the beneficiaries of the tariff bill. Today every union labor man in the district received a letter from President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, endorsing Mr. Haven and citing that he favors anti-injunction legislation covering labor disputes, while Mr. Aldridge does not.

Owing to the thoroughness with which the tariff questions have been threshed out by both sides during the past few weeks, tomorrow's vote will be watched with keen interest by political leaders the country over, as indicating the trend of public opinion on the tariff matter.

It is the general opinion today that the Democrats will be unable to overcome a normal Republican majority of 10,000 in this district.

OBERLIN CARTER ADJUDGED GUILTY

WASHINGTON—After a lapse of 18 years Oberlin M. Carter, former captain of the United States engineer corps, was today formally adjudged guilty by the supreme court of the United States of participation in the notorious Savannah harbor frauds. Carter only recently finished a five-year sentence in the Leavenworth penitentiary after being found guilty by the military court martial. He appealed. The supreme court today also granted the government the right to recover \$400,000 from Carter.

NEW YORK ROAD'S MEDIATORS MEET

NEW YORK—E. E. Clark, a member of the interstate commerce commission, and P. E. Morrissey of the Railroad Investors Association, appointed members of the board of arbitration in the wage scale dispute between the New York Central and its trainmen and conductors, held their first meeting today in the private office of Vice-President Crowley of the New York Central. The meeting of the arbitrators will be secret. The sessions will continue several days.

CAUSES ARREST OF DE GATIGNY.

TOURS, France—Count and Countess de Gatigny, at the instance of Mrs. Charles Hamilton Paine, formerly of Boston but now of Paris, have been arrested here, charged with misrepresentation in connection with the sale of paintings alleged to be the work of great masters. The countess was Miss Francesc Lunt of Boston.

VICE-PRESIDENT AT UTICA.

UTICA, N. Y.—Vice-President and Mrs. Sherman, the latter's brother, Sherrill Babcock, and the Vice-President's secretary, Harry L. Davenport, arrived from Washington on Sunday. They will return to Washington late tonight, immediately at the close of the dinner of the Republican Club, at which Mr. Sherman is to preside as toastmaster.

ENDEAVOR UNION MEETS TUESDAY

WOBURN, Mass.—The Middlesex county Christian Endeavor Union is to hold its annual convention in the First church, Tuesday afternoon and evening on the twenty-first anniversary of the union. The convention topic is "Consecrated Christian Courage," and the principal speakers are: E. H. Horsford of Malden, "Christian Courage, and Business Problems"; the Rev. Herbert Johnson of Boston, "High Power Men and Women"; John J. Higgins, district attorney for Middlesex county of Somerville; "Facing the Facts in Middlesex"; and the Rev. Smith Baker, D.D. of Lowell, "Standing Alone."

COLONEL WATTS GOES TO LEILEHUA

HONOLULU—Colonel Schuyler is to leave. Lieutenant-Colonel Watts will arrive from the coast in June to take command of the post at Leilehua vice Colonel Schuyler; the present commanding officer.

Colonel Watts is a fine officer with a splendid record and bears the reputation of having a great love for his profession.

WOBURN WOMEN'S CLUB OFFICERS.

WOBURN, Mass.—The Woburn Women's Club has elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Alice Baird Mann; vice-presidents, Mrs. H. Josephine Hayward and Mrs. Mabel O. Blodgett; recording clerk, Miss Grace M. Leslie; corresponding clerk, Miss Carrie A. Richardson; treasurer, Mrs. L. Edna Foss; auditor, Mrs. Carrie B. Fox; directors for four years, Mrs. Nena D. Gage and Mrs. Gertrude W. Linscott.

WOBURN SENIORS ACT TONIGHT.

WOBURN, Mass.—The annual senior class play is to be given in Lyceum hall this evening under the direction of Miss Charlotte R. Lowell, who has had charge of the dramatics of the school for the past three years. The title of the play is "The Time of His Life."

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AND FLEXIBLE
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U. S. A.
Made in
SHEETS, RODS,
TUBES, WASHERS,
DISCS and Special

MILK COMPROMISE PREDICTED BY HEAD OF LOCAL CONCERN

Brigham Company Manager
Expects Summer Prices
Will Be Settled Definitely
by May 1.

REJECT ONE OFFER

There is no occasion to become alarmed over the milk situation, is the opinion today of Manager J. R. Whiting of the C. Brigham Company, who believes that some compromise will be effected between the producers of milk and the contractors before May 1, the time when the summer prices will be definitely decided.

"At the meeting last week the Boston Cooperative Milk Producers Company set before us a proposition by which contractors should continue to pay winter prices," said Mr. Whiting. "We were given 48 hours to reject or accept this proposition. We rejected it at once, because we did not feel that conditions warranted the advance in the usual summer price. It has been customary in former years for producers and contractors to agree upon the winter schedule beginning Oct. 1 and upon the summer schedule beginning April 1. On account of the droughts last fall the contractors were satisfied to begin the winter prices Sept. 1, to continue until May 1, which was an increase of two months over the usual winter period.

"We shall have another meeting with the producers next week, and I think that some compromise will be reached. Of course there has been some increase in the cost of production, which will probably result in a somewhat higher price this summer than usual. The producers may withhold a part of their supply for a time, in an attempt to force us to meet their unreasonable demands, but we anticipate no serious trouble. The report that many producers will take this opportunity to retire from business, in case the contractors fail to meet their prices is not well founded. They have been well satisfied with our last year's winter agreement, and will probably be willing to meet us half way in a compromise."

It was reported Sunday that W. A. Hunter, clerk of the Boston Cooperative Milk Producers Company, had mailed circulars to all the members calling their attention to the refusal of their demands and asking them to withhold all milk from the Boston market after May 1 unless the present prices are continued. Several years ago the farmers refrained from sending milk for a space of 15 days, but the contractors were then able to supply the city by sending to distant points.

CHELSEA BRIDGE WILL BE RAISED

Preparations are being made in Chelsea for raising the grade of Washington avenue from Crescent avenue to the bridge and from Fay square to the bridge. The street will be raised two feet at the bridge approach, while a new bridge will be built to accommodate another track contemplated by the Boston & Albany road. The abutment on the southerly side will have to be rebuilt.

For the last two weeks the company's engineers have been making a survey of the street and buildings in the vicinity.

RADCLIFFE SPRING VACATION.

The Radcliffe spring vacation begins today (Monday, April 18), continuing till April 25.

MONITORIALS

By Nixon Waterman

THE COMET'S TAIL.

If the comet has lost the tail it wore,
In drawing near the sun,
It should go at once to a retail store
And get another one.

Among the stars which now prevail,
Unless it wears its rich
Vast sweep of light we call a tail,
We won't know which is switch.

The wireless telegraph is good,
The horseless carriage, clever,
But would we get us, if we could,
A tailless comet? Never!

The millions of busy housewives of the land who are being listed by the census enumerators as having "no occupation" will all continue to know better even if "Uncle Sam" does not find it out.

HARDLY FAIR.

It's true, as near as I can learn,
That men who own a ship,
No matter how much it may earn,
Still "dock" it every trip.

The spring poets can now go at their work with increased vigor and hopefulness since a volume by Edgar Allan Poe has just sold for \$785. Their future greatness seems to be assured if they will only make their poetry as poetic as Poe's Poe-etry is.

Now that the baseball season has been officially opened it may be definitely stated that in the great national game diamonds are trumps.

Five-year-old — Mama, papa is the nicest man in the world, isn't he?
Mama—Yes, dear, but why do you ask?
"Oh, I was just wondering if you hadn't married papa what L would have done if you had married the man in the candy store at the corner."

MUTUAL REGARD.

"Twinkle, twinkle, little star,
How we wonder what you are,"
And we wonder, too, if thus
You are wondering at us.

City man—You do not mean to tell me that you have grown such a fine garden without employing any outside help?
Suburbanite—Yes, my garden is an entirely hoe-made affair.

MISLEADING.

A sewing woman may be one
Each of us truly deems
A friend although of course we know
She is not what she "seams."

PERHAPS SO.

Hydon—Is there something in the way his shoes are made that enables the dog dancer to step around so lively?
Seck—Yes, I suspect that their soles were cut out by a jig saw.

THE IDLE ONE.

He never earns a cent and yet
He lets his busy brothers
Support him; quite content to get
His "sponge"-cake from the others.

THE HOUSEKEEPER

Hints That May Help.

BLOUSE COAT FOR MISSES.

The simple coat that can be worn with or without a belt is especially desirable for warm weather. This one can be treated in that way and also can be made with full three quarter or plain long sleeves. It is closed at the left of the front in Russian style and can be finished with a square neck or made high with a collar as liked. It consists of simple straight fronts and back. When belted it gives a blouse effect.

The quantity of material required for the 16-year size is 3½ yards 27, 2½ yards 44 or 2½ yards 52 inches wide, ¾ yard 27 inches wide for the trimming.

The pattern, No. 6636, may be had in sizes for girls of 14, 16 and 18 years of age and can be obtained at any May Manton agency or will be mailed to any address on receipt of price (10c). Address 132 East Twenty-third street, New York, or Masonic temple, Chicago.

SOME TRIED RECIPES.
MUSHROOMS A LA CREME.
Though mushrooms are 40 cents a pound, housewives may like to serve them occasionally, as they may be found in fairly good quality in market. An excellent rule for "mushrooms a la creme" is the following: Select the finest mushrooms possible; peel them carefully, cut off the stems and drop them as they are peeled into water acidulated with lemon juice—a tablespoonful to every quart of water. This prevents them from turning black. For every pound heat a tablespoonful of butter in an agate or porcelain lined pan. Drain the mushrooms and put them into the pan.

Cook slowly in butter about five minutes, add a teaspoonful of flour and half a cupful of sweet cream, with salt and pepper to taste, cook two minutes longer. Have ready six slices of toasted bread two inches square. Pile the mushrooms over the toast and serve.

MACARONI LOAF.

A macaroni loaf may be served occasionally at dinner, instead of meat. The loaf is prepared like the ordinary baked macaroni, with cheese, except that the mixture is baked until the macaroni has absorbed all the milk and is stiff enough to stand alone. Just before serving pour a tomato sauce over the loaf. The mold should be buttered well, so that the loaf can be easily turned out.—N. Y. Tribune.

FEATHER GRIDDLE CAKES.

Make a batter overnight of a pint of water or milk, a teaspoonful of salt, one-half teaspoonful of yeast and flour enough for a light batter. In the morning add a teaspoonful of thick or sour milk, two eggs, well beaten, a tablespoonful of melted butter, a level teaspoonful of soda and flour to the consistency of cake batter. Let all stand 20 minutes and bake. A good time to make these cakes is when you set sponge for bread. Use some of the sponge for the cake batter.—"Chef" in Exchange.

ITALIAN BEEF STEW.

The substitution of canned tomatoes for water makes an Italian beef stew out of an ordinary stew, and the flavor is much finer and richer than when water is used. Select tomatoes that have plenty of juice.

ORANGE PUDDING.

Heat four teaspoonfuls of milk to the boiling point in the double boiler, stir in one teaspoonful of crumbs and let them stand for five minutes. Add one teaspoonful of sugar, one half of a teaspoonful of butter, the grated rind of two oranges and one fourth of a teaspoonful of salt. Beat four eggs until light, add to the mixture with the juice of two oranges, turn into a pudding dish. Bake in

a moderate oven—and serve with cold sauce.

CHOCOLATE POUND CAKE.

Cream one cupful of butter, add one teaspoonful of sugar, the yolks of five eggs beaten until thick and lemon colored, two teaspoonfuls of flour, one teaspoonful of raisins chopped fine and one fourth of a teaspoonful of grated chocolate. Beat hard, cut and fold in the whites of the eggs beaten until stiff. Pour into buttered pans and bake one hour in a moderate oven. When partially cool put together with chocolate icing.

IN THE SHOPS OF ADVERTISERS.
The soda fountain is a well established American institution and few citizens properly brought up can resist its seductive gurgle in warm weather. But there are soda fountains and soda fountains and it is always well to inquire into the reputation of an establishment as regards its cleanliness and amenity. If down town you cannot do better than call at Lowrey's, 416 Washington street, where you will get drinks skillfully concocted out of pure materials, and what is also important, receive courteous attention.

Now is the time for planting hardy plants, shrubs, trees and vines, and every one who has a garden should see to it that they get their plants from a reliable source. R. J. Farquhar & Co., Boston, who devote over 100 acres to nursery stock, will on request mail you their catalogue in which you will find every necessary information.

Every one admires and desires to have fine pearly-white teeth, and the prerequisite to this end is to have at hand a reliable tooth powder for cleansing purposes. Dr. Lyons Perfect tooth powder, which has a wide reputation, will cleanse and beautify the teeth and impart purity and fragrance to the breath. All druggists sell it.

If you would bid goodbye to dirt and drudgery use Old Dutch cleanser, which has a far-flown reputation and has attained the dignity of a domestic institution. For cleaning wood, linoleum or stone it is invaluable as it is quickly, easily and effectively applied. It is supplied in large sifter cans which cost 10 cents and can be got from all grocers.

Now is the time for men to buy clothes for midsummer wear. Blue serge are always in fashion and they are both dressy and cool. At Richardson's, 388 Washington street, Boston, you will find a large stock of two and three-piece suits of superior style and fit. The "Benjamin clothes" in light colors will also satisfy you. Suits and overcoats run in prices from \$18 to \$25.

The Dart Cereal Company caution the buyers of their pulverized peas and beans not to use too much, as one tablespoonful is enough for three full plates of soup. This preparation contains the solid concentrated nourishment extracted from ripe, juicy peas and beans and nothing else and a tablespoonful of it contains more real food and more delicate, luscious flavor than a quart of dried peas and beans. In preparing it all you have to do is to mix it with a little water, season and boil for half an hour. It is for sale at all grocers, and one package only costing 15 cents, all housewives should give it a trial.

Leopold Morse & Co. of Adams square, Boston, say there is no "guesswork" in the make-up of their well-known "Morse-Made garments," and they undertake to dress every man to his liking. They are offering special silk-lined overcoats at from \$20 to \$35, and their superior suits range in price from \$25 to \$35. They are also making a "service suit" for boys made from Scotch worsted and blue serge at \$6, which they guarantee in every respect.

What adds to the comfort of a woman's dress and secures cleanliness, especially in warm weather, is to have it fitted with a reliable dress shield. The Naiad Dress Shield possesses two important and exclusive features. It does not deteriorate with age and crumple in the dress, and can be easily sterilized by immersion in boiling water for a few seconds. If you cannot get it handily at the stores, a sample pair will be forwarded to you by the manufacturers, the C. E. Conover Company, 101 Franklin street, New York, on receipt of 25 cents.

Chandler & Co. of Tremont street, near West, will make today (Monday) a special presentation of what they are able to do in French millinery of their own designing, made entirely from imported French materials at prices ranging from \$10 to \$75. They will show at the same time new specialties in motor bonnets and banded sailor hats in exclusive styles.

In their Monday sale Chandler & Co. will offer choice new merchandise, including silk petticoats, new leather belts, real kid piggy gloves, corsets and muslins; remnant lots of one yard punjab shantung, double width foulards and French voiles, new white goods, French muslin and French batiste, dotted Swiss muslins, handkerchief linens and embroidered white linen dress patterns. These and other goods will be sold at special prices.

WELLESLEY GIRLS HEAR MR. FILENE

WELLESLEY, Mass.—Wellesley College girls were told of the "Boston-1016" movement, the organization and purposes of the Boston City Club and the need of a women's city club, by Edward A. Filene Sunday afternoon. Mr. Filene said:

"Civic work would be incomplete without the cooperation of the women. I want to see a women's city club formed to help along, for the stand taken by the men in civic work depends on that taken by their womenfolk."

In the Realms of Music

SYMPHONY CONCERT.

LISZT'S "Faust" symphony, in three character pictures, was performed in Symphony hall Saturday evening at the twenty-second concert of the Boston Symphony orchestra. Singers from the Apollo Club, including James H. Rattigan, tenor, assisted in the choral finale and tenor solo. There was but one other number on the program, Ducas's Suite Française in D major, which had its first performance in America. The new suite was in four short movements: Overture, Bourree, Recitativo et Air, Menuet viv.

There have probably never been audiences in Boston more competent to judge of the merits of Liszt's musical analysis of Goethe's great "Faust" poem than the audiences of the symphony rehearsal and concert of last week. For the three characters of "Faust," Marguerite and Mephistopheles have been presented so often this winter in opera that they have become a part of the musical consciousness of the city. There has been exposition of them. It was left to Mr. Fiedler to give a moment near the close of the season for a contemplative review of them.

Those who went to the symphony concert prepared to hear a dramatic presentation of the "Faust" legend were certainly disappointed, for Liszt's purpose in writing his symphonic poem was to separate Faust, Gretchen and Mephistopheles from the action of the drama and to picture them in their intrinsic character. There are no scenes in this music of Liszt. The composer did not seek to reproduce the work of the poet, but to give musical, sentimental—some like to say philosophical—definition to his three leading ideas.

Liszt risked much in thus resolving Goethe's poem to its elements, for Faust, Marguerite and Mephistopheles, apart from their relations with one another, cannot be interesting to everybody; can be interesting, indeed, only to those who know their Goethe well. But Liszt was not afraid to take a musical risk. He could have written a symphonic poem narrating circumstantially the events of Gretchen's life, had he chosen to do so; his intention, however, was to portray character apart from circumstance. Some have thought the composer more successful in the "Gretchen" division of the symphonic poem than in either of the other two; and here undoubtedly he kept his music freest from everything theatrical.

The symphony subscribers of the Saturday evenings are liberal to new music; but they do not applaud a piece just because it puzzles them. They understood the Liszt tone poem and applauded both music and performers; but they withheld judgment on the Ducas suite. There is no doubt that Ducas's work has a French composer's success of fitting his matter to his form. He chose to write a suite containing a bourree and a minuet because he had ideas that expressed themselves best through the medium of these old dances. Like Ravel, Ducas seems to have taken Berlioz as his starting point instead of the generation of French composers immediately preceding his own. He is restrained in the use of color effects; perhaps he has little genius for them. He is brilliant almost to the point of impudence in rhythmic invention.

Another work of his is to be presented in Boston Tuesday night at the concert of the Boston Orchestral Club—his Variations piansantes.

PENSION FUND CONCERT.

The Boston Symphony orchestra gave a concert in aid of its pension fund Sunday evening before an audience that filled Symphony hall. The program on the orchestral side was in the main Wagnerian and Mr. Fiedler won enthusiastic applause for himself and his men for the performance of the following pieces: Prelude to "The Mastersingers of Nuremberg," prelude to "Lohengrin," prelude and "Love Death" from "Tristan and Isolde," prelude to "Parsifal," overture to "Tannhauser." The only orchestral number not by Wagner was Loeffler's "The Devil's Villanelle."

Soloist Mme. Marcella Sembrich came from the West, where she is on a concert tour, to give the Symphony men the assistance of her voice. She sang, with the accompaniment of the orchestra, Verdi's aria, Ernani, involami, from "Ernani," and with the assistance of Frank La Forge, pianist, she performed the following songs with piano: Brahms, Wie Melodien zieht es mir; Schumann, Auftrage; R. Strauss, Allerseele; Jacques-Dalcroze, L'oiseau bleu; La Forge, To a Messenger.

Those of the audience who have not heard the regular Symphony concerts this season were given an excellent idea of the conductor's methods of interpretation. They heard a different symphony orchestra from that which played in Boston before Mr. Fiedler came and a somewhat different one from that of his first year. They heard effects that have been developed in the orchestra only in recent months, effects that depend on Mr. Fiedler's gift for tone massing. They heard the conductor interpret Wagner in a manner that is new with him, because he has but just now succeeded in bringing the Symphony artists out of their traditional Wagnerian habits and in making their ideas conform with his own.

Some listeners of Sunday evening who remembered the recent Boston performance of the "Meistersinger" may have thought that Mr. Toscanini, the opera conductor, had a better dramatic idea of Wagner than Mr. Fiedler, the concert conductor. But who had the better idea of the German life and thought that underlie the music? Who brought to light things that are deeper rooted than the motives of the drama and more important than any of its incidents? So could sides be taken on a question of art. Wagner always makes us ask ourselves where musical satisfaction is to be found, in opera or in concert; and Wagner himself gives us our answer; for the preludes to his music dramas offer just as broad opportunities for interpretation in one place as in the other; they give scope for the genius both of Mr. Toscanini in the opera house and of Mr. Fiedler in the concert hall.

Mme. Sembrich knows how to put herself on pleasant terms with her audience; success was hers on Sunday evening before she sang a note. Her work was on the same order as that of her appearance this season in the regular series of symphony concerts. Outside of her performance of the "Ernani" aria she was at her best in point of vocal style and in quality of expression in the song by Brahms.

There are probably few soloists to whom Mr. Fiedler would entrust an audience after the heavy Wagnerian list of pieces with which he began the evening. But everybody was glad to stay past the usual concert hour to hear Mme. Sembrich; and after the program was concluded, there were enthusiasts who gathered near the platform and recalled the singer.

FLEET OF FOUR BIG DREDGES SPEEDS CAPE COD CANAL WORK

BARNSTABLE, Mass.—Work on the Cape Cod canal is progressing rapidly. The dredge Nahant, which has been cutting a channel through the beach for several months, has finished the work and the mammoth hydraulic dredge General McKenzie has been towed to the waterway at Sandwich.

The material is being forced into the lowland on the north side of the canal. On the way from the south is another dredge of the same size and pattern as the McKenzie which will also be put at work on this end of the canal.

As the canal is to be 25 feet deep instead of 16, as was originally planned, the dredge Kennedy, which has worked up to the point of Tobey island, has turned around and is working back toward her starting point.

The old Lockwood dredge, which lay in the bottom of the canal, where it went to pieces 25 years ago, has been dynamited. One piece of timber was hurled into the air and as it came down struck the roof of the new warehouse, which was 300 feet away, tore a hole in the roof and traveled the whole length of the building.

WELLESLEY GIRLS GIVE A COTILLION

WELLESLEY, Mass.—The freshmen class at Wellesley entertained Saturday evening with a cotillion at the barn. This was given in place of the regular freshmen play, which has been done away with on account of the heavy social schedule.

The committee in charge was: Misses Carrie Powell '13, Grace Hendrie '10, Helen Frazer '11, Dorothy Connor '12, Marian Price '13, Elizabeth Jackson '13, Mary Johnson '13, and Margaret Wilson '13.

NEW PASTOR AT BOSTON CHURCH.

The Rev. Charles A. Fulton, formerly of Syracuse, N. Y., the new pastor of the Dudley street Baptist church, preached there for the first time Sunday and was warmly greeted by his new parishioners.

FIREBOAT'S KEEL LAID THIS WEEK

Workmen at the shipyard of B. F. Keough in East Boston are arranging to lay the keel of engine No. 48 fireboat this week. The new fireboat will be small in comparison with No. 47, but will be equipped with twin screws and the powerful engines of old No. 31, the original harbor fire defender. She is designed for work at close quarters and where the water is shallow.

VOTE ON BEVERLY CONCERTS.

BEVERLY, Mass.—Cards have been sent out to business men on Cabot street asking for their verdict on the plan of continuing Saturday night band concerts, which have proved features of the summer seasons for many years. The plan is to hold the concerts May 14 to Sept. 15.

CHAMBER JOURNAL ISSUED THIS MONTH UNDER A NEW NAME

"Advance, New England," is the name of the monthly publication of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, heretofore known as the Chamber of Commerce Journal, first copies of which under this heading are being received by members of the chamber today.

The periodical has a new and attractive cover design in green and yellow displaying the seal of the chamber and a new view of the summer residence of President Taft at Beverly. This picture carries the line "The President's Choice—Beverly." This issue has special significance as the summer resort number and contains many illustrations of beautiful summering places of New England.

The chamber is soon to take a new departure in its form of government by framing a representative body designated as the Chamber of Commerce Assembly. It is to be charged somewhat after the national body of representatives and is designed to give the policies and activities of the chamber a support which shall be representative of the whole of the many interests embodied by the membership rather than a few as is at present the case. It is to be composed of three delegates elected by each of 50 or 60 groups into which the membership will be divided, each group representing some special business, profession or trade.

The membership committee which has had in charge the problem of division into groups has very nearly completed its task and each group will shortly be asked to ballot upon the three delegates which have been chosen for its approval by the committee.

The assembly is to meet every two weeks for luncheon and consider all matters of interest to the trade and professions represented in its membership or relating to the various branches of the chamber's work. It will constitute a forum where subjects may be freely discussed and the members will get closer into touch with the work which the organization is accomplishing through its officers and committees. A chairman will preside over the assembly and there will also be a first and second vice-chairman, a committee on luncheon accommodation, a committee on program and a committee on procedure.

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has been prepared by an American dentist since 1866. It cleanses and beautifies the teeth and imparts a pure fragrance to the breath.

ORIENTAL RUGS

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ESTABLISHED 1863

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No other Player-Piano offers so many Desirable Features or accomplishes so much

It is the simplest in construction, the easiest to operate, the least liable to disorders of any kind and will last longer than any other Player-Piano yet produced.

We believe it to be the BEST Player-Piano procurable at any price. Yet our price is a reasonable one, fairly proportioned to the cost of the piano, plus the cost of the player-mechanism. We cordially invite everyone to hear and play this remarkable instrument at our

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HENRY F. MILLER & SONS PIANO CO

PRE-EMINENCE BY MERIT

ONE PRICE SYSTEM

FORMER BOSTONIAN MAKES GOOD START ON SAN DIEGO ROADS

SAN DIEGO, Cal.—After several months of preliminary work the highway commission of this county has begun actual construction on the 425 miles of highways for which work has been planned, a contract having been let to Knight & Hyde, local contractors, for the improvement of Mussey's grade.

This is an important piece of road work, being a section of mountain highway, and the bid of the successful firm was \$20,867.50.

Austin B. Fletcher, formerly of Boston, now secretary-engineer for the highway commission, has a second season and by far the most important of the entire system, ready to be commenced. This highway, commonly known as the Imperial road, is 77 miles in length, and leads out over the mountains in the eastern section of the county, terminating at the Imperial county line. For this section \$227,000 of the \$1,250,000 bonds is allotted for construction.

Mr. Fletcher has recommended to the board of supervisors that this work be done by day labor, thus avoiding right of way troubles and other delays; also the purchase of one complete outfit, at present, of roadbuilding tools and equipment, not to exceed a cost of \$33,000. In his report to the supervisors Mr. Fletcher further states: "It should not be forgotten that much of the machinery, etc., will be useful to the county after the money raised by the bond issue is spent and the roads are built. The roads which the commission is to improve comprise less than 10 per cent of the total mileage of county roads."

The equipment, as recommended by Mr. Fletcher, comprises "one complete outfit of cooking and table utensils; blacksmith's tools, etc., road building tools, appliances, etc., 20 teams of mules and harness, one steam road roller, one traction engine, six traction engine cars, and one steam shovel."

FIRE CAUSES LOSS AT HYDE PARK, VT.

Flames From Jail Destroy
Town Hall, Court House
and 16 Other Buildings—
Town Records Saved.

HYDE PARK, Vt.—A fire that started in the county jail here Sunday spread until the jail, court house, town hall, Congregational church, one store and 13 residences or tenements had been laid in ashes.

The records of the county and of the probate court are in a vault in the court house and their condition is unknown. It is believed, however, that they will be found unharmed. The town records were not damaged, as they were not in the town hall, but at the residence of the town clerk, some distance away.

The list of structures burned, with the estimated loss on each, is: County jail, court house and residence of Sheriff Howard Stevens, total loss on the three, \$15,000; town hall, \$5000; Congregational church, built in 1899, \$15,000; tenement owned by McFarland & Smalley, \$2000; residence County Clerk Luette, \$3500; residence L. R. Fairbanks, \$3000; store of Ferdinand Gauthier, \$2000; residence George Parker, \$2000; tenement owned by H. M. McFarland, \$3000; residence H. M. McFarland, \$12,000; residence A. Lilley, \$3000; residence J. T. Stevens, \$3000; residence Probate Judge E. C. White, \$3000; residence George Eastman, \$3000; residence Noyes G. Wood, \$2500; farm buildings and sugar orchard on farm of Daniel Smith, \$5000; personal property, \$20,000.

At the Railway Terminals

The Baltimore & Ohio railway private car 907, occupied by President Willard and party, which arrived at South station via the New Haven road Saturday, was attached to the 12:01 o'clock New York express this morning en route to Baltimore.

The Boston & Maine road will provide a special train tomorrow for the Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias en route from Lynn to Holyoke and return via the North station.

The Adams Express Company announces the following changes and appointments to take effect May 1 at South station: General Agent C. A. Hartwell having resigned W. J. Johnson of Baltimore is appointed general agent; Assistant General Agent J. Birmingham having resigned Route Agent A. M. Hall is appointed assistant general agent.

The Boston & Maine road received from the Fitchburg shops last week several dining and parlor cars and high back coaches which have been completely refitted and painted.

The New Haven road will furnish a special train from South station at 9:40 o'clock tomorrow morning for the Appalachian Club en route to Greenbush and Scituate. In addition five special cottage extras will be run to Cape Pemberton and Plymouth.

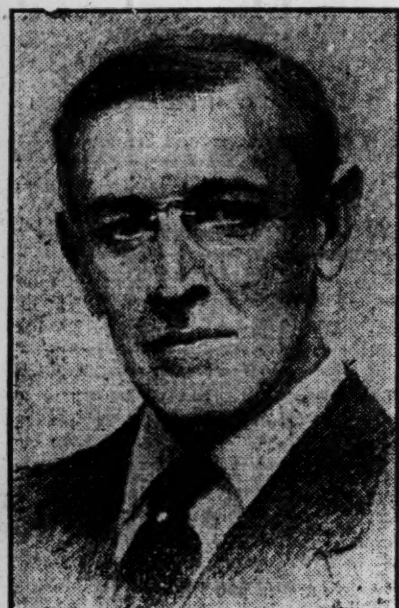
HYDE PARK LECTURE ON BIBLE.
HYDE PARK, Mass.—In the Congregational church at 7:45 o'clock this evening a union meeting will be held, at which the speaker will be Prof. Arthur C. Boyden, principal of Bridgewater normal school, whose subject will be "What is the Nature of Bible School Teaching?"

HEAD OF PRINCETON WARNS COLLEGE TO SERVE THE PEOPLE

President Woodrow Wilson
Asserts Lincoln Would Not
Have Been So Great With
Higher Education.

URGES DEMOCRACY

PITTSBURG, Pa.—Dr. Woodrow Wilson, professor in Princeton University 20 years and its president 18 years, said here Saturday night that Abraham Lincoln would not have been as serviceable to his country if he had been college bred as he was without college



PRESIDENT WOODROW WILSON.
Noted college head who warns institutions of higher learning to adopt a democratic basis.

training. He boldly demanded a reconstruction of American colleges along democratic lines.

President Wilson was speaking at the Princeton alumni dinner. The 200 present applauded him when he began, and when he ended, but did not interrupt him. In some circles this is regarded as an indirect way of expressing disapproval of his sentiments.

Dr. Wilson depicted the future which he believes is immediately before this country and urged the Princeton alumni to render themselves and their institution democratic and participate in the work of regeneration which he declared must be performed. In part he said:

"How does the nation judge Princeton? The institution is intended for the service of the country. And it is by the requirements of the country that it will be measured. I trust I may be thought among the last to blame the churches, yet I feel it my duty to say that they—at least the Protestant churches—are serving the classes and not the masses of the people. It is the same with the universities. We look for the support of the wealthy and neglect our opportunities to serve the people. It is for this reason the state university is held in popular approval, while the privately supported institution to which we belong is coming to suffer a corresponding loss of esteem."

"While attending a recent Lincoln celebration I asked myself if Lincoln would have been as serviceable to the people of this country had he been a college man, and I was obliged to say that he would not. The processes to which the college man are subjected do not render him serviceable to the country as a whole. It is for this reason that I have dedicated every power in me to a democratic regeneration."

"The American college must become saturated in the same sympathies as the common people. The colleges of this country must be reconstructed from the top to the bottom. The American people will tolerate nothing which savors of exclusiveness. They are busy with their moral regeneration, and they want leaders who can help them to accomplish it. Their political parties are going to pieces, and only those leaders who seem able to promise something of a moral advance are able to secure a following. The people are tired of pretense, and I ask you as Princeton men to heed what is going on."

Today's Navy Orders

The following navy orders were posted today at the Charlestown navy yard: Commander W. P. White to duty at the conference held at the naval war college, Newport, R. I.; Lieut.-Commander Cleveland Davis to the battleship Mississippi as executive officer; Lieut.-Commander I. C. Wetzel to the battleship Minnesota to wait orders; Lieut.-Commander Adelbert Althouse from the battleship Vermont to wait orders; Lieut.-Commander D. V. H. Allen to the battleship Nebraska as senior engineer officer; Lieut.-Commander Harris Laning from the Nebraska as navigator; Lieut.-Commander W. D. MacDougall to command the gunboat Wolverine; Lieut. H. L. Wyman from the Nebraska to wait orders; Lieut. V. A. Kimberly from the battleship Virginia to wait orders; Lieut. F. L. Sheffield as senior engineer officer; Lieut. C. C. Soule, Jr., from the Nebraska to wait orders.

NEW PASTOR IN MELROSE PULPIT.
MELROSE, Mass.—The Rev. L. C. Wright, the newly appointed pastor of the First Methodist church, occupied the pulpit for the first time Sunday.

PHOTO OF COMET MADE IN CHICAGO

Pictures Taken at Yerkes
Observatory Show Halley's
Phenomenon Is Growing
Larger and Brighter.

CHICAGO—Halley's comet appeared Sunday morning in a break in the clouds, showing a tail 2,000,000 miles long and with 50 per cent greater luminosity than it yet has displayed.

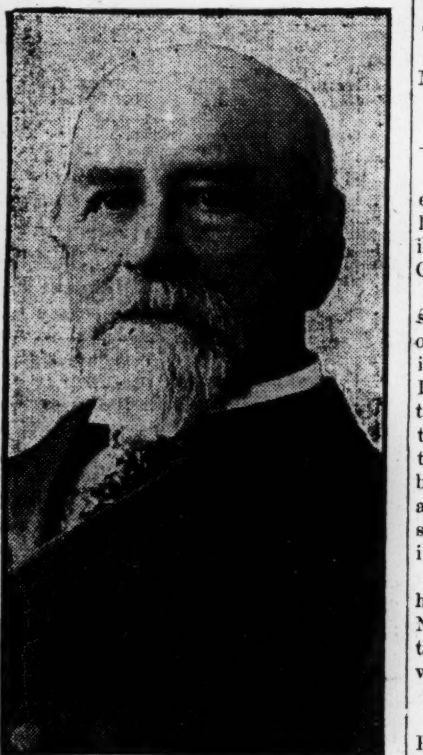
Two photographs were taken at Yerkes observatory by Prof. E. Barnard, and a prolonged observation was made by Prof. E. B. Frost.

"I had no difficulty in locating the comet with the three-inch finder of the great telescope," said Professor Frost. "The tail could be seen plainly with a length of one degree. The tail is shortened owing to the position of the comet, which prevents its entire length from being seen at present."

Officials at the Harvard observatory have not yet been so fortunate as astronomers in Chicago in being able to make a photograph of Halley's comet, but they have been able to see it, they say today. Daily observations are being made and while the comet can be seen it is too faint to photograph and there is no way of determining when it will be sufficiently bright to permit of a negative being made, they declare.

BROOKLINE SCHOOLS GIVEN SILVER MEDAL AS EXTRA ART PRIZE

William H. Lincoln has notified the Brookline school committee that he is willing, in addition to a recent gift of \$5000 for a scholarship fund, to be used in sending pupils who have attended the Lincoln school to college, to add a silver medal to the gifts already provided by him. The medal is to be awarded for excellence in art, and is to be open



WILLIAM H. LINCOLN.
Benefactor of Brookline schools who has just donated special prize for excellence in art.

to competition among high school pupils only.

The school committee has voted to accept the proffered gift, and the secretary of the board was directed to express to Mr. Lincoln the board's appreciation of his liberality. Mr. Lincoln has already donated \$15,000 to aid deserving pupils of the Brookline schools.

Despite the agitation to increase the pay of Brookline school teachers, an adverse report was made public by the school board. The board maintains that at the present time the pay of the teaching staff, in proportion to services rendered, equals that in any other city or town in Massachusetts, with the exception of Boston, which the board maintains is in a special class.

CITIZENS TO PICK NEW TOWN HALL

READING, Mass.—A special town meeting will be held tonight principally for the purpose of taking action on providing a place for town meetings. The meeting has been called at the instigation of citizens who have been circulating a petition, and the selectmen will present a proposition to erect a town hall on the town's land on Pleasant street, adjoining the present building used for town offices. The limit on the seating capacity of Masonic hall has made it necessary to exclude women and children from town meetings, and sometimes some of the voters, and this is objected to on the ground that boys should be given an opportunity to learn how the town's business is conducted. The step recently authorized to legalize town meetings at which voters were denied admittance will be unnecessary if the town builds a hall.

COLONIAL OFFICIAL TO BE TOPIC.

Frank E. Bradish will offer a paper on "James Taylor, Treasurer of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, 1693-1714," at the meeting of the Bostonian Society, Wednesday at 3 p. m., in the council chamber of the old State House.

DEFENDER OF TARIFF, M'KINLAY, IS WANTED BY NEW ENGLANDERS

Republicans Seek to Secure
His Designation to Deliver
Speeches Upholding Payne-
Aldrich Bill.

NEEDED FOR WEST

WASHINGTON—Republican members of the House from New England are worrying the officers of the congressional campaign committee in an effort to secure the designation of Representative Duncan E. McKinlay of California to that section during the fall campaign.



(Photo by Clineinst, Washington, D. C.)
THE HON. DUNCAN E. M'KINLAY
Member of Congress from California, who sees Japanese menace in "free trade."

Early last week Representative Roberts of Massachusetts took Mr. McKinlay, who had just returned from a speaking tour of the middle West, upon his Chelsea district to make a tariff speech.

After the speech, which proved very successful, Mr. Roberts found that some of his colleagues had been ahead of him in demanding the services of Mr. McKinlay next fall. They all seem to agree that his defense of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill as the best revenue measure that ever was placed on the statute books and his refutation of the Iowa idea as the selfish idea of a selfish state constitute a speech that is in a class by itself.

Mr. McKinlay was asked Sunday night how he happened to make such a hit in New England that the ordinarily unemotional voters in Mr. Roberts' district wanted to carry him around the hall on their shoulders.

"Why," he said, "I really don't know. Perhaps it was because they had never had the truth about the tariff pointed out to them in just the same way before. You know this is no academic question with me. I am fighting for my state. Free trade or a materially lower tariff on the products of my state would absolutely ruin California. New England is vitally concerned in other schedules. For instance, cotton goods made in Japan by labor paid at the rate of from 9 to 15 cents a day is a competing factor with New England cotton goods at the present time, duty and transportation rates to the contrary notwithstanding. The Iowa idea is nothing more than a demand for free trade on everything that Iowa buys and protection on everything she produces. Its embodiment in a tariff law would be the most disastrous thing that could possibly happen to the country."

The chances are that while the congressional committee may assign Mr. McKinlay to make a speech or two in New England, most of the time he will be kept busy in the middle West, where conditions are much more serious and the Payne-Aldrich bill needs more defense than in New England.

BRAKEMEN MUST PAY FOR UNIFORM

Boston & Maine brakemen and baggage masters are surprised to realize today that the new adjustment of wages provides that they must buy their own uniforms and caps and that new uniforms will be given only to conductors.

Every baggage master and brakeman has to have two new uniforms yearly and one cap, which cost about \$30 in all. They claim that they have always been given uniforms and caps free and that they did not know that the new adjustment would compel them to pay for them.

WELLESLEY LECTURE ON SPAIN.
WELLESLEY, Mass.—The Circulano Castellano of Wellesley College held an open meeting this afternoon in College hall at which Senorita Marcial of the Spanish department gave an illustrated lecture on Spain.

FREDERIC POOLE

TREMONT TEMPLE
Saturday Aft., April 23, at 2:30. China the Ancient—Pekin and the Great Wall.
Saturday Aft., April 30, at 2:30. China the Modern—The New Celestial Empire.
Beautiful Colored Views, Original Motion Pictures, \$1.00, 75c, and 50c. Admission 25c.

HERRING-BURGESS AEROPLANE MAKES SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT

NEWBURYPORT, Mass.—The new Herring-Burgess aeroplane was successfully tested under favorable conditions Sunday morning at the aeronautical experiment station at Plum Island recently established by W. Starling Burgess.

There were three short trials of the Flying Fish, as the biplane has been named, which establish the new camp as the first headquarters in New England for successful navigation of the air.

The chief feature of the flights, from the viewpoint of the inventors, who attach much importance to their exploit, was the fact that it was the first time a heavier-than-air machine has left the ground from skids, since the Flying Fish is not launched after a preliminary run along a rail, as is the Wright biplane, and is not equipped with the wheels on which several other makes secure the first momentum along the ground before rising into the air.

During the coming week the flights will be continued, and within a month the designers of the new craft hope for a sustained flight of several miles. This expectation is justified, it is claimed, because in two of the three trials the operator's seat was occupied by Mr. Burgess, with no previous experience in motor-driven heavier-than-air craft.

That a novice in the art of aerial navigation was able to bring the short flights to a successful close, the designers of the Flying Fish point out, is a favorable indication of the progress which may be made.

Shortly before 6 o'clock, with A. M. Herring, who designed the machine in cooperation with Mr. Burgess, in the seat, and a number of assistants tugging at either end of the wings, the Flying Fish started on its first trip under power. For some 50 yards the flyer gathered headway along the ground, and then it was found necessary to stop the engine for further adjustment.

Finally on an even keel and under perfect control the little biplane scurried along the ground very much like a water fowl skimming the surface of the water, and then shot gracefully into the air.

With the exception of a short flight at Lake Chebacco last February of a model similar to this machine, these flights were the first to score a notable success by an aeroplane in the New England states.

TECH JUNIOR PROM TOMORROW NIGHT

Show Performance, Concert
and Dance and Baseball
Game Precede Event of the
Institute's Social Season.

The third performance of the Technology show this afternoon and the concert and dance of the musical clubs at Copsey hall this evening will precede the junior prom, the gala event of the social season at M. I. T., tomorrow evening at the Hotel Somerset. This morning at the Tech field in Brookline the architects and a number of the fraternity baseball teams clash in the annual games for the interfraternity championship. The show opens at 2:15 p. m. at the new Shubert theater.

A large number of students are planning to take in the spring concert and dance this evening. Instead of the "prom," Mrs. Richard C. MacLaurin, Mrs. Henry P. Talbot, Mrs. Allyn Merrill, Mrs. Charles E. Breed and Mrs. Edward E. Bugbee are the matrons.

For the "prom" tomorrow evening Mrs. Richard C. MacLaurin, Mrs. Eben S. Draper, Mrs. Curtis Guild, Jr., and Mrs. George Wigglesworth are announced as matrons, with these patronesses: Mrs. Alfred E. Burton, Mrs. Allyn Merrill, Mrs. Frank H. Rand, Mrs. Henry P. Talbot, Mrs. D. C. Jackson, Mrs. Desire Despradelle, Mrs. Charles M. Spofford, Mrs. Davis R. Dewey, Mrs. Gaetano Lanza and Mrs. Robert H. Richards.

FREE CHRISTIAN SOCIETY MEETING

DUXBURY, Mass.—The Free Christian Society will continue its meetings tonight and Tuesday. There has been no general renewal of the definite prediction of last year as to the immediate end of the world.

Elder Robert Swan of Providence immersed 14 converts Sunday in a pond near the chapel at Ashdod. Services had been held during the preceding week, and during the night before the baptisms.

FIRST CATCH OF SHAD ARRIVES.

The first catch of shad to be made in northern waters came in to the Boston market today from Cape Cod. The fish were caught at the Monomoy islands and were received by Atwood & Co., T wharf.

HYDE PARK WANTS COAL BIDS.

HYDE PARK, Mass.—The water commissioners have called for bids on 500 or 1000 tons of coal for use at the pumping stations. Bids must be received before 8 p. m., April 20.

SCHOOLS

LELAND POWERS SCHOOL
177 Huntington Ave., Boston

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street New York 34th Street
On Sale Tuesday, April the 19th.

RIBBON. In Both Stores.

5/8 and 6 1/2 inch Moire Taffeta Ribbon.
A large variety of colors, Black and White.
23c and 29c per yd.
Suitable for millinery and dress wear.

CORSETS. In Both Stores.

J. B. Corsets, with medium high bust, long hips and back. Made of Coutil, boned with Walohn. 1.95
Augustine, J. B. and W. B. Corsets. Made of Coutil and Batiste. 95c
value 2.00

FEATHER NECKWEAR. In Both Stores.

Marabout Stoles. . . . 3.75, 4.25 and 6.75
Chiffon and Marabout Stoles. . . . 10.75 and 13.75
Black Ostrich Stoles. 4 strands, 72 inches long. 10.75
value 15.00

SOROSIS SHOES. In Both Stores.

Women's Sorosis Low Cut Shoes, of Patent Leather, Glazed or Dull Kid, Tan Russia Calf and White Canvas—short vamps, welted soles and Cuban heels. 3.50 per pair

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street New York 34th Street

HOTELS

HOTELS

Hotel Pemberton

HULL, MASS.

A high-class summer resort hotel on the South Shore—situated at the entrance of Boston harbor. Only 35 minutes by boat—hourly service in the season. Is almost surrounded by water. Flies and mosquitoes unknown here. Splendid bathing and fishing. Tennis courts and swimming pool right on the hotel grounds.

A limited number of rooms can be booked now by desirable parties for the season or shorter periods. Representative will call any morning or be at the hotel any afternoon by appointment. Train leaves South station at 1:43 p. m. Boat service after May 1st. Long Distance Telephone in every room.

Hotel Does NOT Open April 19th

Season lasts from June 25 to Sept. 6. For further particulars address PAGE & PHINNEY, Props., HULL, MASS.

FIREMEN RESCUE FELLOW WORKER

Laddermen Thomas E. Flanagan and Leroy James, of ladder 13, saved James S. Kenney, a fellow fire fighter from a fall, at a fire early Sunday morning, at 563 Tremont street. Mr. Kenney was at the top of the ladder, when an explosion inside the building caused the apparatus to sway outward, when it was grasped by the other two men. The fire started near the stairway in the center of the four-story building, on the first floor, from an unknown cause, and resulted in damage of about \$1000.

A fire loss of about \$10,000 was sustained by Clarence H. Martin, owner of property in Swampscott, which was destroyed by fire on Sunday. The fire destroyed a barn, five horses, an automobile and two sheds.

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Fire destroyed 54 canoes and the trophies of the Pawtucket Canoe Club, early Sunday morning. The total loss is set at \$8000 to \$10,000.

TWO PROFESSORS GIVEN PROMOTION

J. Albrecht Walz, assistant professor in German at Harvard for the past five years, has been appointed a full professor in German language and literature. At the same time Assistant Prof. R. DeC. Ward is promoted to the position of professor of climatology. Both appointments were made for life.

DEAN HODGES TO LECTURE.

WELLESLEY, Mass.—Dean Hodges of Cambridge is to give two lectures in Billings hall at Wellesley College this week. Tuesday evening his subject is "The Social Teachings of Jesus." He lectures again Wednesday evening.

SCHOOLS

In the heart of
LOS ANGELES
HOTEL LANKERSHIM
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES
(EUROPEAN PLAN)
ONE OF THE NEWEST
AND FINEST HOTELS
IN CALIFORNIA
Broadway at Seventh
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Lessees.

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Financial, Commercial and Industrial News of the World

MUCH IRREGULARITY AGAIN PREVAILS IN THE FLUCTUATIONS

Trading Is Quiet as Recession
in Prices Occurs and Specu-
lation Largely Confined to
the Specialties.

SHOE MACHINERY UP

After some display of activity during the early sales the New York market lapsed into a period of dullness very similar to that which prevailed for some weeks. Old time traders find it rather difficult to analyze the situation and to discover the causes leading to the frequent periods of dullness. With the American Tobacco and Standard Oil cases no longer a disturbing feature every Monday, as had been the case for some time, it was expected that the market would resume its normal attitude. But so far as the volume of business is concerned, commission houses are far from satisfied.

The one hopeful feature of the situation as viewed from the bull side is that when the market reacts it usually becomes very dull. This was the case today. After a moderate advance in some of the active securities there was a decline followed by very quiet trading. The Harriman Pacific was in fair demand. Union Pacific opened up 1/4 at 188 1/2 and crossed 189. Then it fell back around 188. Southern Pacific opened up at 129 1/2, improved a small fraction and then declined nearly a point.

U. S. Steel at 87 1/2 was unchanged at the opening. It advanced to 88 1/2 and reacted to around 87. Amalgamated Copper opened off 1/4 at 78 1/2, and after improving slightly fell back nearly a point. Denver & Rio Grande was in good demand. It opened up 1/4 at 43 1/2 and advanced over a point. The preferred opened up 1/4 at 80 and rose to 81 1/2. Missouri Pacific opened 1/4 higher than Saturday's closing at 70 1/2 and improved a point. American Sugar opened up 1/4 at 126 1/2 and dropped 1/2.

United Shoe Machinery was quite active on the Boston market. It opened unchanged at 70 1/2 and sold up around 72 during the forenoon. North Butte opened up 1/4 at 41 and declined to 38 1/2. Lake Copper opened off 1/4 at 60, advanced to 62 and declined under 60. Toward midday the local market was inclined to sag.

The New York market continued heavy during the afternoon. Union Pacific at the beginning of the last hour was nearly 2 1/2 points lower than the opening. Southern Pacific was under 128. American Beet Sugar declined from 40 1/2 to around 39.

The local market continued to decline during the late trading. North Butte broke to 36 1/2 before recovering partially. Lake Copper sold down to 57 1/2 and then rallied fractionally.

FINANCIAL NOTES

It is estimated that the railroads of the United States will receive \$8,000,000 this year in freight for carrying automobiles, supplies and accessories to the industry.

A plan for supplying Palestine with electricity for lighting, heating and cooking is being entered by a French company. Power will be obtained from the falls of the Jordan, and over \$1,000,000 is to be invested.

Traffic agreements have been completed whereby the Burlington, Denver & Rio Grande and Western Pacific will interchange business in Denver and Gold lines will become outlet to California for Hill roads.

The incorporation of the Maple Leaf Milling Company, with a capital of \$5,000,000, is the first step in the revolution of the flour industry in Canada. The move is not a merger, but a consolidation of milling interests controlled by Toronto men, for the purpose of expansion.

VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COPPER.

LONDON—The visible supply of copper on April 15 was 110,210 tons, compared with 111,440 tons on April 1, 112,730 on March 15 and 52,190 tons on April 15, 1909.

Weather Predictions

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU
PREDICTION FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY:
Wednesday: Rain tonight and Tuesday; cooler Tuesday in west portion; moderate southeast to south winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Rain tonight and Tuesday; cooler Tuesday in west portion; moderate southeast to south winds.

TEMPERATURE TODAY.
5 a. m. 50°; 12 noon 56°; 5 p. m. 60°.
Average temperature yesterday, 45°.

IN OTHER CITIES.
Montreal 40°; New Orleans 60°; Nantucket 48°; St. Louis 54°; New York 54°; Chicago 50°; Washington 60°; St. Paul 52°; Atlanta 60°; Denver 52°; Savannah 60°; Kansas City 52°; Jacksonville 60°; Kansas City 52°; San Francisco 48°; Portland, Ore. 50°.

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW.
Sun rises 4:56; Moon rises 3:18 p. m.; sets 8:22; High water, 1:15; Low water, 7:31; 7:37 a. m.; 8:18 p. m.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—Following are the opening, high, low and last sales of the principal active stocks to 2:30 p. m.:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Allis-Chalmers	11	11	11	11
Allis-Chalmers pfd.	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2
Amalgamated	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2
Am Ag Chem.	47	47	47	47
Am Beet Sugar	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Am Can	11 1/4	11 1/4	11 1/4	11 1/4
Am Car & Found.	65	65 1/2	65	65
Am Cotton Oil	68	68 1/2	68	68
Am Hde & L pfd.	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Am Iron	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Am Lined Oil pfd.	40 1/4	40 1/4	40 1/4	40 1/4
Am Locomotive	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Am Mail	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
Am Malt pfd.	38	38	38	38
Am Malt & Ry	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Am S & R pfd.	107	107	107	107
Am Steel Fy (n.)	63 1/2	63 1/2	62	62
Am Steel Fy	88	88	88	88
Am Sugar	126 1/2	126 1/2	125	125
Am Tel & Tel.	138 1/2	138 1/2	138	138
Am Woolen pfd.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Canadian Pacific	47 1/2	47 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Atchafalpa	114 1/2	114 1/2	114	114
Atchafalpa pfd.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
At Coast Line	130	130	130	130
Baltimore & Ohio	112	112 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
Batavia	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Brooklyn Rap. Tr.	82	82 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
Canal Zone	183 1/2	183 1/2	183 1/2	183 1/2
Central Leather	45 1/2	45 1/2	45	45
Chesapeake & Ohio	89	89 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2
Chi & Gt W (n.)	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Chi & Gt W pfd.	55	55	55	55
Col Fuel & Iron	42	42 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Col Southern	61	61	61	61
Consolidated	144 1/2	144 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2
Corn Products	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Del & Hudson	173 1/2	173 1/2	173 1/2	173 1/2
Den & Rio Grande	43 1/4	43 1/4	43 1/4	43 1/4
Den & R G pfd.	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Duluth S & A pfd.	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Erie	31	31	30 1/2	30 1/2
Fed M & S Co pfd.	69	69	69	69
General Electric	152	152	152	152
Genl Elec pfd.	140	140 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Gr Northern	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2
Illinois Central	141	141	141	141
Interboro-Met	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Interboro-Met pfd.	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
Int Harvester	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Int Paper pfd.	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Iowa Central	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Iowa Central pfd.	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Kansas City S. & M.	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Kansas & Texas	44 1/2	44 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Laclede Gas	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Louis & Nash.	151	151	151	151
Minn & St Louis	37	37	37	37
M & P S Ste Ma.	140 1/2	140 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Missouri Pacific	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2
Nat Biscuit Co.	109	109	109	109
Nat Lead	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2
N. H. & Mex D. pfd.	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
N. Y. Central	125 1/2	125 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & H.	155 1/2	155 1/2	154 1/2	154 1/2
Norfolk & Western	105 1/2	105 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
Northwestern	155 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2
North American	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Northern Pacific	137 1/2	137 1/2	136 1/2	136 1/2
Northern Pac. pfd.	46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Pacific Coast	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
Pacific T. & T.	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Pennsylvania	137 1/2	137 1/2	136 1/2	136 1/2
Pittsburg Coal	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Pratt, C. & S. L.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Pressed Steel Car.	44	44	44	44
Pullman	132 1/2	132 1/2	132 1/2	132 1/2
Railway S. Springs	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Reading	168 1/2	168 1/2	166 1/2	166 1/2
Reading 2d pfd.	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Republic Steel	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Republic Steel pfd.	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Rock Island	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
St. Paul	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Southern Pacific	129 1/2	129 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2
Southern Railway	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Southern Ry pfd.	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
St. L. & S. W. pfd.	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
St. L. & S. W. pfd.	52 1/2	52 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
St. Paul	144 1/2	144 1/2	144 1/2	144 1/2
St. Paul pfd.	159 1/2	159 1/2	158 1/2	158 1/2
Tennessee Copper	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Texas Pacific	33 1/2	33 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Toledo, St. L. & W.	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Toledo, St. L. & W. pfd.	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Twin City Rap. Tr.	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2
Union Bag & Paper	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
United Dry Goods	114	114	114	114
Union Pacific	188 1/2	188 1/2	187 1/2	187 1/2
Union Pacific pfd.	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
U. S. Steel 1st pfd.	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
U. S. Steel 2d pfd.	60	60	60	60
U. S. Rubber	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
U. S. Rubber 1st pfd.	114	114	114	114
U. S. Steel pfd.	87 1/2	87 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	122 1/2	122 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	49 1/2	49 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	60 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	49 1/2	49 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	178	178	178	178
Western Maryland	49 1/2	49 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Western Union	72	72	72	72
Wheeling & L. E.	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2

BONDS.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Am T & T	103	103	103
Atchafalpa	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Interboro-Met	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
Norfolk & Western	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
N. Y. City 4 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
N. Y. City 4 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
N. Y. City 4 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & H. 3 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & H. 3 1/2	134	134	134
Rock Island	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
Southern Pacific	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Southern Pacific	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
U. S. Steel 5 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
U. S. Steel 5 1/2	72	72 1/2	71 1/2
Western Union	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.	Closing.
2s registered	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4
do coupon	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4
3s registered	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
do coupon	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
4s registered	115 1/4	115 1/4	115 1/4
do coupon	115 1/4	115 1/4	115 1/4
Panama 2 1/2	101	101	101
Panama 1938s	101	101	101

BIG EQUIPMENT ORDERS.

Eighty freight locomotives, to be built for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, have been ordered from the Baldwin Locomotive Works. The new engines are to cost an average of \$18,000 each, or a total of \$1,500,000. Other orders received during the week include 45 engines for the Oregon Short Line.

MAY PAY THIRTY PER CENT DURING CURRENT PERIOD

Eastman Kodak Company
Has Had Most Remarkable
Record of Earnings Since
Its Incorporation.

A STEADY PROGRESS

One of several instances where the fact of admittance to quotation on the New York Stock Exchange has not materially enlarged the scope of the security market is the case of the Eastman Kodak Company. The stocks of this company—one of the larger industrial corporations of the United States—are of that class of securities with which the general investing public is little conversant.

The record of the Eastman Kodak Company of New Jersey since its incorporation in 1901 is almost unique of its kind. Successful from the start, the business has enjoyed almost unparalleled prosperity. This is not one of those industrial corporations which has had its full measure of success during prosperous years, only to have this counterbalanced in times of business stagnation. Its advancement has been uninterrupted.

This company was one of the few outside the pale of public service corporations, typified by American Telephone & Telegraph Company, that was able to emerge from the panic of 1907-1908 with earnings on a larger scale than before. The earnings of this company, which virtually holds a monopoly of its field, have been so consistently large and expansive that they deserve more than passing attention.

Since incorporation the changes in capitalization have been so slight as hardly to command attention. The present capitalization consists solely of the two stock issues—there is no funded indebtedness—the outstanding common amounting to \$19,586,200 and the preferred \$6,165,700. This tendency to a stable capitalization contrasts with the policy of most other growing industrial organizations where capital is often raised in conformity with earnings.

Retracting for a period of five years it is found that in the year 1905 net earnings amounted to exactly \$4,013,913 which meant that after payment of all prior charges, that is, dividends on preferred stock, there was earned an amount equal to 18.7 per cent on the then outstanding stock. Expressed in slightly different terms this is equivalent to saying that the only fixed charge of the company, if it be called such, was earned something like 13 times over.

However convincing these figures, results at a later date are still more impressive. For the year last reported, that ended Dec. 31, 1909, net earnings were \$6,852,576, or considerably more than the entire outstanding issue of preferred stock. In view of this the stability of this class of stock, paying 6 per cent regularly, is unquestionable. In fact, comparison as to security may fairly be made with many industrial bond issues.

In tabulated form below are shown three important items for the five year period:

	Net earnings.	Working capital.	Surplus.
1905	\$4,013,913	\$12,521,205	\$7,788,903
1906	6,232,423	11,655,540	5,588,165
1907	4,915,700	10,810,401	4,584,224
1908	4,013,913	10,221,520	3,456,730

Thus while net earnings have shown a steady increase, working capital has been retained at a high plane, now standing at about twice the net business for the year. A still more important feature perhaps is the yearly accretion to the total surplus which has been easily doubled in five years.

A glance at the dividend record on the common stock will show that in order to achieve this nothing has been held back from stockholders. Each year since 1901 the preferred has received the 6 per cent cumulative dividend to which it is solely entitled and during the years 1902-1906 inclusive the common received 10 per cent. Only since 1906 have common stockholders been offered more substantial dividends. Since then dividends have been as follows: 1906 10 1/2 per cent, 1907 20 per cent, 1908 25 per cent, 1909 30 per cent.

This average dividend rate of nearly 24 per cent for the past four years is ample basis for the present selling price of the stock, around 415 which incidentally represents an appreciation of over 150 points in about a year. The yield, if figured on the regular 10 per cent basis, would be reduced to a minimum, but extra dividends at regular intervals seem to be expected so much as a matter of course that the present high price is not anomalous. Already during the current year there has been distributed an extra 5 per cent in addition to the first regular quarterly of 2 1/2 per cent, which, if continued, would make the total for the year the same as last fiscal year, 30 per cent. The prospect now is for another year of exceptionally large earnings.

FARM MORTGAGE LOANS.

CHICAGO—The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company has advanced farm mortgage loans from 5 per cent to 6 per cent and is being swamped with demands for such funds from land investors by middle West farmers.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON—Following are the opening, high, low and last sales of the active stocks to 2:30 p. m.:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Arizona Com.....	19 1/2	19 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Atlantic.....	8 1/2	9	8 1/2	9
Butte Coalition.....	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Calumet & Hecla.....	600	600	600	600
Centennial.....	20 1/2	20 1/2	20	20
Cong Mercu.....	10c	10c	10c	10c
Copper Range.....	72	72	71	71
Deer West.....	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Franklin.....	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Granby.....	50	51	49	50
Greene-Canaan.....	10	10 1/2	10	10 1/2
La Salle.....	15	15	15	15
Mohawk.....	55 1/2	56	55 1/2	56
Nevada Cons.....	22	22	21 1/2	21 1/2
Niptising.....	10	10	10	10
North Butte.....	41	41	35	35 1/2
Old Dominion.....	39	39	38	38 1/2
Pacific.....	145	145	144	144 1/2
Parrot.....	16 1/2	16	15 1/2	15 1/2
Quincy.....	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2
Shannon.....	13	13	13	13
Superior.....	48	48	48	48
Union Cons.....	25 1/2	25 1/2	25	25
Utah Copper.....	48 1/4	49 1/2	48 1/4	49 1/2
Victoria.....	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
Wolverine.....	128	130	128	130

Latest Market Reports Events of Interest to Investors

SHIPPING NEWS

The United Fruit Company's steamship Admiral Farragut, Capt. J. Jensen, arrived today from Jamaica ports with 17,000 bunches of bananas, 476 bags of coconuts, 20 bunches of lime juice, two boxes of trunks, a quantity of automobile parts, five trunks of personal effects and some general merchandise.

The passengers arriving on the frigate were C. W. Hudson, an artist, of Hyde Park; C. B. Porter of Everett, J. Edwards, L. Campbell, J. Campbell, I. Brooks, J. Limmon, R. Hamilton, J. Cornwall, L. Cushman, J. Daley, J. Williams.

Captain Jensen reported passing a vessel last Sunday, lat 20° 12' N, lon 69° 58' W. It was about 60 feet long and had a mass of rigging attached to it.

With the arrival of the Farragut the service between Jamaica and this port is resumed for the season. The steamer loaded her cargo at St. Ann's Bay, Montego Bay and Port Antonio. She will leave on her return trip Wednesday.

Twenty-one schooners brought 600,000 pounds of fish to T wharf this morning, including 285,000 pounds of haddock, 181,300 of cod, 98,800 of hake, 78,200 of eel and 17,000 of pollock. In addition three schooners brought 3500 pounds of halibut.

The Bel P. Domingos, with 20,000 pounds of haddock, 50,000 pounds of cod, 9000 pounds of hake, 30,000 pounds of fish, making a total of 119,000 pounds of fish, was the high line of the fleet of fishing vessels in at T wharf today.

The other arrivals at the wharf, with their fares in pounds, were: Nettie 2900, Marian 15,000, Catherine D. Enos 35,000, Maxwell 4000, Jeffrey 12,000, Nettie Franklin 52,000, Sadie M. Nunan 24,500, Robert and Arthur 110,000, Mary E. Conney 18,000, Valentina 6000, Albert W. Black 48,000, Diana 1000, Eva Avina 3500, Thistle 5000, Yankee 22,500, Elizabeth W. Nunan 20,500, Matchless 42,000, Gladys and Nellie 18,000, Ramah 79,000, Edith Silveria 35,500.

Dealers' prices per hundredweight at T wharf Monday were: Haddock \$1.50 to \$2.25, large cod \$2.75 to \$4.25, small cod \$2.25 to \$2.75, large hake \$2.75 to \$3.25, small hake \$1.75, eel \$1.75, pollock \$2.25, halibut \$10 to \$11 per pound.

Filled with a great cargo of general merchandise the Wilson line steamship Toronto, Captain Young, arrived at Mystic wharf today from Hull, Eng. Of the 4000 tons of freight in the vessel's holds about 2500 tons will be landed here. The remainder will be taken to New York.

Her Boston consignments include 1100 bales of wool, 554 tons of flax, quantities of rabbits skins, carpets, iron bars and augers, steel oil and miscellaneous freight.

Edgar Appleby and Arthur Buttain were passengers on the liner.

PORT OF BOSTON.

Arrived.

Str Toronto (Br), Young, Hull, April

Atlantic and Pacific Sailings

Steamship Movements at a Glance.

EASTBOUND.	
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, for Bremen	April 19
Roterdam, for Rotterdam	April 19
Madonna, for Mediterranean ports	April 19
Moltke, for Mediterranean ports	April 19
Alice, for Mediterranean ports	April 20
Russia, for Rotterdam and Libau	April 20
Louisa, for Liverpool	April 20
Oceanic, for Southampton	April 20
La Touraine, for Havre	April 21
Blucher, for Hamburg	April 21
Friedrich Wilhelm, for Bremen	April 21
Celtic, for Liverpool	April 21
Berlin, for Mediterranean ports	April 21
New York, for Southampton	April 21
Pennsylvania, for Glasgow	April 21
Minneapolis, for London	April 21
Lapland, for London	April 21
President Lincoln, for Hamburg	April 21
Sailings from Boston.	
Cymric, for Liverpool	April 19
Hesperian, for Glasgow	April 19
Zydyk, for Rotterdam	April 19
Lesio, for Mediterranean ports	April 19
Toronto, for Southampton	April 19
Ruegraf, for Haecna	April 20
Manitou, for Antwerp	April 20
Calcutta, for London	April 20
Megantic, for Liverpool	April 20
Radenia, for Hamburg	April 20
Buffalo, for New York	April 20
Bohemian, for Liverpool	April 20
Nordland, for Glasgow	April 20
Cambrian, for London	April 20
Sachsen, for Liverpool	April 20
Pennsylvania, for Copenhagen	April 20
Sailings from Philadelphia.	
Merion, for Liverpool	April 23
Manitou, for Antwerp	April 23
Friesland, for Liverpool	April 23
Sailings from Portland, Me.	
Canada, for Liverpool	April 23
Sailings from St. John, N. B.	
Empress of Ireland, for Liverpool	April 22
Lake Champlain, for Liverpool	April 30
WESTBOUND.	
Sailings from Liverpool.	
Zeeland, for Boston	April 19
Empress of Britain, for St. John	April 22
N. B.	April 22
Arabic, for New York	April 23
Carman, for New York	April 23
Leonia, for Boston	April 23
Haverford, for Philadelphia	April 27
Mauretania, for New York	April 28
Baltic, for New York	April 28
Sailings from Fiume.	
Carpathia, for New York	April 23
Pannonia, for New York	May 7
Sailings from Southampton.	
Adriatic, for New York	April 23
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	April 23
Philadelphia, for New York	April 23
Tenille, for New York	April 27
Kaiser Wilhelm der II., for N. Y.	April 27
St. Louis, for New York	April 27
Sailings from London.	
Minneapolis, for New York	April 23
Minneapolis, for New York	April 30
Sailings from Glasgow.	
California, for New York	April 23
California, for New York	April 30
Sailings from Hamburg.	
Prussia, for Boston	April 23

sailed Friday afternoon and anchored below Boston Light was there this morning.

Notes.
Str Reidar (Nor), which arrived yesterday from Lousburg, C B, was three days on passage and brought 6000 tons of coal for J B Harlow. She docked yesterday afternoon at Everett.

Str Torton, which arrived yesterday from Portland, was floated into the navy yard drydock this morning for cleaning and painting.

Str Coastwise, which arrived yesterday, docked at the New England Coal & Coke Company, Everett, yesterday, and this morning anchored in the stream. She will proceed to Baltimore Wednesday.

Barkentine Lovisa, for River Plate, was towed down to anchor this morning by tug H A Mathis.

Sch W L Douglas, for Baltimore, towed down to an anchorage below the Castle Saturday.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS.
SUNDAY — Strs Lapland, Antwerp; Parthenia, do; Kasemo, Calcutta; Prinz Mauritz, Paramaribo; Segurana, Tampico; William Chisholm, with one barge, Newport News; str William E Brown, Jr, Brunswick.

Strs Colon, Colon; Alleghany, Bowden; Minneapolis, London; Ponce, San Juan; Caracas, Curacao and San Juan; Jos J Cuneo, Port Antonio.

Str Ryndam, Rotterdam and Boulogne for New York, 376 m E Ambrose channel lightship noon 17, and due Monday.

Str Celtic, Genoa and Naples for New York, 358 m E Ambrose channel lightship 7:15 p m, 17, and due Monday.

Str Furnessia, Glasgow and Moville for New York, 343 m E Ambrose channel lightship 3 p m, 17, and due Monday.

Str Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen, etc, for New York, 1080 m E Ambrose channel lightship, noon, 17, due Tuesday.

Str Campania, Rotterdam and Halifax, N S, for New York, passed Nantucket 2:35 p m, 17.

Str Helig Olav, New York for Copenhagen, 1200 m E Ambrose channel lightship 8 p m, 17.

Str Idaho, 46 w 8 p m, 17.

Str Lancaster Corporation, Manchester for Philadelphia passed Nantucket 8 p m, 17.

MOVEMENTS OF VESSELS.
BALTIMORE, April 17—Arrd, str Essex, Providence (sld); Everett, Boston. Sld, str Kershaw, Boston.

BANGOR, April 17—Arrd, str Elsie M Bayles, Perth Amboy; Annie F Kimball, Northeast Harbor; Ella May, Rockport.

ST VINCENT, C V, April 14—Sld, str Burgermeister, Hackman (from New York) Fremantle, etc; 15, Miniro (from New York) Melbourne, etc.

LONDON, April 16—Sld, str Tamarac, New York.

FERNANDINA, April 15—Arrd, str Agnes Manning, New York; John H. May, do; Mary Adelaide Randall, do; John R Penrose, New Haven; Mary A Hall, Boston. Sld, str Pendleton Sisters, New York.

GALVESTON, April 15—Cld, str El Siglo, New York; sld, str Lyra, New York via Brunswick.

JACKSONVILLE, April 15—Arrd, str Erika, New York; Araphoe, New York; Algonquin, Boston via Charleston, S C; sch Hugh Kelly, New York; sld, 14, bk Carrie Wallace, New York.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15—Passed in, str Frumentia, New York for Baltimore; 16, Howard, Boston, do; passed out, 15, str Kennebec, do for Boston.

TRADE PROGRESS LITTLE CHECKED BY COURT RULING

Figures Show Business Expansion Is Not Much Affected by Developments in Cases of Big Corporations.

RAILROAD EARNINGS

NEW YORK—While opinions are by no means unanimous as to the practical effect on general business of the long postponement of the decisions of the United States supreme court in the government suits against the American Tobacco and Standard Oil companies under the anti-trust law, the conviction in Wall street is strengthening that the delay will not be harmful.

It appears to be generally understood that the argument on the rehearing in these trust cases will not take place earlier than next October, and that therefore the decisions are not likely to be handed down for at least 8 or 9 months. A canvass of the leading bankers and brokers elicits a trend toward the view that now that the anti-trust subject, so far as judicial determination is concerned, has been shelved, so to speak, for so long, the influences that will have fuller play will be those relating to the progress of the crops, the settlement of labor controversies, industrial developments, the course of our foreign commerce and the money market.

Many of these matters are interrelated, but it is recognized that to a large extent they hinge upon the character of the agricultural results. If the country's crops make favorable progress, it is held that business interests will proceed to prepare for the conditions of activity always produced by a fortunate outturn from the soil and that therefore the outlook for continued large railway earnings for a half year or more will tend to stimulate investment.

Good crops, it is argued, would result also in the correction of the unfavorable foreign trade balance of the United States by increasing the supplies of products available for export, which, it is believed, would result in bringing prices of commodities to a level that will invite the European demand. A satisfactory change in the relations between our merchandise imports and exports would bring as a sequel a modification of monetary conditions here, or at least would increase our resistive power to the drawing of gold abroad.

It is noteworthy that the effect of the uncertainty as to the decisions in these cases which has prevailed since arguments were closed before the supreme court in January last has been remarkably small in the circumstances. From this fact alone, it is believed largely by the prominent street interests, it is fair to argue that the long postponement of definite announcement in these important cases will permit the country to devote its entire attention to the developing and marketing of the crops, undisturbed by the weekly unsettlement as to whether or not the supreme court would take action.

It is worth while to show in detail how comparatively little has been the check given to commercial progress by the various legal and other uncertainties of the winter. It is generally agreed that the best indices of the course of trade in the aggregate are furnished by the statistics of bank clearances, railroad earnings and pig iron production.

The decision of the United States circuit court at St. Louis, ordering the dissolution of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the appeal from which constitutes one of the cases now before the Washington tribunal, was handed down on Nov. 20, 1909. The arguments in the tobacco and oil cases were concluded in January, October, then, may be selected as a basis of comparison with the subsequent period of unsettlement and uncertainty.

Taking, for example, the course of bank clearings of the United States for the last six months, as reported by the Financial Chronicle, we find that the figures in October were, in round numbers, \$15,800,000,000, and in January showed total clearances of \$17,100,000,000. In February there was a drop to \$13,100,000,000, while March showed a recovery to \$15,000,000,000.

The extreme fall in monthly clearances was \$4,000,000,000 and about half of this decline has been recovered. In every month of the fall and winter the records were from 10 to 20 per cent above the figures of the corresponding month of the previous year.

The table of United States bank clearances for the last six months follows:

	1909.	1908.
October	\$15,851,214,417	\$12,148,793,108
November	\$14,758,582,000	\$12,980,205,305
December	\$15,843,243,961	\$14,894,820,531
January	\$17,100,000,000	\$14,000,000,000
February	\$13,100,000,000	\$11,200,000,000
March	\$15,000,000,000	\$12,000,000,000

Railroad gross earnings have reflected more of a shrinkage, having been \$71,067,075 on the reporting roads in October, from which there was a decline to \$52,393,827 in February. As the returns of only half the of the usual number of reporting roads for far tabulated for March are \$40,873,415, the indications are that full returns for the month will show a rising tide in transportation revenues.

The railroad gross earnings, however, in each of the last six months have

Produce Markets

Arrivals.

Str. Adm. Farragut, from Port Antonio, with 17,000 stems bananas, 476 bags coconuts, 20 pchs lime-juice, for United Fruit Company.

Str. Nicholas Cuneo, from Sama, with 8894 stems bananas, for W. W. & C. R. Noyes.

Str. Ontario, from Norfolk, with 55 bbls Spinach, 15 crts beets, 250 crts radishes, 500 crts tomatoes, 1300 bgs peanuts.

Str. City of Memphis, from Savannah, with 22 bxs oranges, 4 bxs grape fruit, 446 crts tomatoes, 5 refs asparagus.

Str. H. M. Whitney, from New York, with 26 bgs beans, 399 bxs lemons, 218 bxs macaroni.

Str. Toronto, from Hull.
The Norfolk steamer due here tomorrow has 600 bbls spinach, 300 bgs peanuts.

Boston Receipts.
Apples 522 bbls, cranberries 38 bbls, strawberries 774 crts, Florida oranges 288 bxs, California oranges 4382 bxs, lemons 309 bxs, bananas 25,894 stems, coconuts 476 bgs, pineapples 16 crts, peanuts 1300 bgs, potatoes 34,779 bushels, sweet potatoes 192 bbls, onions 100 bushels.

Apples in Boston Cold Storage.
1910 5436 bbls, 1909 2466 bbls.

Apple Shipments.
Week ending April 16: Boston 812, New York 910, Portland 2692, Halifax 3003, St. John 493; total 7910. Last year 8103.

Since season opened: Boston 265,383, New York 386,227, Portland 240,000, Montreal 582,928, Halifax 630,744, St. John 45,954, Annapolis 30,265; total 2,196,610. Last year 1,500,896.

Boston Receipts.
Today, 1644 tbs, 83,565 lbs butter, 89 bxs cheese, 19,055 cs eggs; 1909, holiday.

Saturday, 1909, 1906 lbs, 59,182 lbs, butter, 100 bxs cheese, 6771 cs eggs; 1909, 1184 tbs, 340 bxs, 70,139 lbs butter, 52 bxs cheese, 6538 cs eggs.

New York Market.
Butter—Cry spec str mks 33 3/4c, cry spec 33c, cry ex 32 1/2c, laddle lads 22 1/2c, cry spec sell 20 ds 20 1/2c, cry spec str mks 31 1/2c, 29c. No sales. Receipts 4505.

Eggs—No Ill lsts 22 1/2c, 22c; No Ohio lsts 22 1/2c, 22 1/2c; No Ind lsts 22 1/2c, 22c; fresh gtd ex lsts 23c, 22 1/2c; No Ohio gtd pkt lsts 23 1/2c, 22 1/2c; Ohio lsts 22 1/2c, 21 1/2c; 300 Mich ex lsts gtd pkt 23 1/2c, 22 1/2c; No 1 dirlies 19 1/2c, 19 c; fresh gtd 2nds 21 1/2c, 20 c; car gtd pkt 1st slr Apr 22 1/2c, 22c; car Mich or No Ind gtd pkt 1st slr Apr 22 1/2c, 22c; No Ill slr tomorrow 21 1/2c; Ill lsts slr the wk 21 1/2c, 21 1/2c; No Ohio ex lsts slr tomorrow 23c, 22 1/2c. Sales—100 No Ill lsts 21 1/2c free dtd; 50 No Ill lsts 21 1/2c cart allowed; 350 Ohio ex lsts 22 1/2c; 100 No Ill lsts 22c free dtd; car gtd pkt 1st slr Apr 22 1/2c. Receipts 20,351.

Today's New York Market by Telegram.
Butter market firm. Western creamery special 33c, western creamery extra 32c.

Cheese market steady. Fancy old 17 1/2c, new 13 1/2c.

Egg market lower. Storage extra firsts 22 1/2c, storage firsts 22 1/2c, regular packet fresh extra firsts 22 1/2c, regular firsts northerly 22c, southerly 21 1/2c.

New York Receipts.
Today—4565 packages butter, 910 boxes cheese, 30,351 cases eggs; 1909, 5790 packages butter, 650 boxes cheese, 12,226 cases eggs.

Saturday—4432 packages butter, 1014 boxes cheese, 28,634 cases eggs; 1909, 5282 packages butter, 980 boxes cheese, 19,956 cases eggs.

been largely in excess of the corresponding month of the previous year, the smallest comparative gain having been scored in last December, the increase shown by the partial returns for March having been much larger than the corresponding gain. Following are the monthly reports for the last six months:

Gross railroad earnings.

October 1909. \$71,067,075
November 1909. \$52,393,827
December 1909. \$52,393,827
January 1910. \$40,873,415
February 1910. \$52,393,827
March 1910. \$52,393,827

Statistics of pig iron production have shown remarkable uniformity during the period under review. Appended are the monthly figures from October to March:

Pig iron production, tons:
October 1909. 2,390,541
November 1909. 2,547,508
December 1909. 2,608,709
January 1910. 2,570,765
February 1910. 2,393,827
March 1910. 40,873,415

New York Markets.
Week ending April 16, 480 pkgs butter, 508 bxs cheese; 1909, 335 pkgs butter, 1562 bxs cheese.

Other Markets.
CANTON, N. Y.—Butter April 16 31c; cheese 12 1/2c.
ST LOUIS, Mo.—Egg market April 16 firm at 20 1/2c.

CHICAGO—Butter market April 16 firm; ex 32c, No 1 pkt 21c; lsts 10,480. Egg market steady; prime lsts 20 1/2c, lsts 19 1/2c, ordinary lsts 17 1/2c; receipts 34,480.

PROVISIONS
Chicago Market.
May wheat \$1.07, May pork \$21.05, May lard \$12.10. Hog receipts 30,000. Prices \$9.30 to \$9.70. Cattle market generally 10 to 15 lower. Receipts 28,000. Beeves \$5.55 to \$5.50, cows and heifers \$2.70 to \$2.10, Texas steers \$4.75 to \$5.20, stockers and feeders \$3.75 to \$4.40, western cattle \$4.90 to \$5.75.

Boston Prices.
Flour—To ship from the mills, spring patents, \$5.50 to \$6; clears, \$4.50 to \$4.80; winter patents \$5.50 to \$5.75; straights, \$5.15 to \$5.50; clears, \$4.85 to \$5.25; Kansas patents in jute, \$5.10 to \$5.60; rye flour, \$4.15 to \$4.55.

Corn—Carlots on spot steamer yellow, 69 1/2c; No. 2, 70 to 70 1/2c; No. 3 yellow, 68 1/2c; to ship from the West, steamer yellow, 71 to 71 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, 69 to 69 1/2c; No. 3 yellow, 67 to 67 1/2c.

Oats—Carlots on spot No. 1 clipped white, 53c; No. 2, 50 to 50 1/2c; No. 3, ship from the West fancy 40 lbs, 52 to 40 1/2c; rejected white, 46 1/2 to 48 1/2c; 52 1/2c; regular 38 lbs, 49 1/2 to 50c; regular 36 lbs, 49 to 49 1/2c; barley mixtures, 45 1/2 to 48c.

Commeal and oatmeal—Bag commeal, ordinary, \$1.30 to \$1.32; kiln dried, \$1.35 to \$1.37; granulated commeal, \$4.50 to \$3.65 bbl; bolted, \$3.40 to \$3.60; oatmeal rolled, \$4.70 to \$4.95 bbl; cut and ground, \$5.30 to \$5.40.

Butter—Northern creamery 32 1/2c; western 32 1/2c.

Eggs—Fancy nearby hennerly 24c; eastern best, 23c; western 22 to 23c.

Beans—Pea, choice, per bu, \$2.30 to \$2.35; medium, choice hand picked, \$2.25 to \$2.30; California, small white, \$3.25 to \$3.35.

Potatoes—Green Mountain, per 2-bu. bag, 85 to 90c.

Onions—Connecticut river, per 100-lb. bag, \$2 to \$2.25; native yellow, per bu box, 85c to \$1.05; Texas, per crate, \$2.

Poultry—Nearby broilers, 35 to 40c; choice northern and eastern fowl 20c to 21c; choice young western turkeys 24 to 26c; roasting chickens, 4 1/2 to 5 lbs, western, 19 to 20c; western fowl 19c.

Asparagus—New Jersey, per dozen bunches, \$3 to \$5; California \$2.50 to \$3.50; South Carolina \$2 to \$3.50.

Fruit—Apples, per bbl, \$1.50 to \$4; cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl, \$2.60 to \$5; per box \$1.25 to \$1.75; pineapples \$1.75 to \$3.25; strawberries, Florida, Klondike, per box 25c, other kinds 18 to 25c.

WESTERN MONEY
RATES FIRMER

CHICAGO—Money rates are somewhat firmer here in sympathy with a similar condition in other parts of this country and in Europe. The strength is to the extent of 1/2 of 1 per cent, although some of the larger trust companies have not marked up their 4 to 4 1/2 per cent rates on demand collateral loans, but time loans on collateral at 1/2 to 5 per cent and commercial loans have been advanced from 5 to 5 1/2 per cent.

The demand for funds continues good, reflecting a healthy and normal state of trade in the Mississippi valley. The advance in rates had been anticipated by local bankers for some weeks, and some of the best authorities do not look for lower figures for some time. The extent to which the 5 1/2 rate is obtained may be judged from the statement of the president of one of the largest institutions that fully 60 per cent of his commercial loans are made at that figure.

There is but little buying of negotiable paper at present. Banks are loaned out well enough to check the development of an active market.

PASTOR INSTALLED AT NEWTON.
The Rev. Harry Lutz of Billerica was Sunday installed pastor of the Channing Unitarian church in Newton with fitting ceremony. He succeeds the Rev. Adelbert H. Hudson, who recently resigned. Pastors from many churches of Greater Boston joined in the services.

BAY STATE REALTY MEN BACK ENTHUSED BY MANHATTAN TRIP

The party of Boston real estate men, including Mayor John F. Fitzgerald, arrived back from New York just after midnight Sunday impressed to be sure with what they saw, but more than ever keenly aware to the possibilities of Boston. Optimism and progression were the bywords on the trip from the great metropolis and will be from now on.

In more than one instance it was noticed by those in the party who took the various sidetraps of education, such as that to the Bush terminal in Brooklyn, that Boston often would have a distinct advantage over New York if she were to carry on like improvements, either for topographical reasons or other causes.

Before taking the train home at 6:15 o'clock Sunday evening the party was entertained at an informal reception and luncheon by the Queensboro corporation, which is engaged in developments in Queens, adjoining the Pennsylvania railroad, the new Sunnyside yards on Long Island. The New Yorkers, who had proved so cordial entertainers, were given a rising vote of thanks by the Bostonians and mutual felicitations were exchanged by Mayor Fitzgerald and President Martin of the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange speaking for Boston.

Mayor Fitzgerald boomed Boston when the party arrived at South station early today, and in citing New York as an example for Boston to follow he said in part:

"Within the next few years New York will have spent a billion dollars in improvements. Think of it! A billion dollars in improvements to make New York the greatest city in the world and continue in that position.

"And the fact that so many of our leading business men had a chance to see some of this under the most pleasant conditions has made every one of us stronger than ever for Boston and awake to the future possibilities of this city, which has so many more natural advantages to work with.

"Already New York has spent \$600,000,000 on bridges, subways, terminals of all sorts and other improvements, and within a comparatively short time \$400,000,000 more will be spent."

Boston Real Estate Men's Trip Valuable, Says Mayor

NEW YORK—One of the most successful, useful and beneficial innovations ever introduced by Boston business men was the trip of the Massachusetts Real Estate Association to New York city. This is the opinion of the guest of honor of the association, Mayor John F. Fitzgerald, just before leaving for Boston Sunday.

Mayor Fitzgerald hopes that the visit of the real estate men to New York will be but the forerunner of similar visits by Boston men to other cities. The great growing resources of Canada and Boston's advantageous location, making the Bay state city a natural highway for the trade of the Dominion, he thinks should open the eyes of Bostonians to the importance of their future trade relations with that country. He is a firm believer in the value of international intercourse and is in favor of sending Boston business men to visit Montreal and many other places. He even said that the reward would be worth the cost for 15 Bostonians to spend four months in Europe this summer investigating the harbors, wharf facilities, public improvements and all matters of economic and engineering interest.

"America is a young country," he said, "just beginning to realize its opportunities. There is much we can learn by visiting such cities as Hamburg, Rotterdam, Liverpool and Plymouth, the great shipping centers of the old world."

He went on to characterize the talk about commercial rivalry in this country between New York and Boston as nonsense. He thinks there is plenty of room for the development of both cities, especially in view of the growing Canadian trade, which he hopes Boston will handle, and the prospect, however dim, of the development of a merchant marine and an extensive South American trade. New York's prestige as a port he holds as unassailable, but as a believer in the doctrine of "equal opportunity for all" he sees no reason why Boston should not profit by some of the business which New York is virtually bursting its doors to hold.

A free port for Boston is advocated very strongly by Mayor Fitzgerald. His visit to the Bush terminals in South Brooklyn, a private terminal concern but one of extensive and complete facilities, imbued him with a desire to see a free port zone modeled on the same pattern, established in South Boston, where he says there is ample acreage for such a project.

Of the internal improvements in New York which the mayor mentioned specifically as worthy of imitation in Boston the subways come foremost. He called attention to the fact that New York contemplates an immediate expenditure of \$60,000,000 for subway improvements, an amount equal to the city debt of Boston. While not averring that such expenditures are possible in Boston just now—New York's wealth being almost unfathomable—he does think that Boston can learn a valuable lesson from observing the willingness with which money is voted for public purposes in this city. While he is gratified to note that the water, lighting and sewage systems of Boston are equal to and even better than those of New York, he found various other things which he

Beverly G. A. R. Fair Opens Tonight

Entertainment will continue until Friday.



JOHN H. CHIPMAN POST 89 HEADQUARTERS.

Comfortable quarters are fitted up in this building for the use of the members of the organization.

BEVERLY, Mass.—"For what they did, for what they dared, remember them today." With this in thought, Beverly will give its heartiest support to the annual fair of John H. Chipman, Jr., post 89, G. A. R., which opens at city hall this evening.

For years the Grand Army fair at Beverly has been one of the features of the April season and this year plans are being made to have the fair better than ever, for it marks the last fair which will be held in old city hall, for after April 26 the contractors will begin their work on the remodeling of the hall which will do away with the second story for entertainment purposes and will fit it up for offices for city departments.

Tonight the Sons of Veterans will present a minstrel show and Tuesday

afternoon a sunlight party will be given. Tuesday evening post 89 will give a patriotic entertainment. The annual ball show will be held on Wednesday afternoon under the auspices of John H. Chipman, Jr., Relief Corps 30, and in the evening Relief Corps night will be observed.

The Ladies' Auxiliary to the Sons of Veterans will have charge of the program on Thursday evening and on Friday the fair will be brought to a close with a grand ball which will be under the direction of the members of the Sons of Veterans.

Commander John E. Foster of post 89 is the chairman of the general committee in charge of the affair, with Albert S. Hall of John Low camp, Sons of Veterans, as secretary and Fred A. Wallace of post 89 as the treasurer.

REAL ESTATE NEWS

Another large lot of Brookline land has changed hands through the office of John D. Hardy, trustee, High street. The location is in Hyslop street in the Fisher hill district, and the area is 10,000 square feet. The purchaser is William G. Cook, who will build a fine residence for his own use.

An important sale in the Back Bay is that just made of the four-story and basement well front brick building at 352 Beacon street, between Gloucester and Hereford streets. Hasket Derby conveys to Francis B. Austin et al., trustees. The property is rated by the assessors on a total valuation of \$76,000, of which \$42,500 is on 5000 square feet of land. The transaction was effected through the office of Hayes & Welch.

Through the office of Frederick L. McGowan the estate at 26-28 Oxford street, near Essex street, South End, has been sold for John P. Leahy, trustee of the Grace real estate trust, to Annie Bradbury. The property is assessed for \$18,000, of which \$14,000 is on the 2083 square feet of land. The purchaser was represented by S. A. Drew.

ROXBURY—JAMAICA PLAIN. Cruff & Byrne report the sale of the store and tenement property numbered 369-371 Warren street and 3 Lansing street, Roxbury. The estate consists of stores and suites on Warren street and a three-family tenement house on Lansing street. There are 2240 square feet of land, taxed with building, for \$8800. The Roxbury Trust conveys to Ida Cohen, who buys for investment.

Ralph B. Williams and Moses Williams, trustees, have sold to Winthrop C. Durfee six lots of land on Dunster road, Jamaica Plain, containing 23,400 square feet. Dunster road is a new street constructed through the old Moses Williams estate on Center street. The purchaser buys for improvement. Joseph Balch represented the grantor and Robert T. Fowler the purchaser.

BIG CALL FOR SHORE PROPERTIES. George A. Hill, Tremont building, reports that seashore properties of the north and south shores of Massachusetts pointed out as available for imitation in Boston.

He thinks Boston should immediately establish a public service commission, such as is maintained by the state of New York for the regulation of public service corporations. He believes Boston could to advantage establish tolls on the city's bridges, and raise the ferry rates from one to five cents per person, in emulation of New York methods. This would make more money available for other purposes. He says that while the park system of Boston is more extensive than that of New York, he thinks it should "be made more a playground for the people and less a paradise for automobiles." He is also anxious to see the establishment of a zoological garden in Boston.

FARMS HAVE NEW OWNERS.

P. F. Leland has sold for C. F. Bardwell his estate situated on the road leading to Holliston. There are more than 60 acres of land with a large, old-fashioned country house, sitting well in from the street upon high ground, and commanding a beautiful view of the surrounding country. Mr. Leland has also sold for C. M. Richardson an adjoining property consisting of about 18 acres, an orchard of nearly 800 trees and a pleasant set of farm buildings. Both properties are purchased by Frederick H. Wick of Youngstown, O. This is one of the largest transactions in farm property which has taken place in Ashland for years. Mr. Leland reports an exceptionally large call for high grade farms and country estates, and he has contracts at the present time for the transfer of a number of such places, which will be completed during the next few weeks.

W. R. Langmaid, Jr., of Boston, has taken title to two farms in Acton, Me., with over 300 acres of land, owned by Everett F. Fox and C. H. Ayer. Much of the land is in growing wood and timber. There are two sets of farm buildings, sitting upon high ground commanding a view which extends into the state of New Hampshire. P. F. Leland was the broker.

MacCorty & Burns have sold for Daniel B. Glidden of Idaho his 125-acre stock farm in Lee, N. H., to H. E. Carpenter, on private terms. The land borders on the Lamphrey river. There is a 2½-story 10-room frame house and large stock barns, henneries, etc. Mr. Carpenter is in possession.

BUILDING NOTICES.

Notices of intention to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given: Calender st., cor. Lyons st.; city of Boston, Moller & Smith; brick engine house. Mayfield st., 34; J. R. Patterson, William Riley; wood dwelling. Washington st., 2842; Anna M. Bell; wood garage. Hubbard st., 70; A. D. Adair, H. E. Ver. P.H.; wood dwelling. Robbin st., 61; N. W. Howard; wood garage. Sherwood st., 90; William Warren; wood garage. Weld st., cor. Maple; B. J. Connolly; wood office. Hunnewell ave., 38; N. C. Bruce, C. H. Bixby; wood dwelling. Bennington st., Karl Popitz; t. d. church. Essex st., cor. Lyndebo; J. Kane, M. M. Kalam; alter dwelling. Summer st., 170-172; Wood, Pollard & Co., Goldridge & Carlson; alter store. Commonwealth ave., 280; Samuel Altman; alter tenements. Elmo st., 35; S. Miller; alter dwelling. Stratford st., 28; Arthur McArthur; alter dwelling. Ashmont st., 11; Mrs. Jane Richardson; alter dwelling.

Classified Advertisements

RATES—One insertion, 12 cents a line, three or more insertions, 10 cents a line. Telephone your advertisement to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising. Advertisers may have answers sent care of New York Office, Suites 2092-2093, Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Ave., or Chicago Office, 510 Orchestra Bldg., 168 Michigan ave.

REAL ESTATE

ABERDEEN

FOR SALE—No. 60 Wallingford road, 8000 feet, 11-room house in perfect order; fresh paint and paper; will take \$1000 down; balance at 5%. A. D. COLLINS, 34 School st.

FOR SALE—20-acre place in Falmouth; cottage and barn, 1½ miles from water; \$5000; will take Boston house in exchange. A. D. COLLINS, 34 School st.

MELROSE

Very desirable property. Best location and neighborhood. House, stable garage, pure Colonial type; 10,000 sq. ft. land. Built and occupied by present owner only. Price attractive owing to circumstances. Address Owner, P. O. box 1267, Boston.

FOR SALE—100-acre ranch, one-half mile from Buhl, Idaho; irrigated, all cleared and ready for cultivation; will sell at much less than appraised value; cash or easy payments; positive bargain for some one. Address J. C. MINTY, Burlington, Iowa.

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR Lot 13, block 11, Reel & Hubbell's Addition, Lot 10, block 11, Reel & Hubbell's Addition, San Diego, Calif. Address MRS. S. A. PLACE, 86 Albion st., So. Medford, Mass.

Farms Throughout New England \$300 Circular free—a postcard brings it. Dept. 76, P. F. LELAND, 113 Devonshire st.

FOR SALE—Single 10-room house, well built, on best street in Elm Hill section of Roxbury; lot is 60x125; house in best condition. Address M. 502, Monitor Office.

OFFICES TO LET

DESK ROOM TO LET In office 1012 Paddock bldg., at 101 Tremont st.

ROOMS

BUSINESS MEN permanently, or tourists accommodated. 195 St. Botolph st., near Symphony hall. Tel. 3272-3 B. B.

44 COMMONWEALTH AVE., THE RAN-DOLPH—Rooms with board; bath every floor. Tel. E. R. SPENCER.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOM with modern improvements. Apply 69 Gainsboro st., suite 3.

WINTHROP BEACH—Furnished rooms let. MRS. J. F. THOMPSON, Wintthrop, Mass.

ROOMS—NEW YORK

THE CONNAUT, 97th st., beautiful summer home overlooking park; dining room top floor; elevator service; roof.

TOURISTS ACCOMMODATED. MISS J. E. KANKIN, 27 West 93d st., New York.

31ST ST., 30 EAST, NEW YORK, near Madison and 3rd Ave. Single or en suite; home cooking. MRS. D. E. TUTHILL.

MACHINERY

SAVES AND MACHINERY Moved promptly by YOULEDEN, SMITH & HOPKINS, 571 Atlantic ave.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Column brings returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.

PROMINENT CITIZENS WILL GIVE BIG BANQUET TO A. SHUMAN

A number of prominent and representative business men of Boston will give a dinner to A. Shuman in recognition of his usefulness as a citizen on Monday evening, May 2, at the Algonquin Club.

Those whose names appear on the invitations, replies to which are to be sent to Maj. Henry L. Higginson, are: John L. Bates, E. D. Codman, F. A. Day, James R. Dunbar, Samuel J. Elder, David A. Ellis, E. A. Filene, L. A. Frothingham, Curtis Guild, Jr., N. P. Hollowell, Jerome Jones, Eben D. Jordan, Gardiner M. Lane, T. L. Livermore, A. Lawrence Lowell, Henry Parkman, Francis Peabody, Wallace L. Pierce, B. J. Rothwell, John Shepard, James J. Storrow, Charles H. Taylor, Lucius Tuttle, Frank G. Webster and Henry L. Higginson.

Abraham Shuman is known throughout New England for his unflinching interest in philanthropic movements and for the ability he has shown in his connection during many years with organizations of a public nature. It was in recognition of these qualities that Tufts College in 1906 bestowed upon him the honorary degree of M. A. in the following terms: "Abraham Shuman, successful merchant and man of high public spirit." Mr. Shuman lives in town at 90 Commonwealth avenue and his summer home is "Helmere" in Beverly.

Aside from A. Shuman & Co., of which he is the founder and senior member, Mr. Shuman has many business connections. He was vice-president of the Merchants Association, which is now merged in the Boston Chamber of Commerce, and he became a member of the board of directors in this body. One of his chief interests is the Boston City Hospital. He has been president of the board of trustees for 25 years. His interest in the fine arts is shown by his presence on the board of trustees of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts since its organization. For the past four years Mr. Shuman has been chairman of the committee on annual subscriptions, and has been successful in raising the subscriptions toward the goal of a maintenance fund of \$1,250,000. He is the donor of a marble bust of Wendell Phillips to the Boston public library, and one to Faneuil hall, and of a bust of President Elmer H. Cape to Tufts College.

The Commonwealth Trust Company is another institution of interest. A new building was opened on Summer street last year, and Mr. Shuman was a member of the building committee. Other trust companies with which he is connected are the Puritan and the United States, with the latter of which he has been associated since its organization. He has been for three years a member of the visiting committee to the Graduate School of Business Administration of Harvard University. At present Mr. Shuman is in Atlantic City.

MORTGAGES FOR SALE

ALBANY

\$50,000

FARM MORTGAGE

6% Gold Bonds AT PAR

WE GUARANTEE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL

THE FARMERS MORTGAGE AND LOAN CO.

R. A. MORRISON, President.

DENVER, COLORADO.

APARTMENTS TO LET

ALLSTON

APARTMENTS

HARVARD AVE.—IDLEWILD ST.

30 suites of 5, 6 and 7 rooms just completed. All improvements. Living rooms paper left for tenants to select.

W. J. McDONALD CO.

Harvard Ave., near Commonwealth Ave.

Tel. Brighton 670.

BOSTON OFFICE:

95 MILK ST.

ARLINGTON—New apartment, 7 rooms, all improvements, near steam and electric; \$27 per mo.; seen any day. Particulars at 19th, 10 Albemarle, off Walnut st., Arlington.

FURNISHED SUITE, 6 rooms, single or together; con. h. w. piano. E. W. G., 81 Gainsboro st., Tel. B. B. 3319-1. Business women preferred.

CAMBRIDGE, 65 LANGDON ST. To let, 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; steam heat, hot water, gas and electricity.

FOR RENT MAY 1—Suite 4, 98 Gainsboro st.; 3 rooms and bath; all conveniences. Apply at above address.

APARTMENTS TO LET—NEW YORK.

TO SUBLET. Furnished for housekeeping, 6 large, light, airy rooms and bath, in first-class drop roof apartment hotel; 14th floor, overlooking Hudson, near Riverside park; enjoying river and harbor breezes; convenient to express subway station; 5 minutes' walk to Central park; would make splendid place for southern or western parties wishing to spend few months in Manhattan the best summer resort in the world. Rent May 1 to Oct. 1, including maid service and linen, \$300 a month. Address Comfort, suite 205, Metropolitan Life building, New York city.

TO RENT, 31 EAST 30TH ST. Two furnished apartments, two rooms and bath, near Holland; \$50 each. Apply Lizzie, 31 East 30th st.

APARTMENTS TO LET—CHICAGO.

COMPLETELY FURNISHED modern 4-room flat, first floor; convenient "L" and surface lines; \$40. Roseblatt, 409 Vincennes ave., Chicago.

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NEWSBOYS ENJOY FINE HOSPITALITY

Mr. and Mrs. A. Lincoln Filene entertained 40 captains of the School Newsboys Association at their estate in Weston on Sunday. The party left Boston in the morning in a large sight-seeing automobile provided through the kindness of James J. Phelan. Upon arriving at Weston the party was met by Mr. and Mrs. Filene and some friends. After luncheon two baseball games were played. A series of athletic games followed. D. Hahn and J. Talkofsky won the three-legged race, Ductette and Hahn the prizes for the sack race, H. Abramovitz the half-mile run, and the 75-yard dash also, with Goldman second. The games were under the direction of John D. O'Reilly, the English high school coach; J. S. London of South Boston and Philip Davis of the civic service house.

CHILD LABOR TOPIC TO BE DISCUSSED

A meeting under the auspices of the child labor committee of the Fathers and Mothers Club will be held at the Twentieth Century Club, Tuesday evening, April 26. The topic to be discussed will be "Solving the Child Labor Problem." Everett W. Lord, secretary for New England of the national child labor committee, will preside. Following are the speakers: The Hon. Grafton D. Cushing, chairman of the state child labor committee; Richard K. Conant, secretary for the state child labor committee; the Hon. William C. F. Spear of the Boston Y. M. C. A.

SENATOR ALDRICH NEWS CONFIRMED

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—General Brayton, the Republican leader of Rhode Island, announced today that "Under no circumstances will United States Senator Nelson Wilmarth Aldrich be a candidate to succeed himself upon the time for his retirement in March, 1911. The decision of Senator Aldrich is due to a desire to obtain a complete rest from political activity."

TALK ON TELEPHONE RATES.

Joseph J. Leonard of the Mt. Hope Improvement Association will make an address at the next meeting of the Charlestown Improvement Association. He will discuss the new schedule of telephone rates, which in his opinion are higher than the present schedule.

VETERAN PASTOR PASSES AWAY.

BRAINTREE, Mass.—The Rev. William B. Heath, a retired Methodist clergyman, for 13 years pastor of the West Bridgewater Methodist Episcopal church, passed away at his home on Hobart street today. Mr. Heath's service in the ministry covered 55 years.



A. SHUMAN. Boston business man whose many activities in philanthropy and finance have won recognition.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC NEW PIERS READY

NEW YORK—The Southern Pacific company next Wednesday will remove to its new piers Nos. 48 and 49, foot of West Eleventh street. The increased traffic, both freight and passenger, necessitated larger quarters and the increased facilities at the new piers will enable the company to give its patrons better service on traffic to New Orleans and Galveston and to points in Louisiana, Texas, Mexico, Arizona, California, Oregon and Washington. Coincident with this removal the departure of the S. S. Antilles on April 20 for New Orleans will inaugurate semi-weekly service Wednesdays and Saturdays from both New York and New Orleans.

TIE CARTING BIDS MAY BRING SPLIT

In the war department carting bids opened by Capt. Robert H. Rolfe, depot quartermaster, two firms, T. Libby & Co., and Youlden, Smith & Hopkins, have given figures that will probably cause the contract to be divided. Captain Rolfe today sent bids to Quartermaster-General James Aleahire for settlement.

FOREIGN STEAMSHIPS

CUNARD LINE

From Boston to New York

Ivernia May 10

Lusitania May 20

June 7

Campania April 27

Saxonia May 24

June 21

May 4

THE HOME FORUM

DENY YOURSELF

UNSELFISHNESS has been considered always one of the Christian virtues. By many it has been regarded as the greatest of them. Sacrifice or the immolation of self has been the ideal of the conscientious Christian, the sacrifice, for the sake of others, of pleasure, time, opportunity. However, to the observant thinker the futility of an unintelligent effort in this direction is apparent. He sees that the unselfish mother and father often have induced selfishness in children, children whose self interest, fostered constantly by the solicitous conduct of those about them, has been a great surprise and grief to the parents. Then often the spectacle has been reversed and we have observed self-seeking parents with unselfish and thoughtful children, the unselfishness and thoughtfulness of the children constantly increased by the demands made on them. One cannot avoid seeing that there is something irrational, illogical and unjust about these actions and reactions. We find the same peculiar condition of counter-action manifested wherever there is any question of human relationship; and this state of affairs bears witness to a lack of Principle. It is this apparent want of the operation of Principle which makes humanitarian effort so often fruitless and depressing. There seems to be no foundation upon which to base endeavor, no scientific basis on which to found the brotherhood of man.

Christian Science is bringing light to the world on this question. The Christian Scientist considers Jesus not only the greatest humanitarian, but also the most scientific man who ever lived. His work for the benefit of humanity had an immediate effectiveness that was unparalleled. Christians, with devotion to his memory, have endeavored to follow his command, "Let him deny himself, take up his cross, and follow me." He was said to have spoken with authority, and when we begin to see the broader meaning and deeper significance of the words "deny yourself," we understand that his authority had a good foundation in his exact and scientific knowledge.

All admit that in the human mind there seem to be two elements warring with each other, the positive impulses of good and the suggestions of evil. The attention of the human being is attracted first to one and then to the other as each claims necessity and power.

Christian Science with pure logic points out to us that the admission of the power of one of these forces necessarily denies the power of the other, and that one cannot logically admit both at the same time. The result of giving hearing and consideration to both is a house divided against itself, and we witness an individual torn between what he may designate as "himself" and his "better self"—a duality of self, and, logically, a duality of power which is very confusing.

Now suppose we were to begin, and admitting the permanence and reality of good as our postulate, deny argument, power, existence, presence or reality to the voice which seems to argue for evil, thereby opening the door to the influx of good and good only. This would be in effect to deny a false, evil sense of self, to deny a self apart from God, good, and to acknowledge only the one presence and power. Thus would we arrive at a mode of thinking in accordance with Principle and built on a true and permanent foundation.

"The Mind which was in Christ Jesus" is shown in Christian Science to be the Mind which is God, good. Jesus by his understanding of good continually divided the true from the false, recognized only the real self or emanation of good, and freed man from the arguments and penalties which are the evidence of a false sense of God and man. This was a scientific and intelligent denial of self.

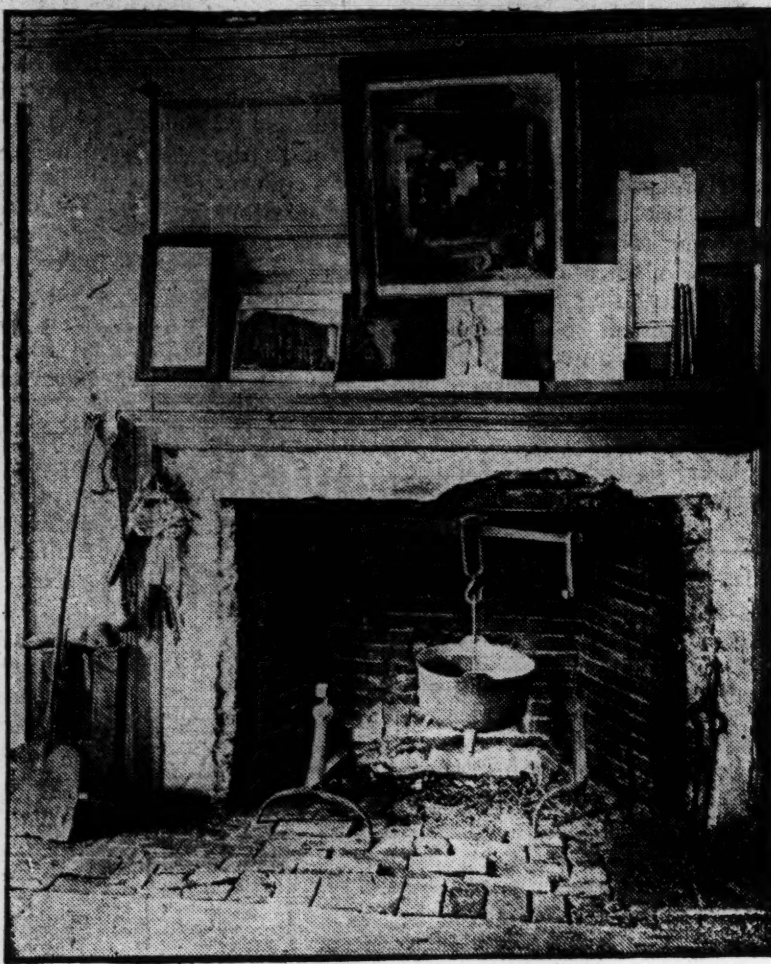
It showed its effect in the spontaneous recovery of the sick and the sinner. Christian Science shows us that the reflection of the Mind which is God, good, is accompanied with power. To the degree that one denies existence to the false mortal and material and evil sense of self, does he identify himself with the potency and presence of good. Mrs. Eddy says in Science and Health, p. 192, "Whatever holds human thought in line with unselfed love, receives directly the divine power."

That this is a scientific, logical and intelligent mode of procedure Christian Science is proving by its works. The admission of the one Mind and its reflection, man and the universe, as the only presence, the understanding that the one Mind which is God is good and good only (and therefore that all which proceeds from that Mind must be good in its nature), bestows a power and result that nothing else can. The individual who enlists his effort in this endeavor finds himself allied with the powers that be, or rather the power that is. All the problems arising for solution appear less complex and with an ever-increasing probability of adjustment that is convincing. He sees that the salvation of the world from evil, from sin, suffering, sickness and death, from all ills arising from untoward human conditions, is a fundamental problem which is the business of Christianity. He realizes that a scientific and orderly Christianity alone is effective, that the problem is a religious one and, to his surprise, a mental and a scientific one. He sees that his work toward bringing about the brotherhood of man need no longer be tentative or experimental, but that his progress may be augmented and ordered by an understanding of fundamental facts and forces which will prove immediately effective.

Christian Science offers us this scientific method, explains why Christianity has not accomplished hitherto all that Jesus promised, and opens up to us a mode of thinking and procedure which even now is bringing to many people heaven on earth. It gives to the Christian a broader sphere of usefulness than he ever has known, introduces him to a mode of practical unselfishness, frees him from the doubts which must assail a mere belief in a creed, and satisfies heart and mind which are craving ever the better way.

I have never studied the art of paying compliments to women, but I must say that if all that has been said by orators and poets since the creation of the world in praise of women were applied to the women of America, it would not do them justice for their conduct during the war. —A. Lincoln.

At Lexington and Concord



(Copyrighted, 1907, by Boston Photo News Co.)
FIREPLACE IN WRIGHT TAVERN, CONCORD, MASS.

By this fireside Major Pitcairn sat and boasted how he would punish the Yankees.

THE Concord and Lexington fight, as it is called, opened the war of the revolution. Lord Percy had been sent out of Boston by General Gage with a body of regulars, to destroy the powder and provisions that the colonists had stored at Concord. They were to go by way of Lexington and arrest Samuel Adams and John Hancock, who were staying with a friend in that village. The British troops left Boston just before midnight on April 18, 1775. Paul Revere was the messenger and when the lights flashed in the old North church tower he set off to ride. When he reached the house in Lexington where the two leaders were asleep a guard bade him make less noise. "Noise," said Revere, "There will soon be noise enough! The regulars are coming." Just before daybreak the British soldiers under Pitcairn marched on to the village green at Lexington where a number of "minute men" had gathered. Pitcairn ordered these colonists to disperse, but no one moved. Then he cried "Fire," and the British guns blazed. Advancing to Concord the soldiers destroyed what stores they could find and at Concord bridge they were met by the patriots. Here both fired, and this was the first battle of the revolution, begun with the

"shot heard round the world," the first shot in self assertion by the "embattled farmers."

The regulars drew back, leaving the Americans in possession of the bridge, and began their march toward Boston. But the whole country was now aroused. The farmers fired at the retreating troops from every stone wall and bush and tree. The march became a retreat, the retreat something like a run. Lord Percy met the soldiers at Lexington, where they dropped panting on the ground. From Lexington all the way to Charlestown the minute men chased the regulars. Lord Percy had marched gaily out of Boston to the tune of Yankee Doodle, played in mockery of the Americans, but this tune was not heard on his return. The next morning the British army found itself shut up inside the city. The Americans had surrounded it on the land side and the siege of Boston was begun. (See Montgomery's History.)

I must ever believe that the religion is substantially good which produces an honest life; and we have been authorized by one whom you and I equally respect, to judge of the tree by its fruits. Our particular principles of religion are a subject of accountability to one God, alone; I inquire after no man's, and trouble none with mine.—Thomas Jefferson (1814).

A STORY OF THE IRON DUKE

Discovered among the papers of Field-Marshal Sir W. Gomm.

THE duke when last in the Netherlands and traveling without attendants in a part of the country where his multitudinous titles were not well understood, was overtaken on the road by a veteran officer whose route lay in the same direction. The duke having occasion to stop, and as the officer would reach a certain town several hours before him, requested that the veteran would take the trouble of ordering dinner for him at the principal inn. The old officer made his comings and proceeded on his mission. "I am desired to order dinner here," said he to the landlord; "but stay, I had better state who for." Then calling for pen and ink he presented the astonished and delighted host

with the list of his forthcoming illustrious guests. That list was as follows: The Prince of Waterloo, the Duke of Wellington, the Duke of Ciudad Rodrigo and the Duke of Vittoria; the Marquis of Douro and a marshal of France, master-general of the ordnance, colonel of the royal regiment of horse guards blue, colonel of the rifle brigade, the lord-lieutenant of Hampshire and governor of Plymouth; field marshal of Austria, of Russia, of Prussia, of France, of England and of the Netherlands; a grandee of the highest class, a captain-general of Spain, knight of the Orders of the Garter in England, St. Andrew in Russia and the Black Eagle in Russia, Charles the III. in St. Ferdinand and Merit and the Golden Fleece in Spain; Maximilian and

Joseph in Bavaria, St. Marie Teresa in Austria, the Sword in Spain, St. Esprit in France, St. George in Russia, the Tower and Sword in Portugal, and (to bring up the rear) a doctor of civil laws. "Mon Dieu!" exclaimed the host in ecstasy, "what a noble company." He then began to tell them over: "One prince, three dukes, one marquis, a marshal-general of France, an English governor and English lord-lieutenant, master-general of ordnance and two English colonels, six field marshals, one grandee of the highest class, a captain-general of Spain, twelve knights and a doctor of civil laws! Mon Dieu! Thirty-two great personages!"

All the provisions of the town, all the delicacies of the season, were put in requisition for the illustrious company in expectancy. At last the Duke of Wellington arrived, and was ushered into a spacious dining room, where a cloth was

laid with 32 covers. The person of the duke was unknown to the innkeeper, who, full of important preparations for the 32 great personages, thought not of anything else. "I ordered dinner here," said his grace. "Mon Dieu!" responded the innkeeper, "are you one of the 32 great personages?" presenting the list at the same time. His grace glanced his eye over it. "They are all here," said he, "so send up the dinner immediately." The innkeeper stood aghast with amazement. At last, finding utterance, he ventured to express a hope that his grace would be pleased to take into consideration that he (the innkeeper) had at great trouble and cost provided a most sumptuous entertainment for 32 great personages. "Never mind the 32 great personages!" exclaimed the duke. "Send up the dinner and your bill. Thus I must pay the penalty," said he, "for not having invited the old veteran to be of the party."—Westminster Gazette.

To "Arden"

Through paths with changing lights and shades I walk,
Until I pass the portals of the wood,
Where dusky pines for centuries have stood,
And birchen sisters, softly whispering, talk.
To listening leaf no tale or plaint of balm
Is told by wooing wind, only the good,
And things divinely true and pure here could
In this still holiness, with God dare walk.
My wand'ring step grows reverent,
Hushed, and slow,—
The cares that press are lost in this sweet calm.
With murmuring sound of swaying boughs on high,
As soft-flecked shadows o'er me come and go,
There fills me, mind and heart, a soothing balm.—
In God's deep peace we stand, all life and I.
—Elizabeth Gilbert.

Only Two of a Kind

In a Scottish schoolroom a class was being examined in Scripture knowledge by an inspector.
"Can any boy or girl tell me how Noah would be likely to use his time while on the ark?" asked the inspector.
There was silence for some time, but at length one boy timidly showed his hand, and on being asked what he thought, he replied:
"Please, sir, he wad fish."
"Well, yes, he might," admitted the inspector.
Presently another little fellow was seen to wave his hand excitedly, and on being asked to speak, said:
"Please, he couldna fish very lang."
"What makes you think so, my little man?" asked the inspector.
"Because there was only twa worms in the ark," was the reply.
Fortune will call at the smiling gate.—
Japanese proverb.

ALL THAT HE NEEDED

LAST summer it was my privilege to spend an afternoon at a dear little home in one of the suburbs of Boston. The house was dainty in all its furnishings and altogether charming in its setting of apple trees, shrubs, flower beds and kitchen garden. Until a year previous to the time of our visit, the family had consisted only of a man and his wife.

Soon after we took our seats under the apple trees, a boy about 12 years old, with handsome face and shining eyes, came bounding up from the strawberry patch holding in each hand a basket of large luscious berries which he left with us after a few pleasant words, and bounded away again. It was no wonder that our hostess caught the look of inquiry on our faces, and before we could ask the question, "Who is he?" she said, as her eyes followed him lovingly, "I will tell you about

him, and he is as helpful and obedient as he is handsome, although I could not have said that a year ago." Then she told us how they had taken him into their home a year before against the protest of every one who knew the boy's record. He was considered in the town a hopeless case, dishonest, defiant, his hand against every man, and every man against him. He was always getting into trouble himself and making trouble for everybody else. The rough people with whom he lived were in the habit of beating him like a dog, and he hardly knew the meaning of kindness for he had never experienced it. But the brave woman who told the story saw something in the boy which nobody else had ever seen or even dreamed of, and she simply said, "All this boy needs is love."

With her husband's consent she took him into their home. He was disorderly, deceitful, and noisy. He had never even

seen a bath tub, and all his tastes were sadly perverted. But the woman was never discouraged, and held to her conviction that all he needed was love. She did not argue, "Oh, this disorderly dirty boy will spoil my pretty home and make a lot of extra work for me." She did not think how much more cooking she would have to do to feed such a hungry growing boy; she was not afraid that he would steal her money or set fire to the house, but she simply applied her understanding of divine Love to the case, always knowing that Love never faileth.

When he came into the home she told him that he would never be whipped while he was there, but that if he did wrong he must expect to be punished, which was usually in the way of being deprived of his share of good. Of course there were struggles, for the habits and tendencies of the rebellious self-willed years were not overcome without patient, persistent effort. There was self-sacrifice and love on the part of those who were willing to have their personal comfort invaded for the sake of saving one boy who was generally considered past saving. And because Love never faileth it prevailed in this case, and we had seen the results of just one year's work in the bright-eyed, manly boy whose whole appearance was so attractive.

So the one time vagrant, homeless and loveless, found a beautiful home, father and mother, opportunities for education, and the prospect of a useful manhood, and these friends have found a son who has brought joy into their hearts and brightness into their home all because one woman, inspired by the Christ love, knew that all the little waif needed was love.

E. F. E.

Concentrate to Win

Concentration is doing one thing at a time, and only one, and doing that one thing well. It is doing it with all the force and vitality that you can muster without expense of crippled energy.

Whether a business scheme or a social venture be the target at which you aim, the arrow of your effort must be sent directly to the point with a strong bow, a true eye and an unwavering arm. Everything, in other words, must be brought to bear on the bull's-eye. To deviate is to miss the mark.—Philadelphia North American.

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With Key to the Scriptures

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CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Boats Rowed Fifty Miles a Day

A London paper has this to say about the geography of Herodotus, the famous Greek called the father of history:

The Caspian sea is, as Herodotus said 2000 years ago, "a sea by itself, having no connection with any other." Every schoolboy knows that now, but it is remarkable to find Herodotus saying so, because centuries after his time such authorities as Strabo and Pliny believed it was connected with the Northern ocean by a long and narrow gulf. Geography seems to have had a set-back in the interval through false information received at the time of Alexander's conquest. Herodotus says that the Caspian's length was 15 days' voyage with a rowboat, its breadth eight days'. Since the actual figures are 750 miles and 400, this shows that a rowboat of the time did 50 miles a day.

Cinnamon Cream Fudge

One cupful of thick sweet cream, three cupfuls of granulated sugar, one fourth teaspoonful of salt, two squares of Baker's chocolate grated, one half teaspoonful of cinnamon extract. Put the sugar and salt dissolved in the cream over the fire in an agate pan and boil to near the "soft ball in cold water" degree. Add the chocolate. After removing from the fire, add the extract. Let stand to cool two or three minutes and beat briskly. Pour out into a buttered pan and let it get thoroughly cold. Then cut in squares. If nuts are desired, add one cupful, chopped, to the above quantity, while beating.

Love the spot where you are, and the friends God has given you, and be sure to expect everything good of them.—John Albee.

PICTURE PUZZLE



What ancient musical instrument?

ANSWER TO SATURDAY'S PICTURE PUZZLE.

Eagle.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Monday, April 18, 1910.

Tomorrow, Tuesday, April 19, will be officially observed in Boston as Patriots' day, and no newspaper will be issued from this office on that day.

The Outlook

IT HAD long been suspected, but not until recently has it become known with any degree of certainty, that the "interests," so long terrorized by the very idea of federal interference with and control over their affairs, have come to regard this control as highly desirable. Their reason for seeking federal attention, however, is quite different from that which prompted their presumed foes to urge it. The latter assumed that federal interference in the affairs of the "interests" would curb them. The "interests" themselves, after a careful inquiry into the matter, have come to the conclusion that federal interference and control would mean federal protection. Hence we find George W. Perkins, of J. P. Morgan & Co., saying at Harvard University: "Giant corporations would not be a menace but a great public benefit if managed under laws that would compel proper publicity and punish officers for improper methods." In answer to his own question: "How can this be done?" he replies promptly that it is attainable, so far as he can see, only through national control, accompanied by publicity. "State control," he insists, "is impossible, because steam and electricity have largely wiped out state lines in commercial undertakings."

It is but fair to Mr. Perkins to say that he assumes a condition that would practically transform the great private commercial and industrial concerns of the country into semi-public institutions. The public, he takes it, will become more and more financially interested in the trusts. Therefore, the government should take a deeper and deeper interest in seeing that these concerns are properly conducted. He believes, with many, so he declares, that cooperation must largely take the place of competition, and that "cooperation in its healthiest, most useful form can be much more effectively practised by great corporations than by small companies or firms."

There is a leading here toward a state of society in which the interests of all would eventually be common.

THE Rush-Bagot treaty of 1817 between the United States and Canada is not a dead letter. It stopped the building of a gunboat authorized on the Great lakes in our naval bill of 1898.

IT IS not at all likely that the insurgents in Congress will take kindly to the attempt made by Mr. Foss of Massachusetts to find for them a more congenial place politically. Whether the newest of the congressmen realizes it or not, his admonition and invitation, addressed to the progressives and radicals of the Republican party, "Don't be 'near Democrats'; be real ones. Come over with me, where you belong and where you can do real service," fit in very nicely with the purposes of Speaker Cannon and the Cannonites. On three different occasions, the speaker has challenged the insurgents to unite with the Democratic minority in declaring the speakership vacant, and as many times the insurgents have insisted on having it understood that when it comes to an issue of this character they are Republicans to the core.

Whatever the differences between the insurgents and the regulars, the insurgents are insistent on the claim that they are loyal to the best interests of their party, and that the regulars have no right to read them out of it. They are rightly sensitive and particular on this point. Let it be once admitted that they are not Republicans and their influence wanes not only in national politics but in public opinion.

Mr. Cannon well understands this. He missed a great opportunity when he refrained from handing in his resignation on the announcement of the vote removing him from the committee on rules. Had he stepped down from the speaker's desk then he would have placed the insurgents in a very embarrassing position. The tables would have practically been turned. He missed the opportunity, however, and immediately saw his mistake. Since then he has been striving to bring about a situation which would open up for him another and a similar opportunity, but the insurgents are alert and cautious, and do not propose to accommodate him.

THE gubernatorial campaign in Indiana is already taking definite shape and the preliminary skirmishes preceding the battle of the ballots are growing in interest. The question of the hour along the banks of the Wabash is: "Hoosier choice for Governor?"

Peter of Serbia

THE visit of King Peter to Russia and his reception by the Czar, followed as it has been by his visit to Constantinople, will undoubtedly do something toward shoring up the most rickety of the Balkan thrones, even if it does not accomplish much for the cause of peace in the near east. There is a sense in which the King may be said to have been fortunate as well as unfortunate in his eldest son. If that enfant terrible of Serbia had possessed any of the qualities of a ruler, there can be little doubt he would be on the throne today instead of having been removed from the line of succession. As it is he was "impossible," and so King Peter weathered the storm which raged two years ago with his scepter still upon his shoulder.

That these visits of the King of Serbia may be regarded in conjunction with those of the King of Bulgaria as some guarantee of peace, there cannot be any reasonable doubt. They prove that, for the time being at any rate, there is a desire amid the turbulent Balkan races to refrain from disturbances. Whether anything short of an actual Balkan league could offer a permanent hope of peace, it is difficult to say and a Balkan league is held, in the European chancelleries, not to be within the region of practical politics. It is, however, not by any means certain that the possibility of such a league is an entirely extravagant assumption. It is quite true that

Bulgaria, having absorbed Eastern Roumelia, has her eyes fixed covetously on Macedonia. She realizes, however, that the crossing of the Macedonian frontier would be the signal for the Albanian army corps to enter Bulgaria, and that, while it is by no means certain that even if she was victorious she would be left in unmo- lested possession of Macedonia, it is perfectly certain that she herself would experience a campaign waged by the most remorseless marauders in the armies of Europe. On the other hand, the pressure of Austria on the Servian frontier, combined with the fact that the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina has cut King Peter's country off from any outlet to the sea in the direction of the territory occupied by people of the same race, has convinced the government at Belgrade that the future chance of the development of the country will lie by means of reaching the sea through the Turkish territory, and for such development to take place with security, a strong Balkan government becomes a necessity. Such facts, whether palatable or not to the two kingdoms concerned, are likely to have a distinctly steadying effect. The appearance of a man with sufficient force of character to inspire the respect and confidence of the Balkan people would probably be the signal for the creation of the league, which is at present considered in most quarters a utopian idea.

IF ANYTHING unusual comes to pass, the disposition seems to be to lay it to the comet. In this there is no lack of precedents, but the highest courts have declared the visitor innocent.

Boston Learns From New York

BOSTON real estate men are eager to learn, and they are willing to accept New York as a tutor. They rejoice in the wonderful progress of our sister city, for the greater its advance in most ways the more shall we profit. Therefore the members of the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange gladly accepted the hospitality of the Real Estate Board of Brokers of New York. A feature of the program of entertainment was a banquet at the Hotel Astor, at which, much to the regret of the visitors, Mayor Gaynor was unable to be present, owing to a previous engagement. The main topic was rapid transit, wherein New York has so greatly outstripped us, though Boston has given it some fine points. President Mitchell of the New York board of aldermen at once commanded the closest attention of all when he declared himself in favor of municipal subways, constructed with municipal moneys, operated under municipal supervision and controlled absolutely by the city. He also urged the purging from city affairs of all political graft.

Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston and President Martin of the visiting exchange told the New Yorkers about some of Boston's ambitious plans, and the former stated that within 50 miles of Boston are living 3,000,000 of the most happy and contented people in the world. The mayor gave it as his opinion that real estate in both Boston and New York is the best investment to be found anywhere, and said the two cities may well work together for the common advancement.

The courtesies extended by New York cannot but be helpful to the business men of both cities. During the visit the Massachusetts visitors inspected the immense transportation undertakings in, under and around New York, the fine modern business and residential buildings and viewed the stupendous development taking place in the surrounding territory. The effect of their observations is likely to be manifested in renewed activity at home and in larger enterprises on more advanced lines.

It is now said that the controversy over the "cartwheel headgear" in a London theater was a millinery firm's advertising scheme. Theater patrons will get satisfaction, however, out of the decision of the court judge, which upholds the manager in barring out the ladies' large hats.

WE READ that last year 8446 new books were published in Great Britain. When one notes the large incomes of Conan Doyle, Rudyard Kipling, Thomas Hardy and Mrs. Humphry Ward, from their writings, he does not wonder that hundreds are tempted to enter the literary field. But they are among the exceptions, and in some cases success has come only after many repulses and long waiting. Conan Doyle peddled his story, "A Study in Scarlet," from publisher to publisher, and finally sold it for \$70. It contained 35,000 words, and he thus got about \$2 a thousand. In his latest work he received sixty cents a word for the American serial rights alone. Some of Kipling's finest stories in former days went begging at \$50 apiece, while now he commands the highest rates. For the serial rights of "Kim" in England and this country he received \$25,000.

Literature affords some strange contrasts. Former President Roosevelt received an offer from one publishing firm of \$100,000 for a book about his visit to Europe, yet Poe was glad to get a \$5 bill for one of the best of his tales. Beatrice Harraden made no money from her great success, "Ships That Pass in the Night," which went far into the hundred thousands, because she sold the English rights for \$100 and the book was not copyrighted in this country. From "Richard Carvel" as a book, and from royalties from the play, Winston Churchill has received over \$300,000, and three of his other works have not been far behind. William Dean Howells, though holding first rank as a writer, has never had a great sale for any of his books.

Old-time authors who made large sums included Scott, the elder Dumas, Balzac. Eugene Sue, Emile Zola, Du Maupassant and Alphonse Daudet had fine literary earnings. Thackeray lived in luxury and left a handsome estate, while it is estimated that Dickens earned a million and a half of dollars in his thirty or more years of literary labor.

Of the writers of today there is a considerable number who get high returns for their product, but there are still not a few novelists whose names are familiar to the public and whose books are highly praised who cannot depend upon their books for a living. Judging from results, it may be said that if a novelist does not please women he is rarely a financial success.

THEATER ticket selling on the streets of New York will not be so common if the bill now before the Legislature regarding the practise becomes a law. It provides that the vender must wear a big badge to cost him \$500.

Financial Rewards of Authors

THE new charter sought by Buffalo, N. Y., embodies all the principal features of what is known as the "Des Moines plan," and is adjusted as nearly as possible to the special and local needs of the largest community that has so far sought to try the commission form of municipal government. This plan is now working successfully wherever it has been tried; there is no apparent reason why it should not work successfully in Buffalo.

The criticism directed against it on the ground that it is "revolutionary" in character will not, in the estimation of thoughtful people, affect the merits of the case. There is in these days a better understanding than formerly as to the meaning of "revolution." Revolutions that are being brought about peaceably and through the action of intellectual forces directed righteously are helpful rather than harmful to humanity.

The new charter proposed for Buffalo, and for which the New York Legislature is now being asked to pave the way, will simplify the Buffalo government. It will make possible reforms and economies that could be brought about only with the greatest difficulty under the old method of administration. It will open the way for a more efficient public service. It will untie the hands of good citizenship.

To say that it will actually insure good government would be far-fetched. Good government cannot be assured by law. All that the commission form of municipal government can do for Buffalo—all that a simplified and improved form of government can do for any city—is to make the way smoother for an expression of the righteous will of the community. The desire for better things must not only exist in the city to be reformed and uplifted, but it must have a militant civic sentiment that will make that desire felt at the polls.

PERHAPS it was the desire to secure a fitting and harmonious environment that prompted former President Roosevelt and Mr. Pinchot to walk far into the depths of the Italian woods while, presumably, they were discussing forestry.

German Merchantmen and Ours

OUR former ambassador to Russia, John W. Riddle, is back from an extended tour of South America. "I stopped in Buenos Aires twelve days," he says, "and in that time I saw five or six first-class steamships leaving for Europe, and not a single one for the United States." Mr. Riddle found that the South Americans were fond of travel. Swarms of them visit Europe annually. "The travel to Europe is big," says Mr. Riddle, "because people find Paris attractive, and the travelers from down there prefer to remain in Europe to taking a second voyage in order to get to the United States in a big steamship."

That is, the South Americans do not know us because it is so difficult to get near us. Sailing for New York or Boston by way of Hamburg, Havre or Liverpool is rather expensive, besides being a slow process. Big ships between our ports and South American ports cannot be made to pay until trade between the Latin-American republics and this country can be built up. Therefore, if we are to have a proper steamship service with South America we must help pay the bill. But this would mean "subsidy," and against "subsidy" there is the most strenuous and bitter and inexplicable opposition in this country.

On Thursday last the Hamburg-American line announced that the company had ten steamships in the port of New York with combined tonnage of 98,000. All the company's available docking space was filled. German steamers may be found in every port in the world. They are particularly familiar to tourists in South America. Germany subsidizes its merchant marine. Its merchant marine is everywhere in evidence. We do not subsidize our merchant marine. Our merchant marine is everywhere practically invisible. The anti-subsidy people have a thousand reasons to offer in explanation of this, but the reasons they offer do not give to the Stars and Stripes the place it ought to have in the world's commerce.

SCULPTOR ROINE has departed from the conventional idea in his marble statue of Justice in the Bronx court house, New York. The eyes of the figure are not bandaged.

SEVERAL Latin-American countries will this year celebrate the centennial of their independence. In only one, Argentina, will the observance take the form of an international fair. The United States, however, is expected to be prominently represented in all of them. Major-General Wood is already on his way as a special envoy to the Argentine Republic, and a fleet of our vessels will take part in the exercises of the opening day, May 25. Uruguay begins her celebration on the same day, Colombia on July 20, Mexico on Sept. 16, Chile on Sept. 18, and one or two other countries are to have observances.

The example of the United States in 1776 is believed to have supplied the incentive for the revolt in nearly all the Spanish provinces of South America, beginning in 1810; and the war between France and Spain, in which Bonaparte's brother, Joseph, reigned in Madrid from 1808 to 1814, provided the opportunity. Except Cuba and Porto Rico, which she lost in the American war of 1898, Spain was eventually compelled to evacuate all her possessions on the American continent. The United States recognized their independence, and for their protection and our own defense Secretary of State John Quincy Adams drew up the hands-off-the-American-continent warning that appeared in Monroe's message to Congress in 1823. Brazil, which belonged to Portugal, declared its independence in 1822, under a monarchical form of government of its own, and became a republic in 1889.

Argentina takes a leading position among the Latin-American republics. Buenos Aires, her capital, with 1,200,000 inhabitants, stands fifteenth among the world's cities. A feature of the exercises there will be the unveiling of a statue of George Washington. This southern centennial year is likely to be one of note for the United States in a commercial way, as it will bring us into closer touch with these growing republics and serve to increase our trade with them.

PROF. ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL still bases his hopes for success in aviation on the tetrahedral aeroplane. He believes it will revolutionize aeronautics.

The Proposed Buffalo Charter

The Latin-America Centennial